Oct. 26th.
that the
d. If you
oung Hat.
Soft Hats
way, near 28th St.
way, near 36th St.
ve., near 42d St.
City Hall.
AMP COLLECTIONS, includ
hum. Manhattan Stamp Com
234 Fifth Av., Cor. 27th St.
vana Cigars, better than most
orted. 70 Chambers St., upstairs.
NTS
RBOCKER B'way and 38th St.
t S. Mat. Sat. at 2.
ES FROHMAN presents
JULIA
RN MARLOWE
NIGHTS and SAT. MAT.
ing of the Shrew
MERCHANT OF VENICE
OPENS TO-DAY, 9 A. M.
THEATRE, B'way & 40th St.
Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
REW in Augustus Thomas's
DE LANCEY.
V. 6 Sent Sale
Thursday, Nov. 2.
ES FROHMAN presents
ADAMS--PETER PAN
THEATRE, B'way & 35th St.
Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
THORN FRITZ IN
TAMMANY HALL
ATRE, 45th St., E. of B'way.
:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
GEORGE ADE'S COMEDY,
JOS. WHEELOCK, JR.
THEATRE, B'way & 30th St.
Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat., 2:15.
MAY The Catch of The Season.
THEATRE, B'way & 44th St.
Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Clyde Fitch's
ELLIOTT HER GREAT MATCH.
HEATRE, 44th St., E. of B'y.
8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Bernard Shaw's
line Man & Superman.
HEATRE, B'way & 34th St.
8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
JACKETT in Alfred Sutro's
ERING Walls of Jericho.
JESTIC
es at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
ST PRICE.....$1.50
LOOK
Wonderland" a brilliant
spectacle, with many clever feat-
es. No lovelier stage setting has
n shown than the final act
Wonderland."—EVE. SUN.
true Wonderland" at the
jestic. Joy reigns again and
Columbus smiles out in the
e. The Majestic has returned
its own."—N. Y. COMMER-
MITCHELL'S production
NDERLAND
am Chip and Eva Davenport.
by Victor Herbert.
by Glen Macdonough.
S. VICTOR HERBERT'S
Concerts, 50c., 75c., $1.00.
B'way & 30th St. EVGS. 8:20.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
y of the season."—Times.
k will laugh and cry over
nor and tender pathos for
to come."—Post.
n Faversham
in Royle's Western Romance
SQUAW MAN."
WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
27th St. & Mad. Av. Evs. 8:15.
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
NTELL in RICHARD III.
ues. & Wed., RICHELIEU.
an Theatre, B'way & 33d St.
Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
RST WEEK OF
ME KALICH
Fiske's production of
A VANNA
ICE MAETERLINCK.
ATINEE SATURDAY.
OUR WEEKS AHEAD.
ALL MATINEE SATURDAY, NOV. 4
e of Assisted by
N. Y. Symphony
Orchestra.
LVE WALTER DAMROSCH
Conductor.
MPANY
CORT & KRONBERG.
ats $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 & $2.50.
xes $15 & $20.00.
NIXON PIANO USED.
Theatre. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. 2.
David Belasco presents Mrs.
E CARTER
Last Sat. Mat. DU BARRY.
Mrs. Leslie Carter as ZAZA.
way 347th Time in Mat. Today.
20th N. Y. To-night. Evg. 8:15.
40 presents, 2d year in N.Y.,
ELD in THE
MUSIC MASTER.
IN LYRIC, 42d St.,
W. of B'way, Evgs. 8:15.
Best Seats $1 at
ND Saturday's Mat.
IN PRINCESS.
B'way & 29th. Tel.
A. 2848 Mad. Evs. 8:15
Mat. Sat. only.
Jas. T. Powers, Nella Bergen,
Josephine Cohan, Fred Niblo,
Pat Rooney & Marion Bent,
Orpheus Comedy 4, & others.
7th Av. | Bargain Matinees
125th St | Daily. All Seats 25c.
Mr. Raffles, Miss M. Soga (Jiu
Jitsu), Emmett Corrigan & Co., others
THE CLOSED THIS WEEK.
H. Reynolds.....President
AY | ARNOLD DALY
E. ANNOUNCES
Mrs. Warren's Profession
Hippodrome, Next | Seats
SUN. NIGHT, Oct. 29. | Now.
Last Concert This Season.
TAGLIAPIETRA, Baritone.
GRAPEWIN—It's up to you.
ENRY. N't w'k—Digby Bell
Education of MR. PIPP.
OTHAM EAST
125th St.
AY MORNING GLORIES.
THEATRE. Every Evg. &
ABARBANELL in Strauss'
ess, "FRUEHLINGSLUFT."

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day and to-morrow; warmer; south winds.

VOL. LV....NO. 17,443. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1905.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WILL TRY TO PUT JEROME ON TICKET

Republicans Will Reconvene and Appeal to the Courts.

IVINS GLAD, THE LEADERS SAD

"Yellow," They Say of the Latest Odell-Halpin Move—Tammany Will Protest.

The Republicans will try to put the name of William Travers Jerome for District Attorney on their ticket. Their County Convention will be reconvened to-night at the Murray Hill Lyceum to accept the resignation of Charles A. Flammer, who was nominated for the place, and to substitute for it Mr. Jerome's.

The decision to reconvene the convention for these purposes was reached at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republican County Committee at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday afternoon. Abraham Gruber, the Republican leader of the Twenty-first Assembly District, was the only leader who protested. He protested with his voice and vote. The resolution passed by the commitee was:

Resolved, That the Chairman of the Republican County Convention be requested to reconvene the said convention for to-morrow evening (Friday, Oct. 27,) for the purpose of reconsidering the vote by which Judge Charles A. Flammer was nominated, and that this committee submit a recommendation to the convention for the nomination of William Travers Jerome as District Attorney of the county.

Edward Lauterbach advised the Executive Committee that the substitution of Jerome for Flammer could be legally made. Attorney General Mayer was said to have given a similar opinion, and it was reported around the hotel that Joseph H. Choate had also said he believed that the proposed substitution would be sustained by the courts.

What the Law Is.

The Republican County Convention will try to act under Section 66 of the election law. This is the section which provides for "filling vacancies in nominations and correction of certificates." The section is a long one, and is somewhat puzzling to the lay mind. It provides, in effect, that if a nomination be duty declined or a regularly nominated candidate dies before election day the certifying committee of the party which made the nomination may make a new nomination to fill the vacancy so created. It also provides, however, that a candidate who declines in a city like New York must do so twenty days before the election.

There is another provision in the law which prevents any Committee on Vacancies from substituting on one ticket the name of a candidate who appears on another ticket. It is declared, however, that this does not apply to the case of Mr. Jerome, he being an independent candidate. Moreover, it is asserted that the Republican County Convention, according to Senator Elsberg, its Chairman, having adjourned subject to the call of the chair, will have full power to accept the resignation of Judge Flammer and make the nomination of Mr. Jerome to succeed him as an original nomination.

Will Ask for a Mandamus.

When the Republican County Convention has acted to-morrow night, its officers will make application to the Board of Elections to make the substitution of Mr. Jerome's name for that of Judge Flammer, in obedience to the wishes of the convention. The board, being bipartisan, is expected to refuse the request. Application will then be made to some Justice of the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus on the Board of Elections to compel that body to make the desired substitution. If that application be denied, that will end the matter. If it be granted, the Board of Elections will have to make the substitution.

Undoubtedly an appeal will be taken to the higher courts if the decision be favorable to the application, but before the appeal can be decided the election will be over. In that event, Republican lawyers say, there is no question that every straight Republican ballot will be counted for Mr. Jerome. It would be unprecedented, they say, for a court to overturn the clearly expressed will of the people at an election, even though the technical requirements of the law had not been complied with.

The action taken by the Republican Executive Committee yesterday afternoon was merely the ratification of a programme which had already been definitely decided on by State Chairman Odell. William Halpin, President of the Republican County Committee, and the managers of Mr. Ivins's campaign for the Mayoralty. For several days these men and a few others who may be characterized as elder statesmen, have been laboring hard to bring about a condition which would permit the Republicans to get Mr. Jerome on their ticket. The first step in that line of policy, of course, was to persuade Mr. Flammer to resign. That was accomplished Wednesday night, Mr. Flammer's statement of resignation being made public by Mr. Halpin.

A Peculiar Situation.

Although there was, and still is, grave question as to whether Mr. Flammer's name can be taken off the Republican ticket, the time for resignations having expired on Oct. 18, Mr. Flammer's declaration that he wished his friends to support Mr. Jerome practically destroyed his candidacy. Therefore, when the Republican district leaders, who two weeks ago rejected Mr. Jerome as a candidate by a vote of 27 to 8, met yesterday at the call of Mr. Halpin, they were confronted with a peculiar situation. Their candidate for

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25,000 CARS ORDERED.

New York Central Gives the Biggest Contracts Ever Made.

The New York Central Railroad placed orders yesterday with several manufacturing companies for a total of 25,000 freight cars, calling for the expenditure of about $25,000,000. This order exceeds that placed last week by the Pennsylvania Railroad for 21,000 cars, which until yesterday was the largest order for equipment ever placed by a railroad in this country. The tremendous scale on which the railroads are now providing equipment indicates the pressure under which they are working to care for the traffic that is being offered to them.

The orders placed yesterday are for delivery all through the year 1906. The head of one of the companies which are to manufacture the cars said yesterday, however, that it was doubtful if the whole number could be turned out on time, owing to the great demands being made upon the equipment companies.

Large as were the orders by the New York Central yesterday, it is said that they do not represent the total of the Central's requirements. In all probability more cars will be provided for to-day.

The cars will be manufactured by a number of concerns as follows: The Pullman Company, 10,000 cars; Haskell & Baker of Michigan City, Ind., 7,500; the Pressed Steel Car Company, 3,000; the Western Steel Car and Foundry Company, a concern allied with the Pressed Steel Car Company, 2,000, and the American Car and Foundry Company, 2,500 cars. The order placed with the last-named company is in addition to other orders recently placed with it by the New York Central.

Contracts for this record-breaking amount of equipment were let yesterday by Vice President Brown of the New York Central. The equipment will be divided between the New York Central itself and the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern. None of it is intended, so far as is known to the manufacturers, for the Vanderbilt lines west of Chicago. Except the cars ordered from the Pressed Steel Car Company, the order calls principally for wooden cars of the gondola and box varieties.

The car manufacturing business of the country is more active at present than it has ever been in the past. Within sixty days the Pennsylvania Railroad, including its large order of last week, has placed orders for 41,000 cars. These orders and that given by the Central yesterday bring the total of freight cars ordered so far this year up to 225,000. The largest number of freight cars ever ordered in a single year before was 195,000 cars in 1902.

In order to provide motive power to move this additional equipment the railroads are ordering many locomotives. Yesterday the Erie Railroad, which has recently added largely to its equipment, made a contract with the American Locomotive Company for fifty locomotives. The order represents an expenditure of about $500,000. Twenty-five of these locomotives are to be of the consolidated type and the balance of the Pacific type.

DENOUNCED SENATOR DEPEW.

Ex-Senator Wellington Says He Is Worse Than Express Robber.

Special to The New York Times.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Oct. 26.—At the reception given to the Pittsburg manufacturers and Merchants' Association at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms to-day, ex-Senator George L. Wellington, in an address on finance, made an attack on Senator Chauncey M. Depew of New York, comparing him to Edward Cunliffe, the Adams Express clerk, who recently stole $100,000 from the express company in Pittsburg.

Mr. Wellington said there was a form of finance that was a danger to the American people. He said that a clerk in an express office in Pittsburg conceived the idea that he ought to get rich in a single night. He put his scheme into execution, and the next morning had $100,000 in a valise.

"What is the difference, I want to know," said the speaker, "between this man and the man in New York who wasted the substance of the New York Life Insurance Company? What is the difference between the man who took $100,000 from the express company and the man who took salary which he did not earn and then devoted $250,000 to a worthless company which bore his name.

"What is the difference between the express clerk and Chauncey M. Depew, who ought to be in the penitentiary of the State of New York? If there is any difference it is in favor of the clerk."

Wellington sat with Depew in the Senate. The attack created an uproar.

MME. NORDICA TO WED?

Won't Talk About a Rumor That She Is Engaged to Capt. De La Mar.

A report that Mme. Lillian Nordica, the grand opera singer, is engaged to be married to Capt. Joseph R. De La Mar was called to the prima donna's attention last night. She refused either to confirm or deny it, but added that she might make an announcement to-day. Capt. De La Mar was equally reticent.

Mme. Nordica has been twice married. She was Miss Lillian Norton when she became the wife of Frederick Gower, in Paris, in 1883. Two years later, after she had begun suit for a divorce, Gower disappeared in a sensational manner. He made a balloon ascension and was never seen again in Paris. Later he was declared legally dead, although it was reported that he was in India.

Mme. Nordica married Zoltan Doehme, a Hungarian tenor, in 1897. She obtained a decree of divorce from him in January of this year.

Capt. De La Mar was originally a sailor. He made a fortune in mining in Idaho. He married Miss Nellie Sands, and later got a divorce from her and gained the custody of their daughter. His new home, at Thirty-seventh Street and Madison Avenue, has been building for three years. He has a fine collection of paintings and antique furniture.

Wireless News of President.

C. C. Galbraith, General Manager of the Atlantic De Forest Wireless Company, received the following dispatch from the operator on board the flagship West Virginia at South West Pass, La., yesterday afternoon: "Still at South West Pass. Got your letter from New Orleans."

Mr. Galbraith added that the station at the navy yard in Brooklyn had been in wireless communication with the West Virginia every night since last Friday. An attempt will be made to keep in constant touch with the West Virginia every day she is at sea, on her way to Hampton Roads, from New Orleans, with the President.

PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL.
18 Hours to Chicago.
Leaves New York at 3:55 P. M., arrives Chicago 8:55 A. M.; leaves Chicago 3:45 P. M., arrives New York 9:45 A. M., via Pennsylvania Railroad. New equipment. Special features. Rock-ballast, dustless roadbed.—Adv.

MISS ROOSEVELT HERE FROM EASTERN TRIP

Special Train Comes from San Francisco in 73 Hours.

SHE IS TIRED, BUT HAPPY

Spends the Night at Her Uncle's Home and Will Leave for Washington To-day.

Miss Alice Roosevelt, tired but happy and in the best of health, arrived in New York last night from her Far Eastern tour. Miss Roosevelt was glad to get to town, and when she set foot upon the Twenty-third Street Ferry from the Erie station in Jersey City she smiled to her companions who had been her constant associates throughout her trip to the Orient and remarked:

"I am glad to be back in New York and near to Washington. To-morrow night I shall be in the White House, looking back upon the most pleasant, the most interesting, and the most instructive trip I have ever taken."

Miss Roosevelt left Washington with the Taft touring party early in September, and has been almost constantly on the go, on steamships and on railroads, ever since. When she stepped from the ferry house at Twenty-third Street last night and gave directions for the disposition of two truckloads of trunks she was the picture of health and happiness. Her step was brisk and her manner cheerful and characteristically quick and decisive. After giving orders about her luggage she laughingly bade adieu to members of her party, and with her maid entered a carriage and drove to the home of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, 10 East Seventy-third Street.

"If they could only appreciate how active I have been and how weary I am they would understand it," she remarked to one of the railroad men. "I would like to see all, but I simply cannot."

The trip across the continent was made in seventy-three hours and a fraction. Miss Roosevelt and her party left San Francisco on a trans-continental special flier at 3:30 o'clock Monday afternoon. She arrived at Jersey City at 7:55 last night. Her train started out to break the record from San Francisco to New York, but before it had gone far the schedule was lowered, and the remainder of the distance was covered at a rate much slower than that originally planned. Miss Roosevelt greatly enjoyed the trip across the country. Just before the train reached Arden last night she said to Mr. Harriman, when he and his wife and children were bidding her farewell:

"We have had a quick and pleasant trip. I am sorry that we couldn't have broken the records. It would have been exciting. But perhaps it is as well. It has certainly been a comfortable ride."

Miss Roosevelt proved the falsity of that rumor, however, at Arden, where the Herrimans left the train to go to their country home. The people of Arden turned out en masse to greet Miss Roosevelt and her companions. A band was at the station to receive her, and 2,200 school children stood alongside the railroad tracks waving flags and cheering as the train drew in. Japanese lanterns hung in profusion about the station lawn and prominent among them was a sign bearing the words:

"Japan Was Never Like This."

As the train approached the station the band struck up "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the children and the crowd generally cheered and clapped their hands. Mr. Harriman was the first to alight, followed by Mrs. Harriman and their children. Mr. Harriman was immediately surrounded by half a dozen newspaper men and asked for details about the trip, but he declined to give them.

Mr. Harriman, with Mrs. Harriman, entered an automobile and was whirled away to his home.

The crowd at Arden clamored to see Miss Roosevelt. Men, women, and children ran down the railroad tracks to her car, the "Weymouth," and called for her to appear. Just as the first of the crowd approached her car they caught sight of Miss Roosevelt dancing lightly in the car aisle to the strains of the band music outside. She was laughing heartily to several of her companions and seemed to be enjoying the situation immensely.

Suddenly she heard the cheering outside, however, and stopped dancing. She walked to the rear door of the car, and, looking out in the semi-darkness, waved her hand in answer to the cheers. Then she returned to her car, and the train, having been relieved of Mr. Harriman's baggage, pulled out for New York. A loud cheer went up from the crowd as the special sped southward.

When the train arrived at Jersey City there were a few people on hand to give Miss Roosevelt a welcome. The time of her arrival had been kept secret and only the railroad officials and newspapers had been told when she would reach the city.

Ten policemen under Capt. Murphy of the Jersey City police were at the station, and formed a line for Miss Roosevelt and her party as they filed through the depot and got aboard the ferryboat Paterson for New York.

Miss Roosevelt walked briskly to the ferry.

"It feels good to get out of a train and 'on land' again," she remarked. "I'm glad to get back."

Busily engaged in talking to Miss McMillan and Miss Boardman, she entered the ferry, which pulled out immediately for Twenty-third Street. The time in coming across the North River was occupied by Miss Roosevelt in conversation with Miss Boardman. Miss McMillan, and Mr. Gillette. When land was reached she bade good-bye to Mr. Gillette, who drove to the Forty-second Street station for a train to his home in Massachusetts.

Then Miss Roosevelt got in a carriage which was in waiting for her and drove to the home of her aunt and uncle. They were waiting for her, but declined to allow callers to disturb her. Miss Roosevelt will leave New York this morning, probably at 9 o'clock. She will be accompanied on the trip, which will probably be made in a special car, by Miss McMillan and Miss Boardman.

In addition to those who arrived with Miss Roosevelt last night, Senator and Mrs. Newlands and Congressman Longworth were with the party in the Orient. Senator and Mrs. Newlands left the party at San Francisco and Mr. Longworth went to his home in Cincinnati.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S GIFTS.

Twenty-three Cases Filled with Presents from the Far East.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—Despite the fact that when the Siberia arrived it was reported that Miss Roosevelt's presents filled only eight packing cases, it was found when they were taken out of the ship to-day and transferred to the train that they amounted to twenty-three cases and filled the biggest wagon of the express company. The largest box was twelve feet in length, and the smallest not less than two feet square. All packages were marked "Presents to Miss Roosevelt."

Of the contents of many of the cases nothing is known by the local customs officers, as the gifts have been shipped through to Washington in bond. Several of the cases were marked "Glassware." The Siberia broke all records in the total duties paid on articles brought by passengers. The total amount of duty was $4,000, of which Mr. Harriman paid half.

Special rates via SAVANNAH LINE, to Florida, Cuba, and all Southern resorts.—Adv.

BETTING 10 TO 9 ON JEROME.

Odds Switch with Flammer's Withdrawal—3 to 1 on McClellan.

From 2 to 1 against Jerome the betting odds switched to 10 to 9 in the District Attorney's favor last night. Several $100 bets were made on that basis. Flammer's retirement from the Republican ticket was responsible, of course, for the collapse of the Osborne odds. The same developments changed the odds on McClellan to 8 to 1. A. A. Housman & Co. laid $10,000 against J. J. Judge's $30,000 yesterday on the field against McClellan.

Housman & Co. had plenty of money that they were trying to put up against McClellan at these odds all day. They snatched up every 8 to 1 offer.

Before the Jerome landslide gained headway, E. Wasserman bet $10,000 to $8,000 against Jerome. The day started with the odds 10 to 7 on Osborne. Benjamin Gompert placed $200 against $160 on the field against Jerome. Wasserman and M. Joseph together placed $15,000 against him, giving odds.

Few bets were made on the chance of Hearst being elected Mayor, but there were still a great many on the number of votes he would poll. It was even money that he would get 135,000.

Bunnell & Co. bet $200 to $800 on the field against McClellan, and immediately hedged by betting $350 to $100 the other way.

CLEVELAND FOR McCLELLAN.

He's Astonished at the Rank Hysteria Pervading This Campaign.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland has sent an open letter to Mayor McClellan, calling on the old-line Democrats to stand by the Mayor for re-election. Here is the letter:

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 25, 1905.

My dear Mayor McClellan: Not being a resident of New York City, I am not sure that I ought to concern myself with its municipal politics. I find it impossible, however, to outgrow my interest in all that affects the welfare and fair fame of the city of my former residence, or to forget the kindness and consideration of my former neighbors.

If this were not my condition of mind, I hardly think my personal friendship for you, or my attachment to the party you represent, or even my absolute confidence in your fidelity in public place, would move me to make any expression touching the pending municipal canvass.

I confess to a feeling of astonishment when I see the evidences of rank hysteria pervading a canvass which should especially be characterized by sober thoughtfulness. Questions of the most far-reaching import seem to be pressed upon the city's voters, not so much as subjects demanding their serious reflection and thorough information, as subjects furnishing opportunity for appeals to passion and misinformation, cunningly intended to aid personal ambitions and unworthy purposes.

There are conditions just now prevailing which naturally suggest this as a favorable time for demagogic manipulation of the people; and nowhere are those conditions so inviting to those who are willing to be demagogues as in the City of New York.

Every man who thinks, must know that the opportunity thus offered to play upon unusually aroused popular prejudices, resentments, and passions has not been overlooked, and that the constant stimulation of these things contributes the chief stock in trade of some of those who are now bidding for the people's support. Every thinking man must also appreciate the fact that there are principles and theories underlying the pending municipal canvass which vitally concern the city's future life.

In these circumstances how plainly it is the duty of every voter who has the welfare of your great municipality at heart to avert the danger threatened by rash action, or by the neglect of a good citizen's duty to strive against the tide of demagogic misrepresentation.

It is because I believe you are looking in this direction of dutiful citizenship and represent the steadiness and honest conservatism the city needs, that I earnestly hope for your election.

COLLECTOR GOT $10,000.

Woman Who Acted "for Charitable Institutions" Arrested.

The Brooklyn police believe that a woman, who gave her name as Mildred Curran when she was arraigned before Magistrate Tighe in the Adams Street Court yesterday on a charge of petty larceny, has collected more than $10,000 in the name of the Wayside Home and other charitable institutions.

The woman was arrested in the office of Isaac H. Terry, a Fulton Street real estate man, who has given her money several times in the last two years. His last contribution was made about five months ago. Then he learned that the woman had no authority to collect the money. He then went to Capt. Shaw of the Adams Street Police Station, who told him to save a marked bill for the woman.

On Wednesday she appeared again. Mr. Terry had his clerk call up the Captain while he engaged the woman in conversation. She made no demonstration when she was arrested. In the station she said that she had been an actress, and lived in the Putnam House, in Fourth Avenue, Manhattan. For the last three years, she declared, she had been employed as a collector for several charitable institutions.

Detectives were sent to the woman's room, and found several books containing memoranda of collections. They figured some of the totals, and found that the woman must have made at least $10 a day for the last three years. In a trunk with some of the books they found some race track programmes.

When arraigned before Magistrate Tighe the woman pleaded not guilty. She was held for examination next Monday.

LEITER AND HOADLEY LOSE.

Jury Awards $80,241 to Plaintiffs in Blind Pool Suit.

When Justice Amend went on the bench in the Supreme Court yesterday the foreman of the jury that tried the action against Joseph H. Hoadley, Joseph Leiter, and Cyrus Field Judson handed up a sealed verdict. It awarded to the plaintiffs, Franklin, Scott & Co., $80,241, this including the amount sued for, with interest. The jury had spent several weeks in listening to the testimony, which was that Judson, Hoadley, and Leiter were interested in a pool to boost the stock of the International Power Company. The defendants denied this, Hoadley and Leiter asserting that Judson was not acting for them when he opened the account with the brokerage firm and that they were not in a pool with him at the time the crash came, in April, 1902.

"I will appeal and fight this verdict to the last ditch," said Hoadley. "If this verdict sticks there can be no pool in Wall Street in the future. No man will be safe if he goes into a blind pool. Any irresponsible man who deals in the pool stock can say that he was a party to the pool, and his creditors can sue any responsible man who was in the pool or who handled its stock."

For the purpose of preparing their case on appeal Justice Amend granted to the defendants ninety days, with a sixty days' stay of execution.

NEW ORLEANS TRAGEDY AVERTED BY PRESIDENT

Stops Speech, Seeing Women and Children in Peril.

SENDS AWAY MIGHTY THRONG

Mr. Roosevelt at Banquet Says as Nation's Head He'll Give No Bluff He Can't Make Good.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 26.—President Roosevelt, alarmed at the peril to women and children in the enormous crowd that surged about City Hall to greet him this morning, abandoned the idea of delivering an address there, after vainly appealing to the people to cease pressing forward.

The review by the President of the military and civic parade at this point also had to be given up, the troops and police being utterly powerless to move the dense, compact mass of humanity that jammed St. Charles Street all the way from Poydras Street to Ninth Street and spread over Lafayette Square almost from St. Charles Street to Camp Street. Probably 50,000 persons were gathered in and around the stand from which the President was to have delivered the address.

Half a hundred policemen, mounted and on foot, labored for an hour to make a clear space, so that the President's carriage could reach the entrance, but it was impossible, though many heads were cracked in the effort and dozens of obstreperous persons were arrested and locked up.

The moment the President was recognized a tremendous cheer went up, and the crowd, densely packed as it was, surged forward and threatened to crush in part of the grand stand.

The President, realizing the danger of a panic, urged Mayor Behrman to introduce him immediately, which was done, though the Mayor's voice was drowned in the hubbub.

The President climbed up on the railing before which he was to speak, supported by the Mayor, though he kept his balance admirably. He waved his hand to the crowd, and the enthusiasm broke forth with redoubled vigor.

Vain Efforts to Make a Speech.

He urged the crowd to keep still, and called their attention to the fact that many women were caught in the jam, and might be injured. Each utterance of his, though unheard by the mass of humanity, evoked a cheer and waving of handkerchiefs and parasols and then the President tried to deliver a short speech. It was impossible, and he realized the futility of it.

"There seem to be two or three people in the streets," he began, when a voice interruptid with the question, "Did you have this crowd in Little Rock?"

"That's all right," answered the President. "Stay right there now," he added, addressing the crowd, which was beyond control.

The Mayor attempted to secure silence and the President began again:

"My Fellow Countrymen:—Give me a chance," whereat there was a tremendous roar of applause and a voice shouted: "We will give you one and we will give you another."

Again the President started: "My Fellow Countrymen, I appreciate more than I can say this greeting, and it is beyond the power of any human being to acknowledge it by speaking, for you could not hear him. [Great applause.]

"And now you have shown such extraordinary qualities throughout this dreadful Summer that I want you to show your capacity for self-government [tremendous cheering] and that means don't jam. [Laughter and applause.]

"And I want the crowd—I want you all to open out. I am only going to wish you well, and then I am going to go on, because you can't possibly hear me and you already see me, [great applause,] and that's all that's open to us."

The President admonished the crowd to suppress itself lest the women and children be injured in a panic, and said he was going away, at which there were cries to him to stay.

The President insisted that there was danger that some one, especially the woman and children, might be hurt, and that he would not attempt to speak further. Then he said:

"I only want to say that I will make a longer speech later, but I do want to say how grateful I am for your coming out, and how grateful I am to the sacred veterans of the great war, and my own comrades of the small war, and I want to thank the National Guard of Louisiana, cavalry, infantry, artillery, and the naval militia. I am proud of them, and it is a pleasure to see them to-day. Now, I am going away, and all of you be good and go home."

There was a tremendous roar from the crowd as the President disappeared into the Mayor's Hall. When he reached there he said he was worn out, and desired a short rest at his hotel.

In fact, the President in this city passed the most strenuous nine hours of his tour in the South, and when at 6:30 o'clock this evening he boarded the lighthouse tender Magnolia and began his return journey to Washington he was exhausted and showed it.

The President during last night traversed the whole length of the State of Mississippi. He entered it after darkness had fallen, and he left it before the day had dawned, so that there was no opportunity for a demonstration by his friends in Gov. Vardaman's State.

The programme arranged by the New Orleans committee contemplated the popular reception when the President had completed his tour of the harbor. At Harahan the President's car was switched from the main track of the Illinois Central and carried over the Belt Line to Stuyvesant Docks, where the ocean-going Southern Pacific steamer Comus awaited him.

On board the steamer were Gov. Blanchard and his staff; Dr. White, who fought the good fight as the Government's representative against the fever, together with all his surgeons in full uniform; officers of the army and navy, Mayor Behrman, and leading Federal, State, and city officials, and 400 men and women representing the professional and

Continued on Page 2.

Pure food laws are good. Burnett's Vanilla is pure. Insist upon having Burnett's.—Adv.

CZAR READY TO FLEE.

One Yacht with Steam Up at Kronstadt and Another at Peterhof.

ST. PETERSBURG, Friday, Oct. 27.—Apprehension apparently prevails in imperial circles.

It is reported that the imperial yacht Polar Star is lying off Kronstadt, constantly under steam, and that the smaller yacht Strella is held in waiting at the wharf at Peterhof for emergency use.

KAISER TALKS OF WAR.

Tells Germans to be Ready—Apparently Thinks a Conflict Likely.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—Recent events have apparently turned the thoughts of Emperor William more than usually toward the probability of Germany soon becoming involved in war. Speeches by him at Dresden yesterday and in Berlin to-day contained pointed references to the probability of war and the necessity of being ready for it. Addressing the officers of a Saxon Grenadier regiment at Dresden the Emperor said:

"We live in a time when every young German capable of bearing arms must be ready to give himself to the Fatherland."

At a banquet given in his honor in the Dresden Schloss last evening the Emperor, replying to the King's toast to his health, said:

"If the German Empire continues to prosper then we can calmly, with raised visor and with the courage of free German men, confront any one who should venture to cross our path or to disturb us in the promotion of our reasonable interests."

After unveiling the statue of von Moltke to-day his Majesty addressed the highest army officers, who were assembled around him at a dinner at the Schloss, saying:

"How matters stand with us in the world you have seen. Therefore keep your powder dry and your swords whetted."

ALARM FOR $53,500 IN BONDS.

Ticker Told of Their Disappearance—Found an Hour Later.

In some way $53,500 worth of Union Pacific bonds were recovered yesterday by the Pinkerton Agency within an hour of the time in which their loss had been made public.

It was 10 o'clock when the Pinkertons sent out a notice over the ticker that forty $1,000 bonds were missing, and asking that any one offering them for sale be detained and arrested. That made those in Wall Street who heard of it believe that another big bond robbery had taken place.

An hour later, when a TIMES reporter called at the Pinkerton Agency office, it was said there that the bonds had been recovered.

"The bonds," said Assistant Supt. George S. Dougherty, "were sent on Oct. 11 from London by express. They disappeared in transit. Just after we had sent out the notice we received word that they had been discovered in the office of the express company. We have no reason to believe that there had been any effort at committing a crime in connection with their disappearance."

Mr. Dougherty refused to give names.

BLAST IMPERILS A TRAIN.

Tunnel Explosion Shatters Wall at Long Island City Station.

Just before a Whitestone train was to leave the station of the Long Island Railroad in Long Island City last night a brick wall within two feet of the train was shattered by a blast in the tunnel beneath. There was a terrific noise, and the flying mortar and bricks made the trainmen think the whole bottom of the yard was going to fall out. Nobody was hurt, but the engineer who was to take out the Whitestone train had a narrow escape.

The brick wall runs for several blocks along Borden Avenue and forms the boundary of the Long Island Railroad yards. The tunnel contractors dug a trench beside it some time ago and weakened the foundations. When the blast went off last night part of the wall fell solidly against the front car of the train and leaned there, intact. Another stretch of it broke into pieces and covered two or three tracks with debris.

Passengers for Whitestone were just about to board the train.

FRANCIS TO THANK RULERS.

Will Tour the Globe as Special World's Fair Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Official announcement was made at the State Department to-day that D. R. Francis, President of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company, has been named by President Roosevelt to convey the thanks of the United States Government to the various nations that participated in the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. Mr. Root has notified Mr. Francis to this effect. Mr. Francis will have the title of special Commissioner and his duty will involve a complete tour of the world.

Plans for the trip and the mission are not yet arranged. A blank form of a letter, expressing the thanks of the Government, has been drawn up at the State Department. Copies of this letter, each duly certified by the President of the United States, will be personally presented to the foreign rulers by Mr. Francis.

After the Chicago Exposition the thanks of this Government were extended from Washington through the regular diplomatic channels.

BURGLARS FIRE A HOUSE.

Match They Dropped Ignited a Bed in George Lowden's Home.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Oct. 26.—In the absence of the family burglars entered the home of George Lowden here last night and ransacked the place. In moving about the various rooms they burned matches to light their way, and then threw them on the floor. One of the matches ignited a bed, but the fire was soon put out.

The thieves made their escape, taking with them several gold and silver scarfpins, and a commutation ticket on the Long Island Railroad.

The house was formerly occupied by Stanley Mortimer of the Meadow Brook Hunt. Mr. Lowden was formerly the secretary of Foxhall Keene, and later was connected with the firm of Talbot J. Taylor & Co.

Senator Dryden's House Afire.

The residence of United States Senator John F. Dryden in Newark, N. J., took fire last night from an overheated furnace. A servant gave an alarm and the flames did not reach the main floor. The loss is estimated at $10,000.

The through sleeping car New York to Lake Placid, by the New York Central, will be continued until further notice.—Adv.

CZAR TO GRANT A CONSTITUTION

Witte Induces the Abrogation of Autocracy.

GERMAN SYSTEM CHOSEN

All Classes Ready to Support a Revolution.

RULER TIRED OF BURDEN

Would Like to Flee to Darmstadt—Strike Spreads Everywhere and Capital Is Panic Stricken.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cable. Copyright, 1905.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—I am informed on good authority that a Russian Constitution will be announced on Nov. 8, the anniversary of the Czar's accession.

The deputation of strikers which waited on Tuesday upon Count Witte demanded first and foremost the convocation of a Constituent Assembly elected by universal suffrage. The strikers at Moscow said precisely the same thing to Prince Hilkoff. There can thus be no doubt about the real aim of the present labor movement.

It must be confessed that Count Witte in his reply failed to employ fictitious arguments for the refusal of the men's demands. He said that universal suffrage would lead to bribery and corruption and the usurpation of power by the capitalists. He declared that he saw instances of this in America.

Discussing the strike, Count Witte remarked that the Government saw two ways out of the difficulty. Either it could resort to arms, or the famished inhabitants of Moscow would themselves attack the strikers. "Remember," said Count Witte, "in these circumstances the Government may fall, but its fall will involve your ruin, because the power will pass into the hands of the bourgeoisie, against which you are arrayed."

Count Witte's appeal to class hatred failed to sway his hearers. In vain he promised them freedom of speech, meeting, and the press. The delegates came away determined to continue the struggle.

The Novoe Vremya, in a leading article rendering a tribute to the memory of Nelson, urges Russians to take to heart Nelson's last signal, but it must be confessed that the vast majority of Russians will take the Novoe Vremya's advice to do their duty as an incitation to side with the strikers.

The demand presented to Count Witte by the railway delegation is, after all, an echo of the great reform movement which has been gathering force throughout the country during the past year. The mass meeting held

to the representatives of the nation.

The Emperor finally acceded, requesting Count Witte to draft a project, which, in skeleton form, he approved last Sunday, when the Count agreed to accept the Premiership, on condition that he could name the Ministers and that they should report to his Majesty only through himself, as head of the Cabinet.

Count Witte already completely dominates the situation. On Wednesday night the Ministers, after a five-hour session, finished the final draft of a law creating a responsible Council of Ministers, and yesterday they completed the revision of the statute granting freedom of assembly, both of which will be taken to Emperor Nicholas to-day for signature.

Last night the Ministers held another session, meeting formally as the Soisky Commission, but in reality as Count Witte's Cabinet, to discuss the election regulations of the Douma.

It is reported that Count Witte, simultaneously with the promulgation of the Cabinet statement, will issue a proclamation defining his policy and asking the nation to give a fair trial to the new governmental system and resist the efforts of the Revolutionaries to throw the entire country into a state of anarchy.

Upon the peremptory demand of Prince Hilkoff, the Minister of Railroads, the budget covering the remuneration of railroad employes will be revised to meet the promises made last Spring. Unless this was done, the Prince announced, he would resign.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 27.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from St. Petersburg says Emperor Nicholas has decided to grant a Constitution similar to that of Germany.

RIOT AND PANIC IN CAPITAL.

100 Workmen Wounded — People Fleeing—Trepoff Takes Charge.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 27.—A telegram from St. Petersburg says that two squadrons of Cossacks yesterday attacked 7,000 workmen who were holding a meeting at the Nevsky Works.

About 100 workmen, it is reported, were wounded and seven Cossacks were injured by stones.

The railroad bridge across the Obvodny Canal at St. Petersburg has been destroyed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Friday, Oct. 27.—St. Petersburg was in a panic yesterday. The most alarming rumors were in circulation, and the shopkeepers on all except a few of the principal streets closed their stores and boarded up the doors and windows, while peaceful-minded inhabitants kept within doors.

The tactics of the revolutionists are apparently to create a reign of terror. Warnings have been sent to merchants on the Nevsky, Morskaia, Ascension, and other fashionable thoroughfares to close, in order to avoid pillage and the torch. The doctors are receiving letters ordering them to discontinue visits to the sick, on penalty of death.

Word has been mysteriously passed among servants that a mob is preparing to sack the residences of the better class.

The source of the funds which are apparently at the command of the revolutionists is a mystery. In Moscow the Revolutionary Committee is paying each striker 15 cents daily and has invested large sums in arms and ammunition. The rifles and cartridges captured in Finland and Poland were part of those purchased by the committee.

It is conjectured that financial aid is being received from Socialists and revolutionists abroad, and that some of it may come from America in response to an appeal published recently in New York newspapers on behalf of the Jewish Bund.

By imperial order, the garrison of St. Petersburg has been placed under the command of Gen. Trepoff, who is held responsible for order in the capital. Troops are distributed in various parts of the city, but martial law, with its accompanying hardships, has not yet been proclaimed.

All the Ministers yesterday were in conference with Gen. Trepoff. The General caused to be printed in all the evening papers a notification that the troops would to-day be ordered to use ball cartridges without any preliminary firing of blank cartridges, in case there should be any outbreak.

The boats and the trains to Finland, the only means of egress from this city, were crowded yesterday with people fleeing abroad.

The people feared that the city would be plunged in darkness, but Gen. Trepoff acted energetically. The troops took possession of the water, gas, and electric light works and a strong guard was placed around the Treasury.

The 40,000 workmen from the mills and factories who joined the strikers on Wednesday were increased by 30,000 more yesterday morning. All the employes of the port, 4,000 in number, walked out, and 12,000 men from the steel works left work in a body.

During the afternoon striking workmen began marching into the outlying districts, inviting their comrades to join them. The police and troops did not interfere, but by Gen. Trepoff's orders the spirit shops were closed.

The pharmacists struck work yesterday. The police are becoming frightened, many of them offering their resignations.

By the greatest exertions the Government yesterday succeeded in moving trains manned by military operatives on a few railroads. Traffic was resumed irregularly on the Moscow and St. Petersburg Railroad and on the lines from Moscow to Brest and Kazan.

The first efforts were directed to the moving of cattle trains, so as to meet the threat of famine in the two capitals, and one trainload of cattle arrived at St. Petersburg and another at Moscow. Peasants are also driving cattle on the hoof into Moscow. A scanty supply of milk, butter, and eggs is arriving in St. Petersburg over the Finland Railroad, the employes of which refuse to strike. The meat markets here were raided by mobs yesterday, and all the oil and candles were sold out.

The Emperor and the Court at Peterhof are supplied by a warship from St. Petersburg. All the families who can afford it have hastened to lay in supplies, so as to stand a siege. All the bakers sold out their bread before noon yesterday.

The meat dealers have been ordered by the revolutionists not to deliver meat to the troops under pain of death, and consequently the soldiers are living on canned food.

All the St. Petersburg schools were closed yesterday, and the children were sent home with instructions not to return until their parents thought it safe for them to do so.

Russia is practically isolated from the rest of Europe, as the international train service on all the lines has virtually ceased. The tie-up in the interior yesterday was more complete than on Wednesday.

The strike contagion is spreading. All classes of workmen are organizing sympathetic strikes, and industrial life in the country is coming to a standstill.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—A cablegram received at the State Department to-day from Spencer Eddy, Charge at St. Petersburg, says:

"All railroad communication has been stopped; rioting is in progress; the meat shops have been raided by the mob; the supply of meat in the city will last until Sunday, and prices have been doubled.

"A Moscow telegram reports that all railroad trains have been stopped and the Post Office at Innesa closed."

The State Department also received news from St. Petersburg that 3,000 workmen are on strike in Warsaw.

UNIVERSITY A FORTRESS.

Organized Rebellion at Kharkoff—Insurgents Gave Way.

KHARKOFF, Oct. 26.—The restoration of the telegraph system permits the sending of a description of the drama which has been unrolled here since Oct. 24. On that day the news of the death of a student named Constantindi as the result of wounds inflicted by a patrol and of other acts of violence toward the students led to excited meetings at the university, at which, in anticipation of the arrival of troops, it was decided to barricade the university and to defend it by force.

Barricades formed of telegraph poles, paving stones, &c., were built around the centre of the city, and the university was converted into a fortress. The windows and doors were blocked with masses of stones and coal, and red flags with revolutionary inscriptions were hoisted on the roofs. The university garrison, which numbered 3,000, was well supplied with arms.

Simultaneously in the town mobs pillaged the shops of the armorers and one shop was completely sacked.

Dragoons appeared on the scene and fired fusillades into the crowds, killing ten persons and wounding many others. Roughs profited by the confusion to attack the shops and peaceable citizens.

Matters reached such a stage that a state of siege was declared in the university district. Lieut. Gen. Mau was placed in command and a committee of public safety was formed by leading citizens.

At Pabianice to-day dragoons fired on an assembly of 4,000 workmen, killing two and wounding fourteen.

A military patrol to-day refused to mount guard in the streets here. Many policemen are leaving the service.

This committee entered into negotiations with the Governor. In the meantime troops arrived and the committee, with the consent of the Governor, intrused the protection of the town to militia composed of armed students and workmen.

The members of the militia were acclaimed by the populace, but at certain points they were fired on by troops and many of them were wounded.

The committee conferred with Gen. Mau with a view to arranging terms for the surrender of the university garrison. The General demanded that the besieged yield up their arms to the university administration and march out in silence, but he added that they would be permitted to proceed without molestation to their comrades, who were holding a great meeting in Skobeleff Square.

The terms were accepted and the garrison marched out in silence between lines of troops, while the crowds massed behind the troops cheered. The members of the garrison were escorted by a squadron of dragoons to Skobeleff Square, where they met their comrades amid great enthusiasm and dispersed without further disorder.

GENERAL STRIKE IN POLAND.

A Patrol Mutinies at Warsaw and Policemen Leave the Service.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cable. Copyright, 1905.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—The contract for the foreign loan has not yet been signed.

The present crisis will doubtless influence the negotiations, but there no reason to discontinue them, as the vast resources of Russia afford an adequate guarantee to bondholders irrespective of any possible changes in the form of government.

WARSAW, Oct. 26.—Agitators are organizing revolutionary meetings in the factory districts, and a general strike is expected on Saturday.

The prices of food are rapidly increasing.

Telephonic communication with Lodz is interrupted. A telegram from there says Poznanski's great spinning mills and other establishments ceased work to-day, and a general strike has been declared for to-morrow.

AMERICAN WHEAT JUMPS.

Grain Markets Feel the Effect of Russian Disturbances.

The cereal markets, both here and in Chicago, showed great strength yesterday. The trading in wheat in particular was greatly excited. There was a maximum advance of 2½ cents a bushel here and of 1¾c. in Chicago. These advances were due chiefly to the disorders in Russia, which are expected to lead to a reduction in the exports of wheat from that country.

Advices from Odessa reported much excitement in the grain markets in that city, which helped to confirm the view taken here of the results of the present Russian disturbances.

CRUISERS BUILT IN JAPAN.

First of Two Big Vessels to Be Launched at Kure in December.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cable. Copyright, 1905.

TOKIO, Oct. 26.—The first of two armored cruisers of 13,500 tons each, built in Japan, will be launched at the Kure yard on Dec. 23.

The second will be launched at the same place next March.

THE POTEMKINE BURNED?

Odessa Also Hears of a Mutiny on the Catherine II.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 27.—A dispatch from Odessa says it is reported there from Sevastopol that the battleship Pateleimon, formerly the Kniaz Potemkine, has been destroyed by incendiaries.

Another dispatch from Odessa says it is reported that there has been a mutiny on the battleship Catherine II. at Sevastopol, and that 400 of her crew have been arrested.

TROUBLE WITH CITY FERRY.

And There'll Be No Relief Until the New Ships Are Ready.

The first full day's operation of the municipal ferry to Richmond Borough was the cause of more growling than a year of the old boats. There was no adhering to schedule, and there cannot be until the second slips at each end are completed. During the early morning hours when four boats were in use they ran fairly regularly until the 8:30 trip of the Manhattan. She was off Robbins' Reef, when her stearing gear jammed, and she lay off to repair, holding the passengers in the bay. She finally reached Whitehall Street behind the boat, which should have followed her.

When she unloaded and started to back out, she had trouble, and was delayed again. Two boats were waiting to land before she cleared. Then she was taken to Staten Island and laid up for repairs.

From 10 o'clock until about 4 o'clock in the afternoon the boats ran fairly well under the half-hour headway, but they kept dropping back all the time, and in place of eight trips in two hours about seven trips were made. From 4 o'clock until 7:30 last evening the efforts to maintain schedule were fairly successful. The effort appeared to have exhausted both boats and men, however, for when the half-hour schedule went into force again things began to happen. A boat left at 8 o'clock for Manhattan and another left at 8:30. Both left Staten Island on time, but neither returned on time, and Staten Island began to have grave fears. When 9 o'clock came no boat had returned, and at 9:30 the situation was the same.

The Manhattan reached St. George about 10 o'clock and, without waiting for trucks, and staying only long eonugh to take on the foot passengers and coal, started back for Manhattan. As soon as she pulled out the Richmond ran into the dock. She loaded up at once, and remained until 10:40, when the Manhattan, being sighted by means of glasses, near Castle William, apparently bound south, the Richmond started to Manhattan.

Assistant Supt. Hanlon said last night that he saw no certainty of the situation being bettered permanently until the second slips are finished.

Investigate!

A simple insurance contract, which any one can read and understand.

At $24.28 premium, for age 35 years, for every thousand dollars of insurance, in the safe, sound and reliable

The Washington Life Insurance Co.
John Tatlock, President

OSBORNE FORCED TO QUIT; NO SPEECHES LAST NIGHT

But a Violent and Disjointed One in the Afternoon.

HIS THROAT FORBIDS MORE

Murphy Said to Applaud the Candidate's Abstention—Jerome Says, "Poor Jim."

James W. Osborne, the Tammany candidate for District Attorney, again made no speeches last night. He did make a speech yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Commercial Travelers' League in Broadway, and the character of the speech and of Mr. Osborne's replies to some questions asked of him seemed to surprise the audience more than a little.

Last night Mr. Osborne was to have spoken in East Eighty-fourth Street, East Eleventh Street, and East Fifty-sixth Street. Just before meeting time, there came an announcement from James J. Fitzgerald, who is Mr. Osborne's campaign manager, that Mr. Osborne would not appear. It was officially made known that Mr. Osborne's throat was in so bad a condition after his activities in the afternoon that it would be impossible for him to speak. Mr. Fitzgerald himself said that Mr. Osborne was so hoarse that he could hardly speak above a whisper.

Mr. Fitzgerald himself attended the meetings and made this explanation and the proper apologies.

Mr. Osborne's throat has given him a great deal of trouble in this campaign. It has been sprayed thoroughly, but apparently this has not done Mr. Osborne much good. Mr. Murphy became greatly interested yesterday in Mr. Osborne's condition, and it was said last night that Mr. Osborne's abstention from further speechmaking had Mr. Murphy's warm approval.

Mr. Osborne arrived very late yesterday at the noonday meeting of the Commercial Travelers' League at 597 Broadway. He began by saying that he wanted it to be understood that the only conservative candidate for Mayor of this city was George B. McClellan. The others proposed a system of municipal ownership which would mean the bankruptcy of the city.

He went on to tackle Mr. Jerome, "the great man, the only honest man," Mr. Osborne sarcastically called him, and to repeat his criticisms of the District Attorney in the matter of the Slocum disaster.

"I charge Mr. Jerome," he said, "with the fact that there was never a rich and powerful corporation he has not bowed the knee to."

Then he reverted to the tunnel disaster. Then back to the Slocum matter.

"He has stopped calling me 'Poor Jim,'" Mr. Osborne continued, "and he says that I am the spindle of graft—I whom he once said was an honest man; I who struck the blow and cleaned up Devyerism. I made the position of policeman an honorable one by removing dishonest men. I tried Bissert and Diamond. I brought them to trial, and in 1901 when it took courage to do so. I want to say that when I am in office and any man takes graft I will strike at that man."

A reporter started out and Mr. Osborne shouted: "Don't go. I want you to take this down."

The audience began to laugh. "Oh, I want the Press to hear," said Osborne.

"Ask Jerome if he had ever convicted the rich and the powerful. There was a dynamite explosion, but who was punished? There was a fire in the Murray Hill—"

A voice: "No; the Park Avenue Hotel."

"Thanks for that," said Mr. Osborne. "It was but a slip of the tongue. It seems that it is a crime to make a slip of the tongue if the newspapers get it. They destroy the reputation you have been building fo twelve years and you are a criminal."

He went on to speak of the Thompson murder and the barrel murder and asked what Jerome had done about them. A voice shouted: "Where is the evidence?"

Quick as a flash, Mr. Osborne turned on the speaker.

"That's the duty of the District Attorney, you fool," he said. "It is just such persons as you that Jerome puts in office."

A well-dressed man wanted to ask a question, but it was not until the end of the meeting that he was able to get a hearing. He wanted to know if it was not the duty of the police to get evidence in murder cases, and not the District Attorney. Mr. Osborne went back to the platform to answer it, and told of his own work in murder cases. He pointed out that he got as many detectives from the Police Department as he wanted and that he had them working under his direction.

"Jerome," he said, "is an honored man with his own beautiful personality, and in making speeches in St. Louis, Chicago, and other cities that he has no time for his office."

What might be called a Hearst demonstration took place in the early part of the meeting. Charles L. Guy was comparing the candidates when he mentioned Hearst's name. There was a ripple of applause and shouts of "Hearst! Hearst!" from the rear of the hall. The police descended upon the offender, and he was hustled out in spite of his protest.

Last night's three audiences did not like Osborne's absence. At the Twenty-fourth Assembly District meeting, at 207 East Forty-sixth Street, the crowd began to dwindle before Mr. Fitzgerald appeared in his automobile. After the announcement was made that Mr. Osborne would not be present almost all left the hall, when Charles Chanler announced that J. Nugent, candidate for Alderman in the district, there were not more than twenty-five men present.

In his announcement at this meeting, Mr. Fitzgerald said that if Mr. Osborne had exposed himself to the public when he was in no condition to do so it was due to his exuberant enthusiasm for Mr. McClellan.

Mr. Jerome last night referred to his opponent only in a few words, and then in a manner that indicated that he was deeply moved. He said he had intended to say something about his opponent, but had concluded that under existing circumstances it would not be kindly to do so.

"Poor Jim," he repeated several times. "And be sure that I do not speak thus in sarcasm—be sure that I speak not thus in anger, but in sorrow—not in the flippancy of political debate, but because I feel it strongly. Poor Jim—poor, because it is a pity that a brave man and a strong man has been brought to the point where he is by the hand of the boss."

MURPHY CONFIDENT.

Sure, He Says, of the Election of Tammany's Whole Ticket.

At Tammany Hall yesterday Charles F. Murphy said he was absolutely confident of the re-election of Mayor McClellan and the entire Democratic ticket. He declined to discuss the letter of Magistrate Flammer indorsing Jerome for District Attorney, saying that whatever interest Tammany had in the belated Republican effort to get Jerome on their ticket rested with the Law Committee, which was looking into the matter.

"The situation looks bright for Tammany," said Mr. Murphy, "and I am confident that Mayor McClellan will win, no matter what the opposition may do."

"Little Tim" Sullivan said of Flammer's withdrawal, "Why, I didn't know Flammer was running until this morning."

CUNLIFFE PLEADS GUILTY.

Growing Belief That the Adams Express Robber Is Insane.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 26.—Edward G. Cunliffe, the Adams Express robber, pleaded guilty to-day to two charges of larceny representing a theft of $101,000. His action caused general surprise. He had no counsel and the belief is growing that he

When returned to the jail after his arraignment and plea, Cunliffe appeared greatly relieved. He was even smiling when the deputy warden led him to his cell, where he will remain until he appears in court for sentence on Saturday.

EVERY Y. M. C. A. ATHLETE
Will want a copy of the PICTORIAL SECTION of THE NEW YORK SUNDAY TIMES next Sunday.—Adv.

NEW ORLEANS TRAGEDY AVERTED BY PRESIDENT

Continued from Page 1.

business communities and the women's clubs.

While the speeches of welcome were being delivered the Comus headed up stream and ran round the Crescent, past Southport, where the President was enabled to obtain a view of the great levees of the Pont Chartrain district and see vast fields of ripening sugar cane on the plantations lying on either side of the river. A few miles above the city the Comus turned, and then came slowly down the river, passing along the whole front of New Orleans.

On either bank people lined the levees as the steamer, a-flutter with flags, proceeded on her way amid the din of the whistles of river craft and of manufacturing industries.

As the vessel neared the Harrison steel sheds, aflame with patriotic color, the air was rent with the blasts of steam whistles and the thunder of a Presidential salute. The President looked out upon a sea of cheering people gathered on the river front. When the boat had been moored he was escorted to an open carriage, and the military and civil parade got under way.

Scenes Along the Route.

Never has New Orleans been more elaborately decorated. From every store and residence along the two miles of the route there blazed red, white, and blue in festoons about the portrait of the guest of the day, while thousands of men who had voted against him wore the President's picture in the lapels of their coats.

While it could not be arranged to set aside any portion of the programme, especially for the negro race, it had been provided that the colored population should gather in Canal Street, between Liberty and Claiborne. There the Iroquois, the exclusive negro social club of New Orleans, is situated. All the men of high standing of the race were gathered on a broad platform erected in front of the building, together with the negro school children. The four squares contained a solid mass of colored people. As the President appeared they gave way to their emotions, and the President's pleasure was mirrored in his smiling face.

One of the most stirring scenes of the day was that presented at Lee Monument. From its apex there ran broad streamers of red, white, and blue, while on the broad circular mound that supports the marble column on which stands the heroic figure of the military commander were gathered 7,000 of the public school children of the city, each provided with a tiny American flag.

Along the entire densely packed route were witnessed scenes of wild enthusiasm similar to those which spoiled the programme at City Hall. Nothing like it has ever been seen in New Orleans. The President remarked that the reception was the greatest he had had since he started on this trip.

After a short rest in the hotel, the President held a series of receptions.

The President in receiving an engrossed address from the negro members of the Iroquois Club, said:

"I want to thank the colored citizens of New Orleans for this address and to say it is peculiarly pleasant to have it presented by one of the school children; and I congratulate not only the colored population of the whole City of New Orleans, but the people of the State for what you are doing and what the State is doing in the cause of education. With all good-will and good wishes and good luck to you, adieu.

A group of Confederate veterans presented him with a wreath of crossed Union and Confederate flags as a souvenir of the trip. Gen. A. B. Booth, commander of the United Confederate Veterans, made the presentation. To the Confederates the President said:

"Gentlemen, if you will allow a man who has served in a very small war to call you so, comrades, I accept your presentation with pleasure. Although sometimes we have difficulties in this country that we have to battle against, and sometimes things that we are not well satisfied with, yet we are a pretty good people. I have felt this as almost never before during the last twenty-five years.

"Now think what it means to us as a Nation for a President of the Nation forty years after the greatest war of all times to be able to some South and speak as I have spoken in the capital of the Southern Confederacy, and to feel that I was addressing a people as loyal to the flag of our reunited country as could be found in this broad land of ours. I passed under the shadow of Admiral Semmes's monument, under whom one of my uncles fired the last gun from the Alabama. Another of my uncles built her, and the sister of that Admiral is the wife of our Governor in the Philippines.

"Gentlemen, this is an honor I appreciate, and I thank you not only for the gift but the spirit and words which accompany it."

A group of Grand Army veterans was then received. To them he said:

"Comrades, I want to thank you from my heart for coming here and greeting me. I cannot say what it means to me to be greeted as I have been greeted by the men who wore the blue as by the men who wore the gray, on this trip through the Southern land. At Little Rock my escort was composed of Union and Confederate soldiers riding side by side in pairs. As I said at Richmond, next only to the men who wore the blue, I hold the men who wore the gray.

"We should indeed consider ourselves fortunate as a Nation that forty years after the civil war we find all our people can challenge as their own every memory of valor left by both sides. Now there is but one rivalry, the rivalry to see which can do the most for the flag of the united country."

Representatives of the various woman's associations had five minutes with the President, during which Mrs. Behan of the Woman's League that was active in the fever fight, pinned a badge of the league used during the campaign against yellow fever on the lapel of the President's coat.

The demonstration at the luncheon at the St. Charles Hotel following a reception by the Governor and his staff and the women's clubs, was scarcely less exuberant than his reception in the streets has been. When the President entered the superbly decorated dining hall the 625 banqueters rose and gave vent to frantic cheering. Every reference to him by Gov. Blanchard, Mayor Behrman, and President Sanders of the Progressive Union brought forth a perfect storm of cheers, and when the President rose he had great difficulty in speaking. Every thought he uttered was the signal for an extraordinary exhibition of enthusiasm, and as his speech dealt almost entirely with local subjects and had special reference to the fight against yellow fever, the banquet developed into an unceasing ovation.

Gov. Blanchard's Welcome.

Gov. Blanchard in his address said:

"We may not have voted for Theodore Roosevelt, but I say to him in your presence, and I know with your approval, that nevertheless, being here, he is as much in the house of his friends as though each of us had been his ardent supporter. Nowhere, and among no people, I make bold to say, does he receive, or can he receive, a more hearty and sincere welcome.

"We really like you, Mr. President. We like you both as President and man. As Chief Executive head of the Republic you have done a lot of things that we approve of, and in doing them you have won our esteem, elicited our praise and commanded our admiration.

"You are even now standing for some other things and measures that we are with you on, as to which you have our good wishes, and relative to which we, the Democrats of Louisiana, and I believe generally of the South, wish to see you have the support of the Democratic vote in the two houses of Congress this Winter.

"With us of the South the day of mere political prejudice has passed away. There is not much of this feeling lingering, and what there is will soon disappear.

"We will continue division on political principles, and often on the measures, but when President Roosevelt good Republican though he be, proposes measures that we feel and believe are for the good of the country, we are going to strike hands with him on them and help him enact them into law."

Gov. Blanchard then praised the President's action in bringing about peace between Japan and Russia, and for his prompt aid in Louisiana's struggle against yellow fever. He added:

"It is said, Sir, that you dream of uniting the two sections of the country in a common impulse, directed to a better understanding and a more generally accepted fraternity. We of Louisiana clasp hands with you on that, and we'll speed the coming day.

"Whatever differences between us the past may have evolved, whatever differences the future may bring forth, they have not lessened, nor can they lessen our admiration for your patriotism, courage, and sincerity. Differences of opinion and thought sometimes bring their compensation in a closer intimacy between sections and men. That, Mr. President, is what has occurred in the case of yourself and the South. We of Dixieland are convinced that your heart has always been right, and your head has not made many slips.

"We forgive and forget. Our eyes are toward the front."

President's Tribute to Louisiana.

President Roosevelt, in responding, said:

"Let me, at the outset, express through my profound gratitude my deep appreciation of the way in which the people of New Orleans and Louisiana have greeted me. Gentlemen, no President of the United States could be greeted as I have been greeted to-day and not go back to take up the duties of his office with a stronger and more earnest purpose to try to represent all the splendid people whom he serves.

"And, Governor, as you have so well said, when a man is President, when he holds any public office, questions of merely partisan character sink into absolute insignificance compared with the mighty questions upon which all good Americans are united.

"And now, gentlemen, as you have greeted me so well, you have given me the opportunity to indulge myself in a luxury. There have been moments in the past when I was afraid of saying how well I thought of the Senators and Representatives in the National Congress from Louisiana, for fear I might damage them. I did not know but that maybe the best service I could do them was to keep still.

"Now I am emboldened by your generous kindness and confidence to say that it has been indeed a pleasure to deal with Louisiana's representatives in the Senate and in the lower house in Congress, because whenever I had to do with a great question of National importance I could go to them convinced that if I could show them it was really for the good of the Nation they would stand for it. [A voice: "Mr. President, you're a brick."]

"Now that's all I ask. Sometimes I could not make them look at things my way; that was my misfortune. But all I had to do was to be able to show them that any measure was for the country's good and I knew they would stand for it. I don't want any Senator or any Congressman to vote for anything I favor just because I favor it, but I don't want him to vote against it just because I favor it. And there were certain very worthy men in both houses of Congress who literally went down against the realization of their most cherished objects in the past as soon as I took them up.

"Now from the representatives of Louisiana I was sure of support, whether it was a question of building up and keeping at a high point of efficiency the United States Navy, or whether it was a question of making the Panama Canal. And, mind you, gentlemen, the two questions go together.

"One thing that, as President of this country, I won't do is to make a bluff that I don't intend to make good. I don't intend, on behalf of the Nation, to take any position until I have carefully thought out whether that position will be advantageous to the Nation, but if I take it I am going to keep it, and I am going to keep it no matter what outsider goes the other way.

No Respect for Brawling Nations.

"And I am sure that you, gentlemen, know it has been an utter mistake to think of me as a man desirous of seeing this Nation quarrelsome, this Nation eager to get into trouble. I have no respect either for the nation or for the individual that brawls, that invites trouble, and I want to see this Nation do as the individual man in the Nation who respects himself should do—scrupulously regardful of the rights of others and honestly endeavoring to avoid all cause of difficulty. But I want, on behalf of this Nation, the peace that comes, not to the coward who cringes for it, but the peace of the just man armed who asks it as a right.

"And now, in returning to the greeting of the Governor and the Mayor this afternoon, I felt at once very proud and very humble. I have been greeted with words far above my worth; far above what is merited by what I have done. [Cries of "No, no!"] I didn't say that for the purpose of asking your dissent from it. I don't say anything unless I mean it.

"I came down to see this body of men this afternoon with a heart full of gratitude to them for having displayed through the trials of the hard Summer that has passed those qualities of heroism which we like to think of as distinctly American. And, gentlemen, in coming among you this afternoon, I have the feeling of a man who, having been at headquarters, but not in action, goes to see a regiment that has been in action.

"I know that you understand, gentlemen, that the Governor and Mayor, at any time during the past Summer, had but to request my presence, and I would have come down here at once, at any time when I could have been of the slightest assistance to you in the magnificent struggle you were waging.

"And I wish to express the profound appreciation and gratitude of all Americans toward you, our fellow-Americans, who have borne the heat and burden of the contest during the long day that has been passing. And I want to say that in actual war there can be no greater and more effective heroism than was shown by those who stayed here at their posts and by those who, being away, came back to aid in the fight of their fellows in distress.

"You have had your martyrs, among them my dear lamented friend, Archbishop Chapelle, but you have your proud memories of service rendered and the thrill that comes with the victory you have already won, and I have been both amused and irritated at the comments sometimes made by people who live in other communities that were not in danger.

Record Louisiana Made.

"As to your shortcomings—" Among the younger men are some who, when younger still, have played football; and they will remember how very much easier it was to play the game from the side lines than on the field. New Louisiana and New Orleans this Summer did what so far as I remember, has never been done before in the case of a similar epidemic of yellow fever in the United States. They took hold of it after it had started, and when it had got well under way, and they controlled and conquered it without waiting for frost to come.

"The highest gratitude is due to the officials of the State, to the officials of the city, and to the private individuals, clergymen, educators, and business men, who spent their time and money and risked their lives freely in that work, and who achieved such success in that work. It was the greatest privilege to me to contribute what I was able to do to the work.

Mr. Mayor, Governor, you can hardly realize the pleasure I felt when a request was made upon me that gave the chance to do something for you, and I am glad to find how well you think of the work that was done by the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service under Dr. White.

"And it gives me pleasure now to announce that in response to the request of the Governor and of the Mayor I have told them that Dr. White shall be detailed down here just as long as his services are needed.

"Now, just a word, for it's getting late. (A voice: "Keep it up; keep it up, there's plenty of water in the jetties.") "I'm making this speech. Just a word on a couple of subjects. The Governor spoke of the Panama Canal. It's a very big work and it's a very big Nation that can do that kind of work. I expect soon to have a report from the engineers as to the exact shape the work will take. I will then be able to make more definite forecasts as to the time, but of this I can assure you, the work will be done well; it will be done as speedily as possible and it will absolutely and surely be done.

"One more point. New Orleans and Louisiana are vitally interested in the levee system. The Mississippi which flows through this State, drains portions of twenty odd other States, and the control of that river, in my opinion, must be in good part a National object. The National Government does something toward the erection and care of the levees. In my judgment it should do not only more, but very much more.

"And, finally, my friends, let me say a word of special duty to some of those who have greeted me to-day because of what their greeting symbolized. I was greeted by your school children clustered around the monument erected to that pure and upright man and—that mighty General, Robert E. Lee. And as we drove away from the square in which that statue stands we passed by a house in this old Confederate city in which there was prominently displayed a picture of Abraham Lincoln, and underneath it the words, 'With malice toward none, with charity for all.'

The Blue and the Gray.

"I was greeted by a special guard of honor, composed of men who in the great war had worn the Confederate uniform. I was also greeted by men who in that war had worn the blue. I saw before me many of my comrades of the lesser war and I had in my own regiment from Louisiana as well as from other States men whose fathers had worn the blue, all united forever in loyalty to one indissoluble union and separated only by the rivalry of trying to see which could do the most for the flag of our common country.

"Oh, my fellow-countrymen, think what a fortune is ours, that we belong to this Nation which, having fought one of the mightiest wars of all times, is now united and claimed by the whole people as their own, claimed as their heritage of honor and glory as they exult in every deed of valor performed by every man who stood on whichever side in that contest, provided only that when the days came which tried men's souls he did all that was in him, did his duty according to the light that was given him."

The luncheon ended at 6 o'clock, and at 6:15 the President, escorted by the First Troop of cavalry, was driven to the river through dense masses of shouting people and boarded the lighthouse tender Magnolia.

As the Magnolia left the landing a Presidential salute was fired, while the din of hundreds of steam whistles mingled with the cheering of thousands of people who had collected on the wharf.

No newspaper representatives accompanied the President on the boat, and he will be out of touch with the world throughout the night; but daylight to-morrow is expected to bring news of his successful transfer to the armored cruiser West Virginia, which lies at anchor off the mouth of the Mississippi River to receive him and carry him on toward the capital.

FRAMEWORK STILL SOUND.

Steel and Iron in Old Plaza Hotel as Good as New.

The steel and iron that made up the framework of the Plaza Hotel, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, which has been torn down to make room for a new eighteen-story hotel of the same name, has been found to be as good as new, although the old building was erected over twenty years ago.

"There is not a scale on those beams and pillars," said D. L. Norris, Superintendent in charge of the building of the new hotel, which will be actively begun next month by the George A. Fuller Construction Company. "If some one wanted to put up a building of the same style and dimensions exactly as the old Plaza Hotel he would not need to buy a single new piece of iron or steel. The old metal is in a state of perfect preservation. However, an entirely new set has been provided for the new building.

"This is not unusual with buildings of steel framework. A hundred years from now the old Plaza would have been as solid and as safe as it was when torn down. A year or so ago I superintended the tearing down and the rebuilding of a part of the Post Office at Dubuque, Iowa, which was put up in 1864. The steel framework was in perfect condition.

"But, as I say, that is not at all unusual. We find that to be the case with steel framework buildings wherever they are torn down. No modern building is constructed on any other plan now."

The wreckers, who are getting out the last of the iron and steel that rose from the original foundation, are not having an easy job. Dynamite is being used to loosen the old iron uprights. In January the new steel frame will begin to rise. The plans provide that the new Plaza shall be completed within a year from January.

YELLOW FEVER DYING OUT.

No Deaths and Only Three New Cases in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 26.—With only three cases, no deaths, and forty-two cases under treatment, the yellow fever campaign is regarded as practically over.

There will be some radical changes in the Marine Hospital corps of officers stationed here to-morrow, a large portion of them being ordered to return to their regular stations.

William Atterbury Dead.

Lieut. Col. William Atterbury, who was a resident of Brooklyn for sixty years, died late Wednesday night in Montclair, N. J. He was 85 years old. Mr. Atterbury served two years in the civil war. When it was over he became a paper manufacturer, with offices in this city. Two sons, Robert Bucknell and Henry Atterbury, survive him.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

7:35 A. M.—28 Cherry Street; John Randall; damage, $10.

9:20 A. M.—132d Street and Lincoln Avenue; Estey Piano Company; damage, $5.

10 A. M.—311 East Ninety-seventh Street; owner unknown; damage slight.

11:25 A. M.—11 West Thirty-fifth Street; Miss Charlotte Sands; damage, $500.

11:35 A. M.—527 West Thirty-second Street; Howard & Childs; damage slight.

12:05 P. M.—555 Eighth Avenue; Mary Joss; damage, $5.

12:50 P. M.—711 East Ninth Street; owner unknown; damage, $25.

2 P. M.—324 Second Avenue; Mary Repp; damage slight.

3:10 P. M.—Southwest corner of Eightieth Street and Broadway; owner unknown; damage, $25.

4:10 P. M.—Northwest corner of 149th Street and Bergen Avenue; owner unknown; no damage.

4:40 P. M.—125th Street and Eighth Avenue; McKeever Brothers; damage, $10.

5 P. M.—7 West 116th Street; owner unknown; damage trifling.

5:45 P. M.—Webster and Burnside Avenues; owner unknown; damage, $10.

5:50 P. M.—104th Street and Convent Avenue; owner unknown; no damage.

7:30 P. M.—322 East 101st Street; Harry Mittman; damage trifling.

7:45 P. M.—62 Grand Street; M. Lowenthal; damage, $25.

CHESTER BILLINGS & SON SUCCESSORS TO RANDEL BAREMORE & BILLINGS
Designers and Makers of EXCLUSIVE JEWELRY
SILVERSMITHS
BILLINGS COURT 5TH AVE AT 34TH ST
ESTABLISHED 1840

Tailor Shops: 110 Fifth Ave.

THAT hollow sink in front of the shoulders—the *bete noir* of the "ready-made"—is obliterated in the

Atterbury System Clothes

They are ready-to-wear and present a smooth, unbroken expanse across the chest, unmarred by fold or wrinkle. And it stays so. The best custom tailor charges two prices to do this. At the Lambert Stores you pay but one.

"Ask the Man Who Wears Them."

$20 to $40.

Special line of Suits and Overcoats *$15.*

Salesrooms:
39 and 41 Cortlandt Street.

Clothes, Furnishings, Shoes, Hats. Sole Agent. Also at New Haven, Conn.

LAMBERT

H&I COLLARS ARE LINEN

Collar Chat No. 39

A few years ago men's collars were made of linen; but cotton has generally been substituted, for the reason that it is a much cheaper fabric. Like other substitutes, it is inferior and depreciates their value.

Linen is the standard of worth in Collars as surely as gold is the standard in metals.

H. & I. Collars are linen, and bear the "Warranted Linen" stamp—your protection.

Be sure you get H. & I. Collars. 2 for 25c—same price you pay for cotton.

Built for comfort.

If your dealer won't supply you, send us his name, asking for booklet, "Linen *versus* Cotton," and get collar-wise.

IF IT'S H&I IT'S LINEN

HENRY HOLMES
Troy, New York
SALESROOM:
32 Union Square West
New York

ANDIRONS MANTELS TILES

Wm H. JACKSON COMPANY
Union Sq. North—29 E. 17th St.

Morgan's Ginger Ale and Club Soda

Acknowledged Best—Highest Award.
Order from your Dealer or direct from
JOHN MORGAN,
Established 1856.
243 West 39th St., N. Y. 'Phone 454—18th.

THE GAS STORE

The VULCAN GAS LOG

Can be instantly regulated to any degree of warmth. The simple turn of a valve gives any desired temperature. They are most economical, as they burn one-half air mixed with gas, and are positively guaranteed to be free from smoke or soot when properly connected.

Call

DELIGHTFUL AND CONVENIENT—OUR EIGHTH FLOOR RESTAURANT.

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

BARGAIN FRIDAY VALUES

that more than fulfill your expectations at New York's finest retail store.

BARGAIN FRIDAY at Simpson Crawford Co.'s is becoming more and more a day of general shopping among thousands of shrewd buyers. It is the day set aside for disposing of all odd lots, broken lines, remnants, etc., which the public has learned are as desirable at this store as regular goods at regular prices.

Special values in stocks that are complete also form an important part of the Friday shopping trip at this store. You will become enthusiastic over these Friday sales when you see the crowds that attend them. You can't imagine what a large saving is available till you have inspected the merchandise. Come to-day.

It is pleasant to shop at Simpson Crawford Co.'s large, light store, where the aisles are spacious and stocks effectively displayed.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

25.00 Winter overcoats 15.50

COPYRIGHT 1905 BY THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER

THESE overcoats will be on sale only one day at 15.50. Small lots we want to close out in preparation for the biggest Saturday we ever had in our clothing department. They've been selling so rapidly at 25.00 that only 247 remain, divided into the following groups: Second Floor.

THE SURTOUT—A most becoming coat—tight fitting back.
THE REGENT—A long 52 inch single breasted coat.
THE RENWICK—Medium length single breasted overcoat.
THE ROSSMORE—Double breasted overcoat of fancy material.

These are the popular styles now among the best dressed men, and we have them in all sizes. Every man may come here to-day with positive assurance of a perfect-fitting overcoat in the style most becoming to his build—stout, slender or medium—at 15.50.

The materials are Kersey, Melton, Frieze, Cheviots, Vicunas and fancy Overcoats.

Think of this as a serious business proposition. Give it your consideration, and remember that you cannot be disappointed as there is not a coat in the lot for which you would not be willing to pay $25 provided you want one of the best 25.00 coats on the market. Our stocks for Saturday will be so heavy in order to supply the demand that we must clear out all of these 25.00 coats to-day at 15.50

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Taffeta silk waists at 2.00

PUT in announcement form this Bargain Friday special would read like this:

Friday, October 27th, Simpson Crawford Co. offer two hundred and fifty Taffeta silk waists Values up to 5.00 Special at 2.00

A variety of shades—some models are made with yokes of fine plaits; others are tailor stitched with trimmed collar and cuffs.

BUT this bargain is too important for mere announcement. We want to give you a reason so logical that you will know it is no mistake.

Fact of the matter is there isn't a waist in the lot that we sell regularly for less than 3.50, and we've included a lot of others that sell up to 5.00 just to show you how enthusiastic a crowd will become over a Simpson Crawford waist bargain.

We have been so successful with these waists at regular prices that the manufacturer sent us his entire sample line at less than half price. That accounts for the extremely low price to-day.

SEVERAL EXCELLENT STYLES IN MADRAS WAISTS—made with yoke or plaited front effect. Comes with tucked collar and cuffs. Price 98c

PLAID WAISTS IN BEAUTIFUL INVISIBLE PLAIDS—entire front made of solid rows of inverted box plaits—plaited back and stitched cuffs. Value 4.00; special 2.95

BLACK TAFFETA SILK WAISTS—with front made of tailor stitched side plaits and plaited back. Trimmed collar and cuffs. Value 5.00; price 3.95

BLACK ALBATROSS WAISTS—with fancy stripe entire front made of stitched side plaits to form yoke—down front trimmed with silk buttons. Price 1.50

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Kayser's Pure Italian Silk Undergarments for Women

SPECIALLY selected numbers of these choice, high grade, luxurious, pure silk vests—the finest underwear made for the fashionably gowned woman. Main Floor.

VESTS, low neck and sleeveless—plain fronts—best grade. They come in white, sky and pink. Each 2.45

SAME VESTS, with elaborate silk, hand embroidered designs on the front—Fleur de Lis, Lover's Knot, and several new floral designs. They come in white, sky and pink. Each 2.89

90 CORSET COVERS made of this beautiful silk—in very elaborate trimming—lace insertion, lace medallions—the very best high grade work—hand effects—low neck and sleeveless. The garments are all of the very highest grades, which were used for display purpose. Their prices have been from 2.50 to 4.50 each. The colors are white, sky and pink. We'll close them out Friday while they last, each 1.50

Leather bags.

Value 1.50, special 95c

1,000 real leather bags—Vanity, Envelope and Carriage Bags. Some of them are genuine morocco leather—others seal grain leather. All beautifully lined throughout with leather or silk—have one or two fittings. Many of them are ordinarily 1.50 values. Choice 95c Main Floor.

FANCY IMPORTED NOVELTY DAINTY BAGS AND PURSES—all colors and black. Value to 1.00. Special, choice 50c

2.00 pictures, 1.00

A large and varied collection of Pictures for the bed room or sitting room. Very attractive subjects—extra size 20 x 24 inches—all pictures are mounted and matted with heavy, three-inch gilt frames with ornamental corners. Good value at 2.00. Special 1.00

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Our Friday GLOVE clearing offers many attractive specials—1.00 gloves, 69c

MEN AND WOMEN'S GLACE AND SUEDE GLOVES. They are odd pairs of gloves—broken lots and not all sizes or all styles, but most all sizes in different kinds left over from previous sales. Culled from our regular stock—in fact, most every pair is worth not less than 1.00 69c

MEN'S STREET GLOVES. Mocha cape and pique sewn kid—some silk lined, Mocha Gloves. Regular 1.50 values at 1.00

WOMEN'S PIQUE SEWN KID GLOVES—Imported direct by Simpson Crawford Co. are unequalled at the price for street, durability, style and finish. Pair 1.25

Embroidery sets.

These kindergarten instructors are the latest imported novelty in this class. Well fitted and furnished. Put up in fancy box. Value 50c 35c

Odd tailor-made suits to-day at 29.75.

THESE suits have been so popular at higher prices that stocks complete a week ago have been reduced to odds and ends of one or two suits of a kind. For variety you couldn't find a better selection anywhere, at any price, and the style, quality and workmanship you can judge by the way the duplicates of these suits sold at higher prices. Third Floor.

29.75 Odds and ends in broadcloth, cheviots, mixtures and unfinished worsteds—all colors—blue, brown, black, including Hunter's Green, cathedral, wine, gray and in as many different models to select from—short blouse and Eton styles—short jacket or ¾ lengths—plaited skirts. Price, 29.75.

CHEVIOT SUITS in blue and black; also fine Scoth mixtures and invisible checks—short, jaunty, tight-fitting coats or ¾ length—notch collar—plaited skirts. Special 19.75

BLACK MOUNTINAK COATS—short nobby style—satin lined with dull silk collars—well tailored and finished. Special 12.75

SHORT COVERT CLOTH JACKETS—several models—two shades of tan, lined with soft satin—tapped or strap seams—with or without velvet collars—very "chic." Price 14.75

THE NEW MOTOR COATS in heavy English tweeds—¾ or full length—new strapping effect or piped in velvet, with large fancy buttons. Price 22.50

RAINCOATS.

Specially priced to-day at $11.75

A new model, collarless effect, with or without braid—tan, oxford and olive—well finished; special 11.75 to-day.

To-day we clear out all SILK and VELVET remnants we have been selling up to 2.00 a yard at 39c., 49c., 59c., 69c. and 79c. a yard.

THIS is a great silk and velvet season, and it is a well-known fact that the selling at Simpson Crawford Co.'s has been unprecedented owing to the fact that all the new shades and all desirable qualities may be found here at moderate prices. The natural conduct of our business has left us with several hundred desirable remnants, including lengths for entire suits, waists and skirts. Main Floor.

Very special—silk chiffon velvet worth up to 2.00 a yard—to-day 79c

Almost every known weave and color is represented. Plain colored silks of every description. Fancy silk of all kinds, including satin plaids, evening silks and black silks. Paon velvets, chiffon velveteen, panne velvets, colored and black dress velvet corduroys, etc. 5,000 YARDS OF REGULAR 69c. PLAIN COLORED AND GLACE TAFFETA, in street and evening shades, suitable for dresses, linings, etc., in prunes, wines, plums, etc. Price per yard 39c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Blankets and comfortables—Very special.

PRICE comparisons tell a story of Bargain Friday savings that needs no emphasis. The weather is right for these blankets and comfortables. Main Floor.

WHITE CALIFORNIA WOOL BLANKETS double bed size—wide taffeta ribbon binding. Value 6.00 per pair. At 5.00

WHITE CALIFORNIA WOOL BLANKETS—in single or double bed size—full weight. Value 5.00 per pair. At 3.95

COTTON COMFORTABLES—figured silkoline coverings—floral or Persian designs—extra size—70x78 inches—filled with clean white cotton. Would be good value at 2.75. Special 1.95

75c SILKOLINE CRIB COMFORTS with ruffle 38c

WHITE EASTERN WOOL BLANKETS—double bed size—pink, blue or red borders. Value 3.75 per pair. At 3.00

Extra quality finest PLAID BLANKETS—strictly all wool. Value 7.50 per pair, at 6.00

COMFORTABLES

COTTON COMFORTABLES—figured silkoline coverings full size. Value 1.65, 1.35

COTTON COMFORTABLES—figured French Sateen covering—some with 9-inch plain border. Value 3.75, 2.95

200 PAIRS GREY WOOL BLANKETS—two sizes. Single bed, per pair 2.25. Double bed, per pair 3.00

1,000 PAIRS COTTON FLEECE BLANKETS—white or grey, at per pair 49c, 59c, 69c, 89c, 98c

About 200 extra quality DOWN COMFORTABLES—French Sateen covering—newest colorings—full size 6x6 feet—pure down filling. Value 6.00 each, at 4.95

1.95 DOWN COMFORTABLES for cribs 1.25

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Outing flannels and flannelettes.

Main Floor.

BEST QUALITY OUTING FLANNEL—38 inches wide—newest designs in stripes, value 15c. Special at 10c

WOOL AND COTTON FLANNEL—27 inches wide—white only. Value 25c. Per yard 15c

VELVET FINISH FLANNEL—27 inches wide—newest designs for house gowns, kimonas, dressing sacques or waists. Per yard 15c

SCOTCH FLANNEL—28 inches wide, newest designs in embroidered effects—stripes, checks and plain colors. Value 35c. Per yard 22c

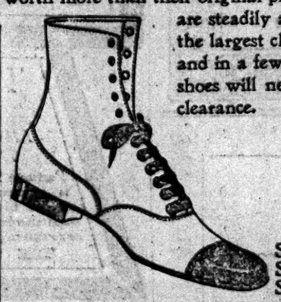
NOVELTY WAISTING FLANNEL—28 inches wide—embroidered with dots, figures; also dots with stripes. Value 48c. Per yard 39c

SILK EMBROIDERED SKIRTING FLANNEL—newest designs in hemstitched or scalloped edge. Value 75c. Per yard 55c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Boys' and girls' shoes reduced

JUST a few sizes missing in this or that kind, but by grouping the different styles we can furnish nearly every size. The shoes are worth more than their original price, as all shoes and component parts are steadily advancing—but we are preparing for the largest children's shoe business in our history, and in a few days our new stock of "Footshape" shoes will need shelf room, so it is to be a quick clearance.



Here's an idea of the saving:

3.50 shoes,	2.45	2.00 shoes,	1.35
3.00 shoes,	1.95	1.25 shoes,	1.00
2.50 shoes,	1.65	1.00 shoes,	75c

Priced according to size as follows:

Sizes 6 to 10½—75c—1.19—1.35—1.65
Sizes 11 to 2—1.00—1.35—1.65—1.95
Sizes 2½ to 7— 1.95—2.45

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

A 1.25 gas stove 75c., Bargain Friday

WE selected the most economical gas and oil heaters we could find for this Winter and bought them in quantities that gave us a big discount and afford you the best modern warming devices that consume the least fuel and generate the most heat at a very unusual saving. Basement Salesroom.

250 CYLINDER GAS STOVES—21 inches high—have 3 legs, fancy top and brass burner—cylinder made of polished Russia iron. If you will need a gas stove this coming Winter now is an opportunity. Value 1.25 each, at 75c

FULL SIZE OIL HEATER—has 4-quart oil tank, wrought iron and bail handle, nickel top and nickel centre band. Value 2.50, each 1.95

BRONZED FIRE SCREEN—4-fold and 20 inches high. Value 1.50; price 98c

ANDIRONS—made of full black iron and entirely new design. Value 3.50 per pair; price 2.95

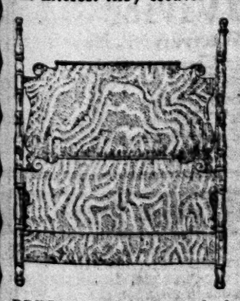
FIRE SETS—consisting of poker, tongs, shovel and rack—set is made of dull black iron. Value 3.00; price 2.50

We are showing the most complete line of brass and black iron grates, fenders, andirons, fire screens, coal hods, etc.

Twenty-five mahogany Antique bedsteads

Value 29.00 $14.50

IN A sale of Colonial furniture several months ago we sold fifty-seven of these beds in one day, at 29.00 each. Imagine what a stirring Bargain Friday sale this will be at half price—$14.50. When you see the beds, though, you will not be surprised at the interest they create. This is a new lot bought at half price. Fifth Floor.



In the first place they are true to the old Colonial style of Martha Washington's time. And the workmanship, material and finish is absolutely above criticism. You can hardly tell them from the beds sold in antique shops at five times the price we ask.

MAHOGANY BEDSTEADS—waxed finish, the old Colonial style—high post effects—head and foot mounted with heavy antique row—decorated with hand carved pineapple designs—full panneled—full size. Value 29.00. Special at $14.50

Other Colonial pieces.

DRESSER—mahogany waxed finish, to match above bedstead—large French bevel plate mirror—superior construction. Value 32.00. At $19.50

CHIFFONIER—mahogany—waxed finish—fitted with large French bevel plate mirror—guaranteed workmanship. Value 28.00. Price $15.75

DRESSING TABLE—made from selected flaked oak—old English—wax finish, extra large French bevel plate mirror. Value 19.00. Price $9.50

WASHSTAND—genuine oak—old English—wax finish. Value 15.00. Price $7.50

MEN'S SHIRTS.

Value, $1.00. Special, 50c.

HUNDREDS of men were kept away from this sale last Bargain Friday by the rain, and, although we sold many shirts, we have enough for a big day's selling to-day.

For a better appreciation of the importance of this event, we would have you know that this offer is in pursuance of a new and unique system of advertising inaugurated in our Men's Furnishing Section and Main Floor.

Once a week we sell a standard article of men's wear at a special reduction.

That means that the price of these shirts formerly was $1.00 AT THIS STORE, and it is seldom possible to duplicate them ANYWHERE for less—the new Fall negligee shirts we offer here to-day, at 50c

These shirts are made of excellent quality heavy oxford cheviots in dark Fall colorings—plain fronts—cushion neckbands—cuffs attached—all of the very best finish in every respect—sizes 14 to 17. The best shirt ever sold at $1.00. Special here for to-day only, at 80c

Men's heavy weight Jersey fitting wool shirts and drawers—guaranteed not shrinkable—all sizes—$1.50 value, special for to-day 79c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Boys' 5.00 overcoats at 3.00

RUSSIAN overcoats—sizes 2½ to 10 years—so popular it is difficult to supply the demand at 5.00, and to-day, at the Bargain Friday price of 3.00, we anticipate such a crowd for them that every coat will be sold before six o'clock. We could secure only 350 to sell at this price and don't expect another lot like them. Second Floor.

For the boy that needs a very warm coat we have the flannel lined garments. The materials are oxford and blue and fancy mixed. 3.00

Don't miss this opportunity. The same coat would have cost you 5.00 yesterday. We've sold hundreds at that price and we're in position to know what a splendid value they are considered by particular parents at 5.00. At 3.00 they are the most exceptional bargain we ever heard of in a boy's overcoat.

BOYS' OVERCOATS.

For the boy from 7 to 16 years we have a very handsome Frieze Coat in single or double breasted—with velvet collar Price 3.95

TOURIST OVERCOATS.

These Overcoats are in Scotchy effects, also blue and oxford, in the popular Tourist Coat—with belt back—cut very long—loose back, tight fitting collars. Sizes 8 to 16 years. Price 4.95

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

27.00 fur lined coats at 18.50.

TO prove to you that Simpson Crawford Co. do not allow any store in New York to offer a better value in fur lined coats than they offer, we have decided to clear out all of our 27.00 broadcloth coats to-day at 18.50. Third Floor.

They are good, warm, serviceable, stylish coats, too, well lined with fine gray and white squirrel. The model is that popular 44-inch coat, long, full and boxy—made of a good quality broadcloth—stitched collar.

No day save Bargain Friday could offer such fur values as you will find here to-day, both in neckwear and fur lined garments.

8.00 gray squirrel pillow muffs..5.50
5.00 gray squirrel Ascot ties....3.50

Furs repaired and remodeled according to the latest styles.

AT moderate cost our expert furriers, upon whom you can depend for style and superior workmanship, will remodel your furs, so they will be up-to-date in style. Repairs will also be made.

As this department has on hand a large number of garments and pieces that require immediate attention, we request that you notify us to call as soon as convenient.

We make furs to order and will be pleased to submit estimates on the latest European and American models. Third Floor.

Armour's toilet soaps.

Box of three cakes—your choice of Witch Hazel, Palm Oil, Almond and Cucumber.

The regular price, 15c., Bargain Friday, 5c

No mail orders.

Pears' Soap, 3 cakes 25c
Piver's Perfume Azure, Safranor or Le Trefle, oz. 59c
Ch. Fay's French Sachets in sateen bags. Value 25c. 10c
Dupont's French Tooth Brushes. 25c. value 15c
Finest Violet Cold Cream, per jar, 10c., per ½ lb. 25c
Levy's La Blache Face Powder 25c
Witch Hazel Liquid Cream for chapped skin. Val. 35c. 23c
Coke's Dandruff Cure 29c
Fletcher's Castoria 21c
Piso's Cough Cure 19c
Pure Norway Cod Liver Oil, ½ pint, 29c., pint 50c

Notion bargains.

Warren's silk gros grain covered waist featherbone—value 12c. yard. Price per yard 5c
Price per doz. yards 59c
Oz. spool dressmaker's machine silk. Per spool 39c
Silk Soutache braid. 24 yards for 25c
Gold belting. Value 75c. Special per yard 45c
Silk hair net. Per dozen 25c
Real hair back nets. Dozen 60c
Each 5c
Golf nets—extra large: 3 for 50c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

69c. and 89c. French challies at 50c.

HERE'S a sale of challies that we believe will eclipse any value that has been offered this season—those all-pure imported wool challies that make the very handsomest afternoon dresses and house gowns. Main Floor.

To-day we show a variety of new designs in light ground with rosebuds, pin dots—neat floral designs—satin stripes, large scroll patterns and Persian stripes—also dark grounds with color combination figures, suitable for mourning. These fabrics are valued at prices ranging from 69c. to 89c. per yard. Special 50c

1,300 YARDS BLACK CHEVIOT—full 54 inches wide—extra heavy double warp sponged and shrunk—beautiful jet black. Regularly sold at 1.00 yard. Special 69c

1.25 QUALITY CHIFFON BROADCLOTH—all pure wool—high satin finish—full 50 inches wide—all new Fall colorings. Per yard 89c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Groceries—Bargain Friday specials

Sale of hams

Swift's and Armour's fine quality sugar cured hams 12 -lb. size—special per lb. 11½c

NEW MIXED NUTS. For Hallowe'en.

Grenoble Walnuts, Nonpareil Almonds, Jumbo Pecans, Large Brazils and Naples Filberts, mixed the "way you like them." Regular price 20c. Special for Friday, lb. 16c

OX TONGUES.—Simpson Crawford's Special, Mild Cured, Fresh Smoked; average size 4 lbs.; lb. 14½c

FRESH BUTTER.—Royal Stuart Extra Creamery, the kind we are noted for; 1-lb. print, delivered. 30c; 5-lb. package, $1.45; 3-lb. package 88c

SUCCOTASH.—Valley Brand, New York State, Creamy, Tender Succotash; case 24 cans, $1.85; dozen, 95c.; can 8c

SUGAR CORN.—Cameron, New York State; Fancy New Pack; dozen, $1.00; three cans 25c

APPLES.—Fancy Rhode Island Greenings, Baldwins, or York Pippins; 8 qt. basket 28c

POTATOES.—Extra Quality Long Island Stock; 180-lb. sack, $2.65; peck, 15 lbs., 22c.; bushel, 60 lbs. 88c

SCOTCH OATMEAL.—Robinson's Imported for Porridge, Oat Cakes, &c.; dozen, $1.15; package 10c

MAINE CORN.—Royal Stuart, Fancies and New Pack; case 24 cans, $2.95; doz., $1.50; can 13c

BOSTON FERNS.—Regular 65c. plants at 29c

MOUNTAIN COFFEE.—Simpson Crawford's SPECIAL Java and Mocha; 10 lbs., $2.50; 4 lbs., $1.00; lb. 28c

ASPARAGUS.—Old Glory Brand California Dainty Tips; doz., $2.95; can 25c

PURE COCOA.—Royal Stuart Finest Chocolate Flavored; 6 cans, $1.00; ½-lb. can 18c

WAVERLY COFFEE.—Java and Mocha; blended the "way you like it"; 10 lbs., $1.95; 5 lbs., $1.00; lb. 22c

TEAS.—Fragrant Ceylon, Formosa Oolong, Mixed and all 45c. varieties; 5 lbs., $1.75; lb. 38c

TEAS.—Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast and all 75c. varieties, blended to suit your personal taste; 5 lbs., in caddy, $2.75; 3 lbs., in caddy, $1.65; lb. 60c

CAKE FLOUR.—Royal Stuart Cake and Pastry Flour; ¼-bbl. sack, 95c.; 10-lb. sack, 45c.; 5-lb. sack 25c

PURE LARD.—Swift's Silver Leaf or Armour's Shield; 3, 5, or 10 lb. pail; lb. 10½c

NEW PRUNES.—Fancy Santa Clara Valley fruit, 25-lb. box, $1.95; 5 lbs., 40c.; 3 lbs. 25c

JERSEY TOMATOES.—Royal Stuart, solid packed, ripe fruit, fine flavor; dozen, $1.50; mammoth 8% lb. can 13c

NEW TOMATO SOUP.—Libby's peerless concentrated and seven other varieties; dozen, 95c.; can 8c

NEW JAMS.—Royal Stuart, Absolutely Pure Fruit Jams, all varieties; 1-lb. glass jar, 20c.; dozen, $2.25; 5lb. jars 1.13

NEW SEEDED RAISINS.—Panchest Three Crown Muscatels, new 1905 pack; dozen, $1.40; 16-oz. carton 12c

DUBLIN STOUT—Guinness' Extra Foreign Stout, bottled in Dublin; dozen pints, (¾ pints) 1.05

LIMA BEANS.—The best grown in California; 5 lbs., 40c.; 3 lbs. 25c

CHOPPED PICKLES.—Royal Stuart, new preserved; dozen, $2.50; 20-oz. bottle 22c

LAUNDRY SOAP.—Royal Stuart Best Family, most satisfactory for general household use; box 60 bars, $2.85; 1 lb. bar, 5c.; 10 bars 49c

WINES & LIQUEURS.

MONOGRAM—Pure Rye Whiskey; gallon, $2.75; quart bottle 75c

HOLLAND GIN—Van Gelder's; recommended for medicinal purposes; gallon, $3.00; bottle 68c

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Cameron Old Highland Liqueur; gallon, $3.95; bottle 78c

MALT EXTRACT—Donaldson's Pure CANADA MALT; dozen pts., $1.25; bottle 12c

MOUNT VERNON Pure Rye Whiskey; gallon, $2.50; qt. bottle 65c

BRANDY—Hennessy's Imported COGNAC; vintage 1894; bot. 1.00

OLD VINTAGE PORT, Golden Sherry, Muscatel, Angelica, or Madeira; gallon, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, and 75c.; quart bottle 43c

CLARETS AND RHINE WINES—Superior quality Wines, specially priced; gallon, $1.25, $1.50, and 76c

FINCH'S GOLDEN WEDDING Rye Whiskey; gallon, $3.00; quart bottle 83c

RATE CONVENTION SPLIT ON ROOSEVELT PLEDGE

"Railroad Element" Denied Admittance at Chicago Meeting.

POLICE STAND AT DOORS

Faction Led by D. M. Parry Retires to Another Hall and Organizes—Regulars Cheer the President.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The movement on the part of the shippers and mercantile interests to lend their aid in giving the Inter-State Commerce Commission the power to make and regulate railway rates resulted here to-day in two turbulent and opposing conventions, each asserting itself to be "regular."

The Inter-State Commerce Law Convention is the result of an agitation started by E. P. Bacon when the Esch-Townsend bill was first broached. Mr. Bacon sent a circular letter to various boards of trade and commercial bodies, asking them to meet in convention in Chicago. The idea gained circulation that Mr. Bacon's motive was largely political, and he was looked upon as a partisan of the President. This caused many anti-Roosevelt Republicans and others who had various reasons for opposing the President to flock to the standard of opposition, and this element rallied around D. M. Parry of Indianapolis.

As there seemed to be danger that his theory would be defeated in the convention, Mr. Bacon sent out a short time ago a circular letter defining what would constitute acceptable credentials for the delegates. This was nothing less than that each person seeking admission should be compelled to sign a pledge to support President Roosevelt's movement to extend the commission's powers. Mr. Bacon said that this was necessary because he had learned that the railways and other corporations had made arrangements to pack the convention with their own adherents.

On the other hand, Mr. Parry and his friends declare that Bacon found that he was going to be overwhelmed in his own convention, because only a limited number of the men he had invited were prepared to support his ideas. They say, too, that to increase his certainty of controlling the convention he had requested the Governors of States to send one delegate for each Congressional District, but that in spite of this precaution a majority of the extra men thus appointed are opposed to the enlargement of the Commission's powers.

The consequence of all this is two conventions with radically opposed principles met here to-day, each denouncing the other as being composed of interfering usurpers.

The convention subject to Mr. Bacon's call was scheduled to meet at Steinway Hall at 10 o'clock this morning.

The so-called "railroad" faction met at the Auditorium Annex this morning to prepare for an expected conflict with the "regulars" at the hall. Prior to the meeting at the Auditorium Annex coal dealers who are identified with the railroad element met at the Great Northern Hotel, and proceeded in a body to the Annex, where D. M. Parry, President of the National Manufacturers' Association, and other so-called railroad delegates were assembled.

As soon as the coal delegates arrived the question of the mode of procedure to be adopted was raised. Mr. Parry mounted upon a table, and acted as Chairman.

Dunne Offers Police Aid.

"We are advocates of free speech," said Parry, "and we demand our right to be heard. I understand that we are to be deprived of our right to be heard unless we sign a certain pledge. What is your pleasure?"

W. A. Meese of Michigan moved that the delegates go to the convention in a body, and if refused admittance retire to Studebaker Hall, where a second convention could be held. This motion met with some opposition and was laid on the table. A motion that the delegates go as individuals was made and carried. Badges were thereupon distributed, which read as follows: "Inter-State Law Convention; Supervision, Not Commercial Revolution."

Wearing the badges conspicuously, the delegates, headed by Mr. Parry, marched in a body to Steinway Hall. They found the doors guarded by uniformed police to prevent the admission of alleged representatives of the railroads. No delegates had been admitted to the hall except those who subscribed to what the officers of the convention called the "Creed and Articles of Faith," which indorsed President Roosevelt's message.

Mayor Dunne was an early arrival, and he congratulated the officers upon their decision to bar delegates charged with being in sympathy with the railroads.

"I will see that you have all the policemen needed to hold your convention without interference from the railroad lobbyists," said Mayor Dunne, as he was greeted by S. H. Cowan of Texas, one of the leaders in the convention.

Among later arrivals were Gov. Cummins of Iowa and ex-Gov. Larrabee of Iowa. Judge S. H. Cowan received the following telegram from Washington just before the convention was called to order:

Judge S. H. Cowan, Steinway Hall Convention: Hope the convention will resist to the utmost the admittance of any delegate who will not sign the proposed pledge. Let the railroad hired men exhibit their free passes and go home. If they outnumber you by violence go elsewhere and hold a Roosevelt convention.

W. E. CHANDLER.

As the railroad and coal men, led by Parry, neared the portals of Steinway Hall the doorkeeper offered the delegates the pledge already prepared. After looking at the pledge, Delegate Mason said: "I am a regularly accredited delegate and I ask to be admitted."

"You must sign this," replied the doorkeeper.

"I will not do so," returned Mason.

Then one by one the other Parry delegates went to the door and were refused. When the last man had been denied admittance by the doorkeeper, the Parry party went to Studebaker Hall. Nearly 200 delegates assembled in Studebaker Music Hall for a so-called "rump" convention. F. J. Bradley of Haverhill, Mass., was selected as temporary Chairman.

After the appointment of the Credentials Committee the Studebaker Hall meeting took a recess.

Wild Cheers for Roosevelt.

At Steinway Hall, meanwhile, Mayor Dunne, a Democrat, warmly welcomed the delegates who signed the Roosevelt pledge, and ex-Gov. F. T. Campbell of Ohio responded.

"It is unfortunate that the railroad interests attempted to interfere with this convention," he said. "It is a mistake to attempt to combat public opinion. We are here to indorse President Roosevelt's plan of Governmental regulation of railroad rates. I am heartily in favor of supporting him in his present campaign for railroad reform rate legislation. President Roosevelt's demands are reasonable, and it is a mistake to oppose them."

Every mention of President Roosevelt was greeted with tremendous applause. At the conclusion of Mr. Kern's speech the delegates rose in their seats and gave three hearty cheers for the President.

Ex-Gov. S. R. Van Sant of Minnesota said, in part:

"Our fight is an open one and our platform proclaimed to the world. We stand squarely upon that platform and will fight it out upon that line. We are not the enemies of the railroads. We do not stand ready with pickaxe and crowbar to tear up their tracks. Time will demonstrate that we are their best friends. In my opinion they are making a mistake to oppose so conservative a measure as the proposed amendment to the Inter-State commerce law.

"The rate question will not down. It is the paramount question before the American people. It affects every man, woman, and child in the United States."

As to numbers, the two factions were almost even, but the Baconians seemed to be slightly in the majority. All parts of the country were represented, although more Western delegates were noticed in the Steinway Hall meeting than in the other convention.

Two committees to-night are working on two sets of radically different resolutions. One will declare that the panacea for the shippers' ills will be the enlargement of powers vested in the Inter-State Commerce Commission, while the other will declare that to grant such additional power to that body is not only unconstitutional, but would have the very opposite effect upon commerce that the Baconians think it would.

The "regular" convention elected the following officers: Chairman—W. E. Hughes, Colorado; Vice Chairman—John W. Kern, Indiana; Secretary—P. E. Goodrich, Indiana; Assistant Secretary—G. A. Schroder, Wisconsin.

FORAKER ON RATES.

The Senator Says the Evil Is in Discrimination—A Remedy.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—Although confined to his home under the orders of his physician and compelled to cancel several speaking engagements, United States Senator Foraker has been following closely the agitation over railroad freight rates, and gave out a statement to-day relating particularly to the speech mde by Secretary of War Taft at Akron last Saturday night.

"So far as I am aware," says Senator Foraker, "it is universally admitted that in the past many evil practices have obtained, that some of them still obtain; that none of them should be allowed to continue; that an efficient and expeditious remedy should be provided against all of them in so far as legislation can provide. The sole difference is as to whether conferring the rate making power on the Inter-State Commerce Commission is the only or even a necessary remedy. My contention is that it is not necessary, and that of all the remedies that have been suggested it is unqualifiedly the worst."

Senator Foraker contends that shippers do not suffer from excessive rates, or rebates, at this time, and that their real grievance against railroads is for discriminations.

"We undertook to deal with this trouble," says Senator Foraker, "when we passed the Elkins law. In that statute we provided that it should be the duty of the Inter-State Commerce Commission whenever any unjust discrimination was being practiced to institute proceedings in the United States Circuit Courts for an injunction. The Supreme Court of the United States has upheld the validity of this statute. It is familiar to all shippers. If they don't take advantage of its provisions it is their own fault. I think as it stands it covers the whole ground."

Senator Foraker says he will offer an amendment to the law providing that proceedings against railroads are not to be for the benefit of the complaining shipper alone, but for a whole community of shippers.

"These proceedings," says the Senator, "should begin by complaint filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, which should conduct only preliminary investigations to the extent of determining whether there is probable ground, and when that point is reached the whole matter should be turned over to the Department of Justice to be prosecuted before the Circuit Court of the United States having jurisdiction in the particular case.

"In this way the cases would be distributed throughout the whole country. Thus we would leave the making of rates in the hands of skilled men, but subject to immediate review upon complaint, by courts skilled in the weighing of testimony, the analysis of facts, and the application of the law."

FOUR BURNED TO DEATH.

Husband Tried to Enter Burning House to Save Wife and Children.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, Oct. 26.—With fire raging on all sides, and a locked door between them and safety, Mrs. Harvey G. Spivey, colored, and her three children were burned to death in their home at 160 Union Avenue, West Asbury Park, last night.

The husband had gone to a store near by to purchase tobacco. Hearing the alarm he saw that the fire was near his own home, and was among the first to reach there. The firemen were unable to enter the dwelling because of the intense heat. Frantic with grief Spivey attempted to rush into his blazing home, but friends prevented him. In less than thirty minutes the house was in ruins.

The firemen found the four bodies in the living room. The skulls of the baby and the eldest girl were crushed, evidently by falling timbers. Coroner Bennett has ordered an inquest, but there is no suspicion of foul play. It is believed that Mrs. Spivey became drowsy and accidentally overturned the kerosene lamp, which set fire to the building.

HEREDITY SAVED HIM.

Enabled "Gentleman Burglar" to Escape a State Prison Sentence.

James B. Thorn, alias John W. Thompson, the "gentleman burglar," who kept the residents of Montclair and the Oranges in fear by his robberies last Summer, was committed to the Rahway Reformatory by Judge Skinner, in Quarter Sessions, at Newark yesterday. Thorn was charged with robbing the home of Adam H. Groel of Orange and the residence of Solomon Wright in Montclair.

In sentencing Thorn, the court declared that a petition signed by citizens of Mercer, Penn., Thorn's home town, besides letters declaring that Thorn was morally irresponsible and a victim of heredity, saved the defendant from a term in State prison. One letter said that one of Thorn's nearest relatives had been a drunkard and another an epileptic.

A petition was signed by more than forty lawyers, including Judge A. W. Williams of Mercer; five bank officials, merchants, clergymen, and others.

POSSE CAPTURES MANIAC.

New Hampshire Fugitive Was Almost Dead from Hunger and Wounds.

ALSTEAD, N. H., Oct. 26.—George Ford, charged with shooting Fred Shortcleeve here Tuesday night, was captured in the woods at Cold Hill to-day. The posse had been following Ford for nearly thirty-six hours. He was thoroughly exhausted from hunger and wounds. He had a broken rib, a fractured wrist, and a dislocated hip, received in his leap from a second-story window of the hotel yesterday morning to escape arrest. One side of his head and his back were filled with birdshot, fired at him by pursuers.

Ford is insane. He imagines that he is the ruler of the earth. Five years ago, he says, he was an inmate of the asylum at Worcester. On Aug. 1, 1904, he was sent to the asylum at Gardner, Mass., from which institution he escaped.

A choice bit
for breakfast, appetizing, toothsome, and delicious
Grape-Nuts,
The Scientific Brain Food.
"There's a Reason."

EVERY Y. M. C. A. ATHLETE
Will want a copy of the PICTORIAL SECTION of THE NEW YORK SUNDAY TIMES next Sunday.—Adv.

EXPLORED RAIS ULI'S LAIR.

Mr. and Mrs. Larkin Tell of a Trip Into the Anghera Mountains.

On the North German Lloyd liner Prinzess Irene, in yesterday from the Mediterranean, arrived Mr. and Mrs. John Larkin of this city. Mrs. Larkin is said to be the only American woman who has ever visited the Anghera Mountains of Morocco, the home of the notorious Rais Uli.

"We went to both the American and the British Consuls," said Mrs. Larkin, "to get guides to conduct us over the passes to Tetuan, but both Consuls refused to aid us, and even went so far as to forbid our making the journey.

"Finally we managed to engage Maley Ali Ben Ald Essalam, who is much reverenced by the brigands on account of his religion, and who agreed to accompany us. On the way to Tetuan we met a great many outlaws, but we had an escort of twenty-five men, all well armed, and we were allowed to proceed unmolested. I think that the presence of Maley Ali Ben kept us from harm."

SIX DIE IN A FIRE TRAP.

Hotel for Patients at Hot Springs Burns at Night.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 26.—Six bodies have been taken from the ruins of a railroad hotel at Elm and Olive Streets here which was burned early this morning. Those identified are:

Harry Bradley, a waiter; Edward Snyder, a porter; Mrs. Mack, a musician, and A. L. Mann, a railroad conductor, believed to be from Denver.

The hotel was a two-story frame building, and was patronized by invalids and cripples who were under treatment. There was only one narrow exit.

Burglars Make an $8,000 Haul.

Burglars stole more than $8,000 worth of valuables from the establishment of William R. Elfers, silversmith, and Tassi Brothers, mirror manufacturers, in the building at 140 Sullivan Street, some time Wednesday night. From Elfers they stole a large quantity of unworked silver, and from Tassi Brothers $500 worth of diamond glass cutters. The building was equipped with burglar alarms.

Brooklyn's Oldest Woman Dead.

"Auntie" Martha Van Dyke, who was once a slave and was the oldest woman in Brooklyn, is dead. On March 14 she celebrated the one hundred and fourteenth anniversary of her birth with a reception in the Lincoln Mission, 1,699 Atlantic Avenue. The funeral will be held from the mission to-day. The old woman was born in the old town of New Utrecht, and the first part of her life was passed as a slave in the family of Daniel Cortelyou.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ESTABLISHED NEARLY HALF A CENTURY
THE youth of this age demands a dashier cut, a more "tailored" effect than his elders do. We provide for him all the newest points of fashion. Our youth's stock for fall is very tempting to the dressy young man and is well worth inspection. It includes the center and side vents in shaped coats, long, medium and short lengths, half peaked and blunt lapels.
Suits $15 to $28.
Subway Station at Our Door.
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

CIGARS UNITED
Imported Havana Cigars
La Rosa de Santiago
THE fifteen sizes in this famous brand now offered in United stores have been especially selected for our exclusive selling.
The colors are exceptionally good, the sizes well assorted; every cigar is fully up to the standard weight, and the workmanship shows the skill that has made the Havana tabaquero recognized as the best cigarmaker in the world.
We especially recommend the size known as
ASTRONOMOS
15 cents each—$14.00 per hundred
as giving not only a fine example of the qualities peculiar to La Rosa de Santiago brand, but a generous weight for the price.
In all our stores we carry assortments of these standard brands of Imported Havana cigars sufficient to meet the usual demand of the respective localities. We have, however, stocked the following stores especially with complete assortments of all popular sizes in all the best known brands that come from Cuba.

DOWN TOWN.	MIDDLE DISTRICT	UP TOWN
Broadway at Wall St.	Flatiron Building.	102, 258 W. 125th St.
175 Broadway.	Broadway at 41st St.	Seventh Ave. at 116th St.
Broadway and 8th St.	Broadway at 14th St.	8th Ave at 116th St.
Maiden Lane at Nassau St.	Sixth Ave. at 42d St.	Columbus Ave. at 81st St.
Park Row at Beekman St.	Manhattan Hotel.	1745 Amsterdam Ave.
Myrtle and Fulton St., Bklyn.	Broadway and 34th St.	Grand Circle.

UNITED CIGAR STORES CO.
Stores all over New York One always in sight

B. Altman & Co.
LACE CURTAIN AND UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.
LACE WINDOW DRAPERIES; FABRICS FOR DOOR AND WINDOW HANGINGS, WALL AND FURNITURE COVERINGS; ALSO PORTIÈRES IN A VARIETY OF STYLES; TABLE AND COUCH COVERS, SCREENS, ETC. LACES AND LACE MATERIALS FOR MAKING TO ORDER CURTAINS, BED SETS, SCARFS AND LACE COVERS FOR THE DRESSING TABLE AND BUREAU.
¶ DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES SUBMITTED FOR FURNISHING PRIVATE RESIDENCES, APARTMENTS AND HOTELS WITH INTERIOR DRAPERIES.
(Department on Third Floor.)

Vogel Brothers
Suits for Young Men
Sizes 14 to 18 and for small men measuring 31, 32, 33 and 34 inches around the chest,
with all the knacks of style that make them so different from young men's suits of the ordinary kind.
And we prove it here:
A broad, chesty appearance, the result of a liberal allowance of cloth in contrast to the narrow, pinched effect in ordinary ready-made coats.
Collars that fit snug to the neck, because they are individually handworked before being attached to the coat.
Broad, shapely shoulders of the athletic type—Wide, angular lapels that don't bulge or spread—Deep side vents.
At $10—Single and double breasted sack suits of black cheviots, black thibets and fancy cassimeres and cheviots.
At $12—Single and double breasted suits in dark rich tweeds, cheviots and cassimeres, and plain blacks and blues.
At $15—Single and double breasted suits of smart dark hard-finished worsteds and elegant worsted cheviots in bright tones.
Vogel Brothers
42nd Str. At 8th Ave

BEST & Co
LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR
Originators, Makers and Retailers of
CLOTHING
EXPRESSLY FOR YOUTHS AND BOYS.
Distinctive Style. Correct Cut.
Lasting Shape.
Durable Cloths. Attractive Weaves.
60-62 West 23d Street.

B. Altman & Co.
MEN'S UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.
UNDERWEAR OF BALBRIGGAN, MERINO, WOOL, SILK AND WOOL, SILK, LINEN MESH AND FANCY CASHMERE, INCLUDING THE "BETALPH" UNDERWEAR.
¶ HOSIERY OF SILK, CASHMERE, LISLE THREAD AND COTTON, IN PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED EFFECTS.
Nineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, New York.

Pantasote LEATHER
Best for Furniture
THE largest variety of leather (Pantasote) Furniture is shown and for sale at
126 West 34th Street
Library Furniture Screens, Lounges
Dining Chairs Office Chairs
Pantasote Leather will outwear most leather and cost one-third as much. Is germ-proof, water-proof, non-inflammable, odorless and does not crack. Made in a great variety of patterns and colorings that can always be duplicated immediately. Your attention is solicited. Automobilists are requested to call to see Pantasote for taps and other requirements.
THE PANTASOTE CO., 126 West 34th Street

LIFE INSURANCE AND THE PUBLIC.
The Side Which Has Not Been Told,
Contributed by C. J. SMITH, of "The Insurance Record," appears in
THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE
FOR NOVEMBER.
The article develops the facts pertaining to life insurance not brought out by the Legislative investigation, and will interest strongly
EVERY POLICYHOLDER.
Also a sketch of SIR HENRY IRVING, by Fergus Crane, with portrait.
Also leading articles of interest to Americans in foreign periodical literature.
THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE (Estab. 1844).
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PITTSBURGH
FORT PITT HOTEL
¶ A new, strictly modern, absolutely fireproof hotel, within two blocks of the Union Station and five minutes of the center of the wholesale or retail business and theatrical district.
¶ Spacious and beautiful lobby and public rooms.
¶ Furnishment and decorations elegant and in good taste.
¶ Hot and cold running water in all sleeping rooms.
¶ Telephone in all rooms.
¶ 82 rooms at $1.00 per day.
¶ Over 300 rooms from $1.50 to $5.00 per day.
¶ 41 rooms with bath at $2.00 per day.
¶ Other rooms with bath $2.50 to $5.00 per day.
Restaurant, Palm Room
Private Dining Rooms
Men's Cafe
¶ Good foods, carefully prepared and served, at moderate prices.
Penn Ave. and 10th St.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
C. A. BLANCHARD, Manager

James McCreery & Co.
Trunk Department.
Basement Salesroom.
On October 27th and 28th.
Sale of Ladies' Dress Trunks.
Selected bass wood frames, covered with heavy duck, bound with sole leather, solid bronze corners and clamps. Excelsior locks, bolts and extra dowels on front and ends. All trimmings riveted.
One tray with hat form and shirtwaist box, and one dress tray. Lined with cloth.
32 and 34 inches.....11.00
36 inches.....12.00
38 and 40 inches.....13.50
Usual price 13.50 to 16.50
Trunks of all shapes and sizes. Travelling Bags, Suit Cases, Men's Hat Boxes, and Hand Bags.
Lunch cases for motoring or travelling.
Twenty-third Street.

C. L. DU VIVIER. JOHN CALLAGHAN.
DuVivier & Co.
22 Warren St., New York.
Vintage Champagnes.
Vintage Clarets and Ports.
"Finsbury Distillery" Dry Gin.
Walker's "Kilmarnock" Scotch Whisky.
Savillac and Fin Champagne Brandies.
Phone 5223 Cortlandt.

EADE'S
Instantly Relieve and rapidly Cure GOUT, RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATIC GOUT, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, and all pains in the head, face and limbs.
At all Druggists, or
E. Fougera & Co., Sole Agents, New York.
Gout Pills

MAYOR MAKES 7 SPEECHES IN 40-MILE AUTO TOUR

Cheers and Red Fire Follow His Rapid Trip.

HIS CHAUFFEUR IS WARNED

Policeman Rides Close Behind Thinking That the Speed Ordinance May Be Violated.

Covering fully forty miles by automobile Mayor McClellan last night made a rapid tour of the town and made seven speeches before the most enthusiastic audiences he has addressed in this campaign. Three of his speeches were in Manhattan, after which he jumped to Brooklyn and made four speeches there. Four hours were spent in lively campaigning.

At Terrace Garden, where he addressed a big meeting of the German Democracy, and at the meeting in the old Montauk Theatre in Brooklyn crowds were gathered which taxed the capacities of those big halls. The first two meetings, held in the lower east side, were seething masses of humanity, and crowds followed the automobiles of the Mayor and his convoy for blocks, cheering and setting off colored fire and fireworks.

"There certainly were no signs of apathy in this campaign," was the smiling remark made by the Mayor as, tired from the night's work, he alighted just before midnight at his home in Washington Square.

The first meeting of the night was a Hungarian gathering in the Lenox Assembly Rooms, at 250 Second Street, where Morris Cukor presided. The Mayor arrived there shortly before 8 o'clock, and it was all his chauffeur could do to work through the crowd that was gathered outside. The hall is in the Sixteenth Assembly District, and City Chamberlain Patrick Keenan, the leader of the district, received almost as much applause on his entry as did the Mayor, Judge Newburger and Congressman Sulzer also were there and were cheered.

It took the combined efforts of Capt. Cooney and a dozen policemen to get the Mayor through the lane of humanity into the hall, where he was cheered for nearly five minutes.

No Fear of the Outcome.

"When I took office," said the Mayor, "I promised you that all would have a square deal, and I have kept my word. In this district, so ably managed by our City Chamberlain, there is no question what the outcome will be on election day. While here I also want to give credit to another member of this administration, John F. Ahearn. I want to ask your indorsement of Ahearn for the work he has done for the east side."

From this meeting the Mayor and his escort forced their way through the crowd and traveled as rapidly as the crowded streets permitted to Apollo Hall, at 124 Clinton Street, in City Clerk Scully's Twelfth Assembly District. There another cheering, shouting jam was encountered, with the accompaniment of fireworks. There again it took several policemen to get the party into the hall and the Mayor on the stage. The place was packed to its limit.

"Give it to 'em, George," yelled an enthusiast in the front seat. The Mayor smiled good-naturedly, but others squelched the enthusiast so that he did not repeat the performance.

"I ask you of the Twelfth District to support me for re-election," declared the Mayor, "because I say my administration has made good." The Mayor praised Leader Scully, calling him "Honest Joe."

Promises Municipal Markets.

"I want to talk to you a few minutes about markets," he said. "The people of this section need them. We have given you two small ones, and I believe that the solution of the question of trade upon the streets is the construction of municipal markets that will pay for themselves and bring a revenue to the city. That is what I want to inaugurate if the people are willing to give me another term as Mayor."

From this meeting the Mayor made a flying trip to Terrace Garden, where the big German meeting was in progress. The hall was packed to the doors. When the cheering subsided the Mayor said:

"Having this demonstration of German-Americans in my favor, convinces me that I am fighting in the right. This great mass meeting of German citizens makes me feel that if there ever was doubt as to the result on Nov. 7—and I do not concede there was—there is no uncertainty now.

"I come to you not as a partisan, but as a citizen of New York, as one man to his fellows, to ask you to cast your votes not as Democrats, not as Republicans, but because you are citizens of New York and because you love your city, love its honor, and because you are unwilling that that honor should be besmirched."

The Mayor also said that, if re-elected, he believed in four years more of office he could improve his administration by 100 per cent. The other speakers at the meeting included Dr. F. P. Senner, Theodore Sutro, and Magistrate Charles G. F. Wahle.

Policeman Warns Chauffeur.

From this meeting the party started on a long jaunt to the Montauk Theatre in Brooklyn. The Mayor's machine was in the lead, and set a fast pace down Fifth Avenue, with the others a short distance behind. At Fortieth Street a bicycle policeman, noting the pace, started after the Mayor's big car. He got his machine right back of the car, and kept after it for fifteen blocks to see if the chauffeur would let out another link. Finally, at Twenty-fifth Street, the policeman came along side, and told the driver he might get into trouble if we went faster.

Promptly he was confronted with three police badges, one worn by Sergeant Kennedy, who was seated with the chauffeur, another worn by the Mayor, and the third by Assistant Secretary Hassett.

"That's where I put my foot in it," said the policeman, about to retire.

"No, you didn't," said the Mayor. "You did just what the city wants you to do."

At the Montauk Theatre the Mayor faced the biggest and most enthusiastic audience of the night. The greeting lasted for several minutes. Controller Grout and Herman A. Metz already had spoken and Patrick F. McGowan was to follow. Finally Francis D. Thorne, the Chairman, presented the Mayor.

"I came here not professing infallibility," he said, "and I will not make a promise I know I cannot keep. But in my two years I have tried to keep this borough, of Queens clean, and I have done so. I come to you as an ordinary, everyday American citizen, and all I ask in return is the same spirit of fair play I have tried to give to you. If re-elected I shall keep this borough clean to the end of my four-year term."

The Mayor said his administration had reduced the tax rate in every borough, while at the same time Brooklyn has received 33 per cent. of the appropriations for public improvements while paying only 18 per cent. of the taxes.

"If I am elected—" he said; "No, when I am elected, Brooklyn will get what it is entitled to—a square deal at all times."

While the Mayor was speaking a photographer let off a flashlight. As the circle of smoke went toward the ceiling some one called out:

"There goes Hearst!"

The Mayor joined in the general laugh. From this meeting the jump was to Congress Hall, at Atlantic and Vermont Avenues. Controller Grout was speaking there as the Mayor entered.

"What do you want me to talk about?" asked the Controller. "I am ready to answer questions."

"Hearst!" called out one voice. "Hearst!" called another.

"They both go together," replied the Controller, while the Mayor laughted and the crowd cheered.

"Why did we not get eighty-cent gas?" called another man.

"Because you've got a Republican Legislature," replied the Controller. "Give us a Democratic Legislature and we'll give you eighty-cent gas, then seventy-cent gas, and then sixty-cent gas. As long as you have a Republican Legislature you will have to face present prices and pay up-State taxes, too."

The Mayor then appealed to his audience as loyal citizens of New York to uphold his hands and aid him in making the city the best governed city in the world.

From this meeting the Mayor went first to the home of the Lincoln Club and then to the new home of the Iroquois Club, which was opened last night. At both meetings he made brief addresses.

CARL SCHURZ FOR IVINS.

Sums Up the Mayoralty Candidates and Decides He's the Best.

Carl Schurz came out yesterday strongly in favor of the candidacy of William M. Ivins for Mayor. In discussing the Mayoralty campaign Mr. Schurz said:

"Mayor McClellan professes to run on his record. In some respects he has done better than was expected. He is a gentleman of good instincts, impulses, and purposes, but of bad associations. Among other things he has made some shockingly bad appointments to important places of power and responsibility and refused to displace the appointees after their utter unfitness had been glaringly demonstrated by evidence.

"If Tammany has of late changed at all it is not in its morals, but in its methods of plunder. Tammany men have, according to high authority, recently invented the scheme of 'honest graft,' which, at best, is public plunder so disguised that for it one cannot be sent to the penitentiary. But it is plunder all the same. A Mayor as good as Tammany will permit him to be, is, therefore, a Mayor who, however respectable himself, will leave Tammany plunder enough to live on and make its leaders rich.

"The Hearst movement appears to me to be a political adventure. It reminds me of a certain period in the history of the Roman Republic when reckless demagogy exercised so dire an influence.

"I was a little surprised when Mr. Ivins appeared as the Republican candidate. The party evidently took him only under the pressure of extreme distress. Otherwise he would have been among the last men any party machine would have chosen or submitted to as its candidate. He will, if elected, not be as good a Mayor as some boss or party organization will permit him to be; but, acting upon the promptings of his very nature, he will be the most independent Mayor the city has ever had.

"I am confident, if the citizens of New York wish non-partisan municipal government, Mr. Ivins, if elected, will furnish it to them in the most genuine form."

NEW POOLROOM SCHEME.

Pocket Telephones Used to Baffle Police—Two Dey Street Raids.

Acting Captain Costigan and Roundsman Maher led a force of raiders against two alleged poolrooms at 53 and 63 Dey Street, near Church Street, yesterday afternoon. They broke in with crowbars and axes. One of the places raided was visited by the police only a few days ago.

In spite of that fact the police found 187 men in what has been called "the blue and gold room." In the other place 170 men were gathered. One floor was fitted up for those who bet $2 or less and on another floor no wager of less than $5 was accepted.

In the first place raided no telephone was found, and Costigan said that a new scheme is being worked. A man has a wire put into some respectable place in the vicinity, he declares, and after tapping the wire runs it into his poolroom to a hidden spot. Then he fastens a pocket telephone to the tapped wire.

Iron doors and barred windows met the raiders at both places, and although they had men inside, getting in was a difficult job. The names of all in both rooms were taken. Eight prisoners were carted away in a patrol wagon.

EVIDENCE AGAINST FIREBUGS.

Bedford Authorities Will Try to Have Rich Suspects Indicted.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Oct. 26.—It was decided by the authorities at Bedford today to try to get indictments against a young man with well-to-do parents and the son of a prominent politician who are suspected of setting fire to ten barns and other buildings.

Pinkerton men disguised as farm hands have been collecting evidence against the two suspects, and this was turned over to District Attorney Young at White Plains to-day by Police Justice Clarke. It is said that the social standing of one of the young men kept the Bedford authorities from swearing out a warrant against him, but instead it was determined to have the Grand Jury investigate the case.

MARION McHARG INJURED.

Broker's Daughter Jumps from a Gig in a Runaway.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Oct. 26.—Miss Marion McHarg, daughter of Henry K. McHarg, a broker, whose offices are at 40 Wall Street, New York, was hurt in a runaway here this afternoon. Miss McHarg came from New York, and her coachman was at the station with a gig waiting for her. As Miss McHarg stepped into the vehicle the horse wheeled suddenly and dashed down a hill.

Miss McHarg seized the reins from the coachman, and tried to stop the horse, but couldn't. The coachman was thrown against a stone wall and Miss McHarg sprang from the vehicle. She was picked up unconscious and taken to her home. Dr. Barnes said she was not seriously injured, but was suffering from shock.

City Bank Forger's Trial Put Off.

A postponement for several days of the trial of Harry Leonard, the bank messenger charged with stealing $860,000 worth of securities from the National City Bank, by means of a forged check, was agreed on by both sides yesterday when the case was called before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions.

Delicious Salad and Vegetable

WATER CRESS

Ideal sanitary conditions surround its cultivation at the celebrated Rubino Healing Springs, Bath County, Virginia.

FRESH DAILY

Delivered for five cents per bunch.

Order from your dealer, or by Post Card or Telephone { from Rubino Healing Springs Co., 56 West 45th St.

Telephone 1845—38th St.

M'CLELLAN TAX FIGURES DO NOT SUIT MR. IVINS

Rate Higher and Taxes Actually Greater, He Declares.

PRAISES MAYOR'S QUALITIES

But Says He Hides a Temple of Iniquity—Gov. Higgins Wishes Mr. Ivins Well.

There was great gratification at the headquarters of William M. Ivins yesterday over the receipt of this letter sent by Gov. Higgins from Albany on Wednesday:

"Hon. William M. Ivins, New York City:

"Dear Sir: Please accept my hearty congratulations upon the vigorous and effective campaign you are making, and my best wishes for your success. Yours sincerely, FRANK W. HIGGINS."

Mr. Ivins addressed more than 1,000 persons last night at Progress Hall, 28 Avenue A. Speaking of Mayor McClellan's administration, he said:

"What's the good of success; what's the good of education; what's the good of good manners if you have to take a lesson every day from one of the greatest grafters in the United States?

"I have no more doubt of McClellan's impeccable honesty than I have that by education and by every quality he is a gentleman. But he lends those qualities to hide the worst organization of plunderers America has ever known. Mr. McClellan is simply a splendid façade to the great temple of iniquity. It is through the elegant manners and gentlemanly bearing of McClellan that Tammany expects to slip into power again."

Mr. Ivins addressed several other meetings on the east side, and then went over to Brooklyn. The members of the Union League Club of that borough gave him a reception at their clubhouse. In his speech to the members of the club and their guests, Mr. Ivins said:

"Brooklyn's need of a water supply is far more urgent than that of Manhattan. Neither Manhattan nor Brooklyn wants any politics in its water."

Next he took up the matter of the bridges, contending that the present administration had failed signally with respect to the building of the bridges between the two boroughs. With respect to the contention of Mayor McClellan that the tax rate had been decreased under his administration, Mr. Ivins said:

"One of the things that surprises me in the present campaign is the contention made by Mr. McClellan and his supporters that he has decreased the tax rate. Now, the fact is the rate, considered alone, is a very unimportant matter. The really grave question is, Are we paying more or less actual money in the form of taxes? My assertion is, and it is supported by the figures of the Tax Department, that not only has Mr. McClellan increased the tax rate in each of the boroughs, but he has also tremendously increased the taxes actually exacted from the people by his government.

"During Mr. Low's first year the actual taxes were $88,230,000, and the rate 2.27 and a fraction. During 1903, the last year of the Low administration, through an honest appraisement of taxable values, the rate was reduced to 1.41, being the lowest rate ever reached since 1890. Now, this mere reduction of the rate would have amounted to nothing if it had not been accompanied by a reduction in the taxes themselves, and the fact is that in 1903, the second year of Mr. Low's term, the taxes were only $77,632,000.

"Now, in 1905, the second year of Mr. McClellan's administration, the money actually paid by the people rose to only $15,000 short of $89,000,000, and the rate for the present year in Manhattan is 1.49, as against 1.41 three years ago. I take only the figures for the second year of each term, because the Mayor is not responsible for the figures of the first year."

SPEAKS TO WOMEN OF IVINS.

Mr. Wells Addresses the West End Republican Club.

The West End Women's Republican Club, thus far the only women's political organization to take an active part in the campaign, held a meeting yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Astor. Nearly 200 women had come, expecting to hear a speech from William M. Ivins and Charles A. Flammer. Both sent regrets. The non-appearance of the candidate for Mayor was especially disappointing to those present.

James L. Wells was sent for. He came and devoted most of his speech to detailing the desirable qualities of Candidate Ivins.

Among other things, Mr. Wells said:

"Our candidate for Mayor asserts some things even more positively than they are contained in the Republican platform. In the nature of his nomination he was privileged to assert his own views. He has said that he was not the creature of any boss, and was subservient to no boss. No one could go further in announcing the principles of good government than has Mr. Ivins."

Mrs. Helena Secor Tonjes presided.

President Cannot See Cubans.

HAVANA, Oct. 26.—A telegram has been received from Secretary Loeb saying that while President Roosevelt appreciated the desire of a large party from Havana to greet him at Key West, Fla., he regretted that his itinerary did not include a stop there.

Ready-for-Service

Suits and Coats for Men

DISTINCTIVE FALL AND WINTER MODELS

Fifteen to Forty Dollars.

The product manifests the principle involved—not the method. The to-orderman is right in principle. To insure perfect proportions a garment must be cut and tailored individually.

In the fashioning of our ready-for-service garments we subscribe ourselves to his principle.

But instead of leaving the vital part of the work to a free-lance—to a tailor who serves this master to-day and another to-morrow, we depend upon our own organization of tailormen, each of which is a specialist in some given phase of the craft, constantly applying himself to its perfection.

That promises a unity of purpose. Whether a garment of ours cost $15. or $40, it must express that element of character and distinctiveness that is the manifestation of the to-order principle.

There is still another powerful factor in our favor—the cost. Your to-order tailorman's method compels him to ask at least a third more than our modest prices.

Single & Double Breasted Sack Suits, in eleven new and altogether distinctive models.	$15.00 to $40.00
Chesterfield & Cutaway Frock Suits, in four new and distinctive models.	$25.00 to $40.00
Fall Overcoats and Top Coats, in ten radically new models.	$15.00 to $38.00
Rain Coats, in three models.	$15.00 to $35.00

Each of which is presented in an exhaustive series of the more exclusive fabrics in the season's newest patterns.

SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

$5.00 & $6.00 Shoes for Men at $3.65

Ours is the imprint with which the shoes are branded and ours is the standard to which they measure—a standard which demands more head-and-hand work than finds expression in any other shoe of which we know. Because our stock does not afford all sizes in all the styles involved in this offer, the following models are offered at material price reductions:

Button and Lace Shoes of patent coltskin, wax calfskin, gunmetal calfskin and patent coltskin in a series of conservative and extreme models with heavy or medium soles.

Saks & Company

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street.

Browning, King & Co

ORIGINATORS AND SOLE MAKERS OF HALF-SIZES IN CLOTHING

The French Back.

An old Overcoat will be conspicuous this season.

The New French Back, form-fitting and with its flaring skirts, is as far as possible from the loose-back baggy garment of a year ago.

There is style and comfort in the new Coat.

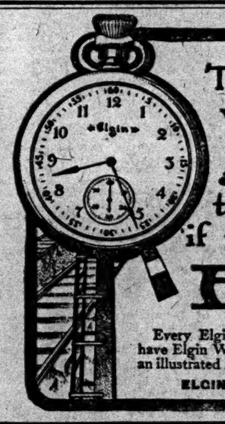
$15 to $45.

Cooper Square and Brooklyn stores open Saturday evening till ten.

"He will be well received who is well-dressed," said Beau Brummell, "and this coat proves it."

Broadway at 32d Street — B&K — Cooper Square at 5th Street

Fulton Street at DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn



There are times when lives hang on the hand of a watch—at such times it is well if the watch be an

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Shirts

of fine Scotch fabrics expressly woven after patterns of the firm's designing. Price $4.50.

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360-362 BROADWAY, COR. WHITE.

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DO BUSINESS FOR LOVE.

If you are buying Wines or Liquors from men who offer you Champagnes or other CASE goods at cost, don't buy bulk goods from them. They will be sure to make up loss of profit on the Case goods by charging you inordinate profits on the bulk goods. Buy only Champagnes and Case goods from them. Callanan's Magazine mailed on request.

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SIXTH AVE. — NEXT DOOR TO THE FOURTEENTH — 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

Single "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps Given with Purchases Amounting to 10c. or More.

Rich Silks Under Price.

We could not overpraise these wonderful silk values if we tried. Every woman who is planning for a new silk dress or waist, or petticoat, or silk linings will do wisely and well to attend this sale. The lots are great, but the values are greater. They'll go quickly once the good news spreads.

At 49c per yard

You will find handsome silks worth up to $1.

$1 quality fancy Waist Silks,
75c. quality guaranteed Black Taffeta,
75c. quality colored Crepe de Chine,
75c. quality Black Crepe de Chine,
69c. quality colored Taffetas,
To-day and to-morrow at

49c Yard.

At 68c per yard

You will find beautiful qualities worth up to $1.25.

36 inch, good heavy grade, all silk, black dress taffeta, of the $1 quality,
21 inch extra fine quality, all silk black dress peau de soie, of the $1 grade,
$1.25 quality moire velour in snakeskin effects, 21 in. wide,
To-day and to-morrow at

68c Yard.

(Siegel Cooper Store, Main Floor, Front, 19th st.)

Blankets & Comfortables

It's really wonderful the way a piece of good news spreads. People from all over are coming after these Blankets and Comfortables we are selling at a fourth to a third under current prices.

This is a pretty neat sum to save; but the chance can't hold at the rate the blankets are going. They are as good as gold and will cost at least a third more if you wait.

Part Wool Blankets.

750 pairs of White and Gray Eastern made Blankets for full size beds, regularly up to 2.75 a pair, 1.79

500 prs. of 5-lb. fine White Eastern made Blankets, in pink, blue and red borders, regularly 5.00 a pair, 2.95

3,000 Comfortables at These Prices.

500 Silkoline Comfortables for full size beds; plain backs, 79c

500 fine Silkoline and Cambric Comfortables, in medium and heavy weight, 1.50

1,000 heavy and medium weight Comfortables, tufted and stitched, 98c

700 Heavy Weight Comfortables; this is an odd lot, regularly up to 2.95 each, 1.95

(Siegel Cooper Store, Main Floor, 19th St. Side.)

Our Oriental Store.

Time was when Oriental Art wares were sold only in little art shops by queer looking foreigners who asked fabulous prices. We've changed all that. We handle Oriental wares on the same basis as other merchandise and have stripped off the fancy profits.

We have just opened and arranged a beautiful collection of quaint and delicate Japanese Pottery, Cloisonne, Ivory and Antimony Ware, Damascus Furniture, Draperies, Brasses and Lamps in hundreds of effective Oriental designs.

We quote a few examples, culled from thousands, to show our low prices:

Ivories—Accurately and handsomely carved; upward from 1.75
Cloisonne on Silver, upward from 1.59
Indian and Moorish Heads, each, 98c
Venetian Lamps, upward from 1.49
Antimony Trays, etc., upward from 15c
Gongs, in sets of 3 bells up to 7 bells. Prices range upward from 50c
Japanese Snakes, each, 25c
Japanese Dolls, upward from 10c

(Siegel Cooper Store, 3d Floor, Front.)

Rubber Goods, Toilet Goods, &c.

SECURITY WATER BOTTLES—Made of heavy rubber and thoroughly reliable, 2 quart, 59c
DAVOL'S WHIRLPOOL SPRAY—A perfect vaginal douche, 1.95
DOUCHE SYRINGE—No. 3, large, white bulb and hard rubber tube, best quality rubber, 65c
RELIANCE WATER BOTTLE—All white rubber, with "Holdfast" unloseable stopper, 2 quart, specially priced, 79c

TOILET GOODS.

KEEPCLEAN HAIR BRUSH, value $1.45; special, 98c
HAIR BRUSHES, good stiff bristles, 39c
HAIR BRUSHES, ebony back, long bristles, 1.25
BEAUTY BRUSHES, 22c
RUBBER SPONGES, the best bath sponges made; little priced, 29c, 39c, 49c
FACE SPONGES, specially priced 15c
FACE CHAMOIS, regularly 5c for 3c
TRAVELLER'S HAIR BRUSH, 11-row good bristles, 25c

PERFUMES.

"CRUSHED ROSES" PERFUME, demonstrated in a special booth; regularly 39c.; special, bottle, 25c
MANHATTAN EXTRACTS in bulk, regularly 25c.; special, 19c
PINAUD'S EXTRACTS in bulk, ounce, 25c
COLGATE'S EXTRACTS, Italian Violet, Jockey Club or La France Rose, in bulk, ounce, 25c

Special demonstration "Easy Dyes" used with cold water. The lady in charge will willingly tell you all about them; in cleanly tubes, each, 15c

BENT'S INSECT DESTROYER kills vermin on children's heads, large bots, 25c

(Siegel Cooper Store, Main Floor, 18th St.)

Knitted Underwear.

For Women at Less Than Mill Prices.

WOMEN'S FINE RIBBED COTTON VESTS AND PANTS. Slightly fleeced, shaped Vests and side band Pants. Fitted with pearl buttons, and well finished throughout. Made to sell at 35c.; all sizes, at 19c

WOMEN'S EGYPTIAN COTTON RIBBED VESTS AND PANTS. These are the slightly imperfect garments of a standard 50c. quality (nothing to or hurt the wear); all sizes, at 29c

UNDERWEAR. Ribbed Vests and side band Pants. An excellent 65c. quality, and finely finished; all sizes, at 39c

WOMEN'S EXTRA FINE COMBED EGYPTIAN COTTON UNDERWEAR. Ribbed Vests with long and short sleeves and side band Pants. One of the finest cotton fleeced garments made. Beautifully trimmed with silk; all sizes at 49c

WOMEN'S 75 PER CENT. WOOL RIBBED UNDERWEAR. Ribbed Vests and side band Pants (the slightly imperfect garments of a high grade manufacture.) Well made, and the small specks in the wool will not hurt the wear. Made to sell at $1.25; all sizes, at 65c

(Siegel Cooper Store, 1st Floor, 18th St.)

Men's Suits & Overcoats.

Another chance for Men to secure the Best Values and Newest Styles for 12.50

Read and take your choice of any of the following offerings in Suits, Top Coats and Raincoats:

Made from popular fabrics and priced in a way that will please the man who wants a good, stylish suit or top coat at a moderate price. You will find an exceptional opportunity to secure stylish and durable Fall garments at less than usual.

Single-Breasted Sack Suits

New long-cut coat for Fall; broad shoulder effects in all the newest mixtures in overplaids of brown, gray and slate combinations in worsted cassimeres and fancy cheviots, sizes to fit all builds of men.

Double-Breasted Sack Suits

Young men will like this new Fall model, with broad shoulder effects and seven-inch vent in back of coat; fabrics comprise fancy worsteds in newest colorings; also cheviots, cassimeres and tweeds; all sizes for all builds of men.

Men's Black Suits

Single and double breasted sacks, cut in accordance with latest Fall models for 1905; fabrics are thibets, unfinished worsteds and velours; suits are well tailored throughout, and lined with choice of serge or venetian; all sizes.

"Cravenette" Rain Coats

An exclusive assortment in tan, olive and oxford shades, also novelty designs in both plain and belt back; all sizes.

Fall Top Coats

Stylish overgarments of medium length in excellent wearing fabrics of black and oxford thibet, coverts of tan, brown and olive shades; all sizes.

(Siegel Cooper Store, Main Floor, East.)

Other Specials for To-day Include:

Shoes, Linens Muslins, Boys' Clothing, Men's Hats, Chinaware, Stoves, Housekeeping Helps, Furniture for Dining Room and Bed Chamber, and Groceries.

J. Lauchheimer & Co.

86TH STREET AND 3RD AVE. | COLUMBUS AVE, NEAR 82ND ST.

The Maplewood blanket we sell at $3.98 is an extra size, extra weight and extra value bed covering that recommends itself and us.

The Tristan at $1.50 is as good as any at its price.

The Sonora at $8 98 is a jim-dandy blanket.

These Satin Comforters at $8 75 are made for us with painstaking detail and of choice material. There's a dollar and a quarter to three and a quarter left in your pocket on the deal that makes one yours.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE ISSUE, JEROME SAYS, IS MURPHY OWNERSHIP

As to Flammer—He's Brave, Courteous and Generous,

SAW HIS DUTY AND DID IT

A Rap at the U. S. Senate—District Attorney Anti-Nothing Now Except Anti-Boss.

"The real issue of this campaign is not municipal ownership, but Murphy ownership," remarked District Attorney Jerome last night, and more than two thousand residents of the upper east side who had gathered in Bohemian National Hall to listen to his speech cheered lustily.

It was the first time in the campaign that an address in a foreign tongue has been made at a meeting attended by the candidate himself. The district is largely Bohemian, and President Thomas Capek of the Slavic Alliance told his countrymen in their native language how to mark their ballots for Jerome. In doing so he used the name of Hearst with such frequency that some of the non-Slavic listeners began to suspect him of putting in a few licks on the quiet for the head of the Municipal Ownership ticket. This was denied, however, by those who knew.

Faithful to his promise, Mr. Jerome took up the resignation of Mr. Flammer.

"Something has occurred in the last twenty-four hours that calls for my comment," he said. "It is the action of Mr. Flammer, formerly a Justice, and a respected Justice, in this city. He had always been closely affiliated with the National party he supported, and he consented to run as its candidate, doing this because he believed it to be a party service, and doing it because, as I understand, it seemed to him that in this campaign there were no other issues but those between one party and the other.

"But as soon as it appeared to him that there had come into this campaign a moral issue transcending the questions of National political lines—the issue whether a free people should have its way, or the boss his—then, like a brave, patriotic, generous man, he withdrew in my favor; not because he was not willing to give those named against him a fight for the office to which he had been nominated and which he had accepted; but because it seemed to him a patriotic duty to yield to the express will of the people. It was a brave act." [Prolonged applause.]

"He's all right," put in a man in the gallery, and the audience cheered some more.

"It was a generous and courteous act," Mr. Jerome resumed, "and he should receive his meed of applause at the hands of everybody who appreciates a generous act dictated by a high motive. When it was felt throughout this great city that something was at stake beyond a mere question of candidates; when it was felt that the real and vital issue was whether we should be free, or whether, like most of the great communities in this loved land of ours, we should be under the foot of a boss, then he yielded to your will.

"And he yielded not because he feared my candidacy, not because he feared that at your hands he might get less votes than I did, but from a high and patriotic motive, a motive that does him honor. Not that my candidacy, or that I, was of such importance. It makes little difference in the battle what becomes of the standard bearer, of the soldier who carries the flag. But that the colors of liberty and of government by the people be advanced, if only a single step, is the vital and important thing."

Attacks the United States Senate.

Subsequently Mr. Jerome paid his compliments to the present United States Senate. He led up to this by speaking of the old days, when even the comparatively insignificant members of that body were men who would have received the votes of their constituents had the Senators been elected by popular suffrage.

"But look at it now," Mr. Jerome cried. "What would insult the American people by saying that a majority of the present United States Senators represent the free choice of that people? Who would insult the intelligence of the State of New York by saying that those who now represent it in the Senate are the free choice of its people? Look from State to State, and you will see that the man of each in the Senate is a man who has bought the seat—and seats for that body are practically sold at the block like cast-off and maimed fire-horses are sold at public auction to the highest bidder. And that is what popular suffrage has come to."

Referring to the Tammany and Republican City Conventions, Mr. Jerome said:

"The party to which I belong in National politics sat in convention assembled, while the band played 'Tammany' and other popular airs. But down stairs sat the boss and his little kitchen Cabinet and decided whether you should be permitted to have your will or be compelled to obey his. Did it differ in the Republican Convention? 'Smooth Ed' went into the Executive Committee and they pulled and hauled, and at the proper psychological moment they, too, gave orders to the great, free convention of the party.

"In my four years in office I have gone to Albany a number of times during the sessions of the Legislature. It has interested me intensely to note the low tone, the debased talk, the lack of moral perception, the lack of willingness to live up to principles, or to have any principles. It is sickening and saddening."

Not Anti-Anything Except Anti-Boss.

The declaration that set the meeting wild with enthusiasm was this: "As I have played no favorites in my office, so I am playing no favorites in this campaign. I am not anti-Democratic, not anti-Republican, not anti-Hearst, not anti-anything except anti-Boss."

As usual, the sharply accentuated "it" in connection with Mr. Murphy's name played a conspicuous part in Mr. Jerome's discourse.

"Do you think," he asked at last, varying his customary question, "that the boss is in the game for his health? That he is not out for the 'mazuma'?"

Here are a few of Mr. Jerome's remarks:

"The black hand, the polluted hand, that can touch the judicial ermine, has certainly power to reach the Tax Assessor and the Tax Commissioner as well. And it seems to me that it has already reached out to take possession of the Board of Estimate—the most important body in the government of this city."

"The old brutal doctrine that has degraded the Democratic Party through all the hundred and odd years of its existence—the old brutal doctrine that 'to the victors belong the spoils.'"

"The hand which disdains nothing between a simple clerkship in the lowest court of trial up to a Supreme Court Justiceship can certainly reach your civil service. And has it not already done so? [Pointing to the policemen scattered through the hall.] You men in uniform, you know. You know how many a man, a candidate for promotion, being in the game and willing to graft, has had his papers over night."

His references to James W. Osborne were brief and apparently made under the influence of deep emotion.

THE RISING JEROME WAVE.

What a Republican Straw Vote Showed—Grand Juryman's Tribute—Letters.

According to information which drifted into Jerome headquarters yesterday and was verified by some interested citizens, a straw ballot was taken in the West Side Republican Club on one of the first days of this week, when fifty members were present. The count proved that forty-six had cast their ballots for Jerome, and the other four for—Osborne.

Jacob A. Riis sent a card to Mr. Jerome yesterday, with this brief message: "Good luck in you fight."

Gigantic posters containing enlarged fac similes of the official ballots, and designed to instruct the public how to vote for Jerome appeared on all the signboards in the city yesterday. At the bottom, printed in foot-high letters, the posters said:

A cross before Jerome's name and a cross in the circle under your party emblem is a vote for Jerome and for the rest of your party ticket. Don't spoil your ballot by drawing a line through any name.

A constantly increasing number of visitors has had this question to ask:

"If I put a cross in the circle above Jerome's name and do not otherwise mark the ballot, will that elect Jerome?"

"It will," has been the invariable answer. "But only Jerome. How about your party?"

And always as invariably these callers have rejoined: "Bother the party—all I care for now is to see Jerome elected."

It was even said yesterday by a person familiar with Tammany matters that this spirit was giving more trouble to several Tammany leaders than anything else, and that some of these leaders have sent out men to instruct the disaffected how to vote for Jerome and the rest of the Tammany ticket with the exception of Osborne.

"I have been a member of the Grand Jury," said a man who went to the Gilsey House yesterday to give Treasurer Corwine a check for $50, "and the manner in which Mr. Jerome conducted the business of his office before that body satisfied me that he is the proper man for District Attorney."

"All the men in my business with whom I come in contact intend to vote for Mr. Jerome," explained a Broadway merchant as he handed in his check for $10. An official of the German Savings Bank forwarded $38 on behalf of his associates in that institution. Here are some cullings from yesterday's letter bag:

From the editor of a trade paper: "I am a Republican. There are thousands that feel as I do toward Mr. Jerome and will vote for him."

The Rev. J. H. Hobbs, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Jamaica: "You are certainly the man for the crisis. If I had the votes or the money, you should be re-elected by a handsome plurality."

From a Pine Street lawyer: "All reputable and unprejudiced persons will surely regard the re-election of Jerome as a menace to evildoers, a shield and protection to the community as such, as well as a just reward for his efficiency, fearlessness, and, above all, his unquestioned integrity."

From a man in Newark, N. J.: "Jerome is the one bright spot in the present campaign."

JEROME WALKING DIRECTORY.

Why You Should Vote for Him Explained by Sandwich Signs.

Twenty-five men, carrying signboards on tall poles, started early yesterday morning from the headquarters of the Jerome East Side Volunteers. Walking in solemn procession ten feet apart, they made their way up and down the east side streets below Fourteenth Street, followed everywhere by a cheering train of children and causing the grown-ups to stop and read.

Each sign had an inscription in English and another in Yiddish. Some of them were:

Jerome for mine.

For decency's sake, vote for Jerome.

We need Jerome as much as he needs us.

Jerome is square; you be square on Election Day.

Of course the boss is against Jerome; do you blame him?

Most honest men are for Jerome; all grafters are against him.

Jerome in, red lights out; Jerome out, red lights in.

No Committee of Fifteen is needed when Jerome is in office.

Wanted—130,163 citizens loving bossless freedom; apply at the polling places on Nov. 7.

It's the people's fight; Jerome simply leads it.

THE WEEK'S MEETINGS.

Where You Can Hear the Candidates and Other Speakers.

Chief among the political meetings scheduled for the remainder of this week are:

DEMOCRATIC.

To-night—Terrace Garden, Italian meeting; Mayor McClellan will speak in Italian; James W. Osborne will speak. Harlem Casino, speakers include Mayor McClellan, James W. Osborne, Charles A. Towne, Zeltner's Hall, Bronx, German meeting; Mayor McClellan will speak in German; other speakers include Herman A. Metz, Patrick F. McGowan, Edward M. Grout, Louis Haffen, and Charles V. Fornes. Democratic Club ratification meeting; Mayor McClellan, Herman A. Metz, Patrick F. McGowan, James W. Osborne, J. Edward Simmons, Robert B. Roosevelt, and John W. Keller will speak. Teutonia Assembly Rooms, 158 Third Avenue; James W. Osborne, Thomas C. O'Sullivan, and others will speak. Harlem Casino; James W. Osborne will speak. Tenth District headquarters, 282 Broome Street; John F. Ahearn will speak.

To-morrow Night—Carnegie Hall, mass meeting of Citizens' Independent Democracy; Francis Burton Harrison will preside; speakers include Mayor McClellan, ex-Judge O. Cady Herrick, ex-Secretary John G. Carlisle, Edward M. Grout, Herman A. Metz, Patrick F. McGowan, and James W. Osborne. Chemists' Club, 108 West Fifty-fifth Street; reception to Herman A. Metz.

REPUBLICAN.

To-night—Amsterdam Opera House; principal speakers, William M. Ivins, Walter N. Chandler, James L. Wells, and Martin Saxe. Bohemian Hall, East Seventy-third Street; principal speakers, William M. Ivins, Walter N. Chandler, and James L. Wells.

To-morrow Night—Hudson River Athletic Club, Thirty-fourth Street, near Eighth Avenue; principal speaker, William M. Ivins. Mr. Ivins will also make a tour of Staten Island.

HEARST.

To-night—Montauk Theatre, Fulton Street and Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn; Prospect Hall, 271 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn; Waverley Hall, Waverley and Myrtle Avenues, Brooklyn. Judge Seabury and J. G. Phelps Stokes will speak at Standard Hall, Mariner's Harbor, S. I. Thomas Gilleran, candidate for President of the Borough of Manhattan, will address a meeting at Palace Hall, 16 Sheriff Street, Manhattan.

To-morrow Night—Durland's Riding Academy, Sixty-sixth Street, near Central Park West; William R. Hearst, ex-Senator John Ford, J. G. Phelps Stokes, Clarence J. Shearn, and others will speak.

JEROME.

To-night—Harlem Lyceum, 107th Street and Third Avenue; Mr. Jerome will speak at 8:30 o'clock. Beethoven Hall, Fifth Street, east of Bowery; mass meeting under the auspices of the Jerome East Side Volunteers; Mr. Jerome will speak at 8:30 o'clock.

To-morrow Night—Five small meetings on the lower east side, places to be announced tomorrow; Mr. Jerome will speak at them all.

EVERY Y. M. C. A. ATHLETE
Will want a copy of the PICTORIAL SECTION of THE NEW YORK SUNDAY TIMES next Sunday.—Adv.

Open a Box for the Children

Leave it where they can reach it. Watch them gain in weight. Watch their cheeks grow ruddy with health and life.

Uneeda Biscuit

are the only Soda Crackers—the most nutritious food made from wheat, therefore the most wholesome food for children.

5¢ In a dust tight, moisture proof package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

RAND FLAYS OSBORNE IN A JEROME SPEECH

Asks Him for "Plain, Common Garden Decency."

DECLARES HE IS UNFIT

Accuses Him of Ingratitude—"Didn't That Rotten Stuff Leave a Bad Taste?" He Inquires.

Before an audience that packed the concert hall in Madison Square Garden William Rand, Jr., District Attorney Jerome's chief assistant, took up the cudgels last night for his chief and whacked those who had attacked him, principally James W. Osborne, Tammany's candidate for District Attorney.

Mr. Rand uses the same sledge-hammer style of oratory that Mr. Jerome does, and he was applauded vigorously, especially when he said:

"Now, I appeal to that Osborne that God made and not to the candidate that Murphy made—tell us, when you cleansed your bosom of that rotten stuff against your friend, didn't it leave a bad taste in your mouth?"

The audience cheered for a full minute at this, and did it again when he commented on the fact that Osborne had criticised Jerome for not indicting the Directors of the New York Central Railroad, and said:

"The statute hasn't run against that crime. And now I ask you, Osborne, if you are elected, will you present the names of J. Pierpont Morgan and Chauncey M. Depew and all the rest of them to the Grand Jury for indictment?"

Mr. Rand's Speech.

Mr. Rand was introduced by ex-Justice William N. Cohen and began by saying:

"If I needed heart in the cause for which I speak to-night, your Chairman's flattering words and your kind greeting would put it into me. But here is a cause in which every man who loves his city, in which every man who respects a public office that makes for righteousness must have heart. And were I dumb I do believe the issue that is presented here to you would break through the seal that Providence had put upon me and make me speak. [Applause.]

"When our fathers founded upon this continent a Government dedicated to the proposition that all men are created free and equal they contemplated a state of society in which public servants should be directly responsible to the people alone. But it is a far cry since that day, and in the meantime in our large cities the old ship has drifted and beat away from her moorings, until now, unless you assert yourselves, unless you win your freedom, you live in a state, not of political liberty, but of political bondage. Now, that is something that every one of you knows to be a fact; that is something you have spoken about in your homes; something you have spoken about in your clubs, at your office, wherever intelligent men meet together; they know that in this town a conspiracy exists to rob the people of their suffrage.

"They know in their hearts that it makes no more difference whether you have a Republican District Attorney or a Democratic District Attorney than whether you have a Republican crook or a Democratic crook. The point is, you want an honest, able District Attorney, whatever party label he wears. [Cheers.] There is no need discussing that any further. Everybody knows it, everybody has known it for years; but there is only one candidate for public office who ever dared to come out and say it, and build all his hopes of future usefulness upon the truth of that proposition, and that is William Travers Jerome. [Applause.]

Jerome's Ambition.

"When I went to him last Spring with my resignation I asked him: 'Why is it that you want four years more of this same office? Haven't you had enough of standing and looking into the open sewer of human depravity? Don't you want to get out and breathe an atmosphere that is away from crime and perjury, and all that crime means?' His jaw set, and a light came into his eyes. He said, 'I will tell you, Rand, what I want to do. I know my office has been clean; I know my office has been effective, but I want to make it more clean, and I want to make it more effective; I want to make it so clean, so effective, so well organized for good in this community that District Attorneys will come from the Pacific Coast to look at my office, and see how a District Attorney's office ought to be run.' Isn't that an honorable ambition? Don't you want to gratify it?

"Murphy and Odell defied it. They say 'You can't.' They say they won't permit you to re-employ this honest, faithful servant. What are you going to do about it? Are you going to stand for that gag put upon your wishes? I can't believe it; I don't believe it; I won't believe it until you tell me so.

"Now this ruler of old New York, the man who seeks to impose upon you his will in the choice of a District Attorney, he, unfortunately, is dumb, or has been ever since he made his one speech. [Laughter.] But he has a man to waive his arms and swing his jaw and talk for him, and he puts up as a shield between himself—because he intends to be District Attorney himself, you know, in point of fact—he puts up between himself and you our good old friend, James Osborne. Now don't laugh; there is nothing to laugh at.

"Osborne has been and is a brave and effective and fearless prosecutor. I would gladly call him honest, but he appears to resent that so. [Laughter.] and whatever I say here to-night I trust I may offend no one, for such is not my intention. He thinks to call him honest is tantamount to calling him a fool. He has given you the measure of his conception of a public officer's duty in his impudent declaration that all he can say is that if Jerome did not take the stuff when he had a chance he was a fool.

The Kind of Fool He Was.

"Oh, yes, yes, by that standard he is a fool. He has been a fool to leave his office, for leaving himself as poor as the day he entered it. He has been a fool to let get by him the chances that come up every day in that office to take dirty and dishonest money. He has been a fool to keep his latchstring out both day and night for the humblest suitor for justice. He has been a fool to prosecute the Secretary of the County Committee of a great party on the eve of that party's convention, though he well knew what that would mean to him, simply because his oath of office required him to do it. [Applause.] He has been a fool to run his office according to his oath without turning aside from his duty, without fear or favor to race, party, or creed. Oh, yes, he has been that kind of a fool, and you love him for his folly. [Applause.]

"Now, the only man, the first man to attack Jerome's record in office is James Osborne, and James Osborne ought to be the last man to do it, and I will tell you why. In the campaign four years ago Osborne went on the stump for his job. It was a pretty interesting campaign; you will remember pretty hard things were said, some of them by Mr. Jerome himself; but Osborne rent it out of his way to make a coarse and bitter personal attack on William Travers Jerome, who was elected by the people of New York to serve a four-year term as District Attorney.

Calls Flammer Brave.

"Now, according to all the ethics of the game as they play it in Fourteenth Street, Osborne should have lost his job, and he did not want to lose it. He did not like to face the possibility that I face now—the probability of going out into a cold, hard world and waiting for clients. He was, as they say on the football field, a bit line-shy. Jerome saved his job for him because he knew he was able, he knew he was effective, and he believed he was straight, and it made no difference whatever to him that Osborne had attacked him. He kept Osborne there a year and a half more, until finally Osborne got his courage up and went away.

"He tells you himself that he is the only man who has been in that office in fifteen years who knows how to try a case, and when he left we were sorry to have him go, because we were conscious of that, and we looked forward to the future with forebodings and with dread, but we worried along. The wheels of justice have not altogether stopped. Now, will you tell me, after that treatment of Osborne by Jerome—and he has not stopped there; there has never been a chance that he had to say a word for him, to send him a client; there has never been a chance he has missed to help Osborne in his career to the limit of his power—now, will you tell me who in the City of New York should be the last man to attack William Travers Jerome? It is not a question of manners; I would not try to teach manners to Gentleman Jim; that would be to gild the lily or add a perfume to the violet. It is not a question of taste; it is a question of plain common garden decency.

Did It Leave a Bad Taste?

"Tell us, Osborne—I appeal to the Osborne that God made, not to the candidate the Murphy made—tell us when you had cleansed your bosom of that rotten stuff, didn't it leave a bad taste in your mouth? [Laughter.]

"Now, Osborne says that Jerome is not personally corrupt. [Laughter.] For this relief much thanks. [Laughter.] His grievance against Jerome is that he is totally inefficient. Brave words! Good, hard indictment there. Totally inefficient! Now, will you bear with me just a few minutes? Let us see about that. Star cases do not count. The big cases—they are a great hindrance to the work of our office. They take up the time of the court; they take far more attention from the professional staff and from the clerical force than their importance entitles them to. They are simply clogs in the running calendar of daily business."

Mr. Rand then said that when Mr. Jerome entered office he inherited 881 pending indictments, that by the end of the first year he had not only kept tab with the new business but he had reduced the standing calendar of indictments by more than 400 cases, so that there were only 450 cases left at the end of his first year, and that he had got the calendar down to 380 cases.

"Not totally inefficient," said Mr. Rand. "Some one has been working there."

Mr. Rand was applauded when he said that the average time between a man's indictment and the time he leaves for Sing Sing or Clinton prison now was only six days. He added that District Attorney Gardiner had 167 forfeited recognizances or bail bonds, and from them collected $10,000. In this last year, Mr. Rand said, there have been only 140 forfeited bail bonds, but $65,000 had been collected.

Mr. Rand then took up the New York Central tunnel case. He said Mr. Jerome believed that the tunnel was a public nuisance and had asked the Grand Jury repeatedly to bring in a true bill against the Central, but the Grand Jury had refused. He could not, Mr. Rand said, ask that a bill for manslaughter be brought in because the lights on the day of the accident were plainly seen by the fireman in the cab. Mr. Rand continued:

"Now, what a cheap play it would have been, with all the newspaper clamor that there was, to pick out J. Pierpont Morgan or Chauncey M. Depew or some other big officer of that company and indict him! That is what a District Attorney would do who was careless of his oath of office and was courting simply an ephemeral popularity. Jerome was careful there.

"If Osborne is sincere in what he says we will give him a chance to prove it. The statute has not run against that crime of manslaughter, if any such crime was committed. Not a witness is dead, not a witness has run away. Every bit of that evidence is down in the safe in the District Attorney's office, easily procurable. Now, tell us, Osborne, if you are elected District Attorney, will you present J. Pierpont Morgan and the other Directors of the New York Central to the Grand Jury for indictment? [Applause.]

"He complains of the Darlington case. He says a building fell down and we haven't punished anybody. That is true. The owner was indicted, but he thought he would not wait. [Laughter.] He ran away. I tell you, Osborne is a great detective; we all agree to that. After he has found out where Charley Murphy got it let him put his energies to work and bring us back that defendant in the Darlington case."

Mr. Rand then took up the Slocum case, answering Mr. Osborne's arguments much as Mr. Jerome has done. As an instance of Mr. Jerome's work against powerful interests he mentioned "a blood-sucking policy man." Then he took up Canfield and said:

"Which of Jerome's predecessors ever dared touch Richard Canfield? He was a powerful criminal; he was a rich criminal. Jerome brought him down, made him plead guilty to being a common gambler, and put him out of business. Now, total inefficiency that is, is it? [Applause.]

"Osborne asks you to believe that he is the kind of a man who can conduct that office with sanity and judgment in your interests. Don't these very accusations made without proof, without knowledge of what he is talking about, simply for the purpose of catching a stray vote here and there, don't they show what all who know Osborne know to be the fact; that brave as he is, able as he is, that in no way is he mentally fit to be District Attorney of this county or any other?

Mr. Rand declared that Osborne, if elected, would simply have to hand his pay roll over to Murphy. He expressed his belief that the voters would prefer Jerome, "that able, honest, and efficient servant whom all good men honor and all bad men fear."

In introducing Mr. Rand, ex-Justice Cohen said of Mr. Jerome:

"Therefore, rally about him and stand by him close and to the very end. In the light of the fires of victory on election night we shall see the guilty tremble and honest men rejoice, and we shall also see a rotten machine crumble before the wrath of a patient and long-suffering people, and other odious machines elsewhere in the land shaken to their foundations."

Deputy Assistant District Attorney Francis B. Lord and Abram I. Elkus also spoke.

Metz Guest of Honor in Brooklyn.

Herman A. Metz, the Democratic candidate for Controller, was the guest of honor at a reception at the Lincoln Club, Brooklyn, last night. Men prominent in both of the leading political parties were present.

HARVARD-WEST POINT FOOTBALL GAME.
No pictures equal the splendid photographs reproduced NEXT SUNDAY in THE SUNDAY TIMES.—Adv.

MR. HEARST PROMISES THE CITY 55-CENT GAS

Brooklyn Crowd Also Cheers His Thrusts at the B. R. T.

FINDS A POLITICAL TRUST

Audience Hisses McCarren When the Candidate Calls Him One of Its Agents.

William R. Hearst made a whirlwind tour through Brooklyn last night and at the Clermont Avenue Rink faced an audience that packed that biggest of all meeting places in the borough. He received a tremendous ovation. Mrs. Hearst went along with her husband and witnessed the demonstration that followed his appearance on the platform.

The audience, which numbered at least 5,000, waited patiently until long after 10 o'clock for Mr. Hearst to arrive. As many more attended the overflow meetings in the street.

It was apparent at a glance that the audience was made up largely of workingmen. Several labor organizations had paraded to the hall with bands of music.

The appearance of Mr. Hearst on the platform was the signal for a tremendous outburst of cheering. The first demonstration lasted ten minutes. Then a band in the gallery struck up "The Star-Spangled Banner." The audience jumped to its feet and sang. Mr. Hearst stood bowing and smiling.

"I thank you for this hearty welcome," said Mr. Hearst when quiet finally was restored.

"Don't mention it; you have done as much for us," cried a man in the audience.

Mr. Hearst sailed in to what he termed a new trust he had dug up since he began to run for Mayor. He dubbed it the "political trust." When he referred to Senator McCarren as one of its agents there was prolonged hissing and booing.

With the exception of the part that had to do with the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, and what he would do to that corporation if he were elected, and a promise that he would give the people of New York 55 cent gas, his speech was largely a repetition of what he has said at other meetings. Both promises made a hit. The audience had almost as many boos and hisses for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit as they had for McCarren.

"A Mayor that wasn't a political trust office boy," said Mr. Hearst, "would proceed through his Corporation Counsel to make the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company live up to the requirements of the law by prosecuting in the courts an action to forfeit the charters of its subsidiary companies unless they complied with the provisions of their charters.

"A very estimable newspaper has quoted me as saying in one of my speeches that I could bring about municipal ownership of gas and traction in thirty days. Of course, I never said that. But some action looking to this could be begun in thirty minutes after I had taken office, and I pledge you that it will be done. If I am elected Mayor I will appoint such a Corporation Counsel and improve your traction situation at once."

Mr. Hearst emphasized at his Clermont Avenue Rink meeting his assertion that there was no confiscation in his programme for municipal ownership.

"We are more strongly opposed to confiscation than any of the other parties," he said. "We are against not only the public confiscation of private property, but we are against the confiscation by private individuals of public property."

From the Clermont Avenue Rink Mr. Hearst went to Metropolitan Saenger Hall, Pitkin Avenue and Washington Street, Brownsville. He found it packed to the doors, and at least 1,000 persons outside. The crowd cheered him for nearly ten minutes.

Mr. Hearst said that if he were Mayor and the city could take the Brooklyn Rapid Transit franchise, which it ought to do, he would spend the profits in providing new equipment and bettering the service.

When he left the hall Mr. Hearst was recognized by the crowd in the street and addressed them from his automobile.

Before he went to the meeting at the Clermont Avenue Rink Mr. Hearst addressed 2,500 persons in the Turn Verein Hall at Eighty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue. From there he went to Williamsburg, where he spoke in Liederkranz Hall and Apollo Hall in Manhattan Avenue.

The Hearst party started in automobiles from the Hoffman House a little after 8 o'clock. The first stop was made at the Hearst residence at Twenty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue, where Mr. Hearst was to join the party.

While the long line of automobiles stood chug-chugging, ready to start, Mr. Hearst with his wife came out of the house and boarded a Lexington Avenue car on which they journeyed to the Turn Verein Hall. There was a big crowd in the street that cheered uproariously as they alighted in front of the hall.

From her automobile Mrs. Hearst witnessed a demonstration for her husband in Williamsburg. Mr. Hearst decided to walk from Liederkranz Hall to Capitol Hall, a distance of only half a dozen blocks. The candidate, with an escort of husky policemen, soon became the centre of a swirling throng of humanity that cheered wildly and pressed forward to get a glimpse of Mr. Hearst.

After Mr. Hearst had gone into the hall a gang of boys gathered around the automobile and begged campaign buttons. One little fellow was particularly persistent.

It happened that there was only one Hearst campaign button in the automobile and that was pinned to Mrs. Hearst's coat. She took it off, leaned out of the car, and put it in the little fellow's hand.

He ran off shrieking "Three cheers for Hoist!"

UNIONS AGAINST HEARST MEN.

Denounce Joseph Bermel and W. A. De Groot, Candidates in Queens.

Union men in Queens are up in arms against two candidates on the Hearst ticket who are said to be opposed to organized labor. Resolutions had already been adopted and spread broadcast denouncing William A. De Groot, Hearst's candidate for Assembly from the Second Assembly District of Queens, and yesterday resolutions were adopted denouncing Joseph Bermel, who is on the Hearst ticket for Borough President.

Bermel is a Democrat who was nominated by a Republican convention, and his name was then placed on the Hearst ticket. Since his nomination he has asserted that he is still a Democrat and will vote for McClellan.

A JAPANESE FOR HEARST.

He Is a Distinguished Advocate of Municipal Ownership in Japan.

Dr. Julius Kumpel Matsumoto, a member of the Japanese Parliament, President of the School of Political Sciences, author, and most prominent advocate of municipal ownership in Japan, called at the Hoffman House headquarters of the Municipal Ownership League yesterday and offered his services as a Hearst spellbinder.

Dr. Matsumoto, who is in this country to study the operation of public utilities, will speak at several municipal ownership meetings, beginning to-morrow. Dr. Matsumoto in an interview said:

"The movement for municipal ownership was started in Japan about eight years ago, and I was one of its first advocates. I have always been a firm believer in the doctrine because of its benefits to the people as individuals and as a community. In Yokohama the gas works are owned and operated by the municipality, and are one of the most profitable and valuable assets of the city. In Tokio there is little doubt but that the street railways will be bought and operated by the municipality."

There are few, if any, Japanese voters here. Nor are there any Chinese who have votes. If there were, it is said that they would go to Mr. Hearst, who as an employer of labor is popular among the Chinese in the West.

POLICE NOT FOR HEARST.

In Fact They Deny That They Are Indorsing Anybody.

At their annual meeting, held yesterday at Maennerchor Hall, the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association passed this resolution:

The patrolmen of the City of New York, in meeting assembled, in denial of the statement widely published in the newspapers that the policemen's meeting of this date, or any other previous date, was called for the purpose of discussing politics or indorsing candidates.

Several of the policemen indignantly denied the report that they had endorsed William R. Hearst, as had been reported.

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As a safe, ordinary, and gentle laxative.

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MUTUAL INVESTIGATION NO WHITEWASH AFFAIR

Possibility of Changes Indicated by Mr. Truesdale.

MORRIS DECLINES TO SERVE

Business Interests of Philadelphia Financier Will Prevent — Trustees Surprised by Revelations.

Effingham B. Morris of Philadelphia, who was appointed on the committee of Mutual Life Insurance Company Trustees to investigate the company's affairs, decided yesterday that his business would not permit him to serve. Yesterday afternoon he sent a letter from Philadelphia announcing his declination to William H. Truesdale, President of the Lackawanna Railroad, who was named as the first member of the committee, and who will probably be its Chairman. Mr. Morris is President of the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia, and has been distinctly an "out-of-town" Trustee of the Mutual.

His refusal to serve may delay the investigation, but it was learned yesterday that the inquiry is to be no white-washing affair. This information came to THE TIMES from several sources of authority yesterday, and it was substantiated by a statement authorized by Mr. Truesdale. This was:

"I have heard for some weeks talk among certain of the Trustees that the facts which were coming out before the legislative committee made it necessary that there should be an independent investigation of the company. That I was to be in any way connected with this investigation was not known to me, and the information that I had been chosen on the investigating committee came as a surprise.

"I do not want to appear to prejudge the work of the committee. Such an attitude would be obviously improper for one in my position. But I will say that any impression that this committee was intended to be a whitewashing committee or a committee pledged in advance to uphold any officer of the company or any particular set of transactions is an entirely erroneous one.

The Committee's Plan.

"The committee will seek to get at the exact truth in regard to the affairs of the Mutual Life Insurance Company fairly, impartially, and in a judicial manner, and will spare no effort to this end. Having ascertained the facts, it will then determine what changes, if any, are necessary in the organization and management of the company, and will endeavor to have such measures as it may decide upon put into effect, to the end that the Mutual shall be placed on the highest possible plane as a life insurance company.

"At the meeting yesterday nothing was said by any one to indicate a desire to have a whitewashing committee; in fact, such discussion as I am familiar with, either formal or informal in character, has been quite of a contrary nature."

From other sources, the authority of which is beyond question, it is learned that the investigation that has been ordered is the result of a movement that has been in progress among a good many of the older Trustees of the Mutual since President McCurdy testified. These Trustees were greatly surprised to find, for instance, that Dr. Thébaud, President McCurdy's son-in-law, had been making $147,000 a year in commissions out of the company, and that young Robert H. McCurdy had realized more than $100,000 a year from his commissions on foreign business of the Mutual after he left the foreign department. The discussion which started was of none too friendly a character in many quarters, and it may be said that the resolution of investigation was advocated by some of the Trustees rather than more stringent methods only because it was felt that in fairness to the company its own board should sift matters before action was taken.

Some time before Wednesday's meeting of the Trustees it had been decided that a resolution calling for an investigation must be put through. The question then arose as to how this should be done. It was at last determined to allow President McCurdy to offer the resolution that he might be spared the humiliation of having such a move put through at the initiative of others. The fact that there was no discussion at the slimly attended meeting of the board at which the resolution was passed means merely that the whole matter was cut and dried in advance, and that no discussion was necessary. Everybody understood perfectly well what the resolution meant when Mr. Truesdale, Mr. Morris of Philadelphia, and John W. Auchincloss were named as members of the investigating committee.

Who the Members Are.

All three of these men have been disassociated with the "inside circle" of Trustees who, President McCurdy testified, have controlled the Mutual's affairs. As President of the Lackawanna Railroad, one of the richest railroad corporations in the United States, Mr. Truesdale is in a position of peculiar independence as regards his service on any board or committee, for the very great prosperity of the system of which he is the head has made it unnecessary for his road to make alliances with any particular set of banking interests.

Mr. Auchincloss is a member of the cotton brokerage firm of Auchincloss Brothers, at 22 William Street, and has a reputation in the financial community for conservatism and high business standards.

The official account which was given out after the meeting of the Mutual's Trustees on Wednesday omitted an important feature of that gathering. This was a speech of Julien T. Davies, head of the law firm of Davies, Stone & Auerbach, in seconding President McCurdy's resolution. Mr. Davies in this speech, it is learned, declared in no doubtful way his belief that a thorough investigation was demanded, and that an investigation ought to be held which should spare no individual or group of individuals whose conduct as officers of Trustees of the society might become the subject of just condemnation. There was no further discussion, and the resolution of investigation was passed unanimously.

As a matter of fact, the Directorate of the Mutual Life has been divided into two classes for a considerable period. In the first class were the men in most intimate personal associations with the administration, the "inner circle," as President McCurdy called them on the stand. In the other class were those who had accepted the Trusteeship in the Mutual as they had accepted membership in the boards of many other corporations, with the belief that the functions of their office were of an advisory rather than a supervisory character, except as they themselves might be chosen members of committees charged with specific supervisory duties. Some of these men were surprised when printed slips bearing the text of resolutions which the Trustees were to be called on to pass were sent around by mail last Fall for their signature, the idea being that when enough members of the board had voted "aye" the passage of the resolution should be recorded. This incident has remained in the memory of several of the Mutual's Trustees recently when stories of special commissions and confidential legal payments have been told on the witness stand. It may be said also that the wholesale attempt to purchase the publication of "special" news matter in the newspapers was a surprise to the Trustees who are now demanding an investigation of the McCurdy régime.

It is taken for granted that there will be a strong element in the board that will stand behind President McCurdy even though the investigating committee should find facts warranting his retirement from the company.

WON'T GET ARMSTRONG BILLS.

Insurance Committees Cut Out of Legislative Programme.

If the Armstrong committee of insurance investigators prepares any bills—and it is expected that it will—to correct insurance evils, it will not hand them over to the Insurance Committees of the Senate and Assembly, but will introduce them directly to those two bodies. This arrangement is understood to have the approval of Gov. Higgins.

A precedent for this was established in the case of the Gas Investigating Committee last Spring. In this instance the decision of the Armstrong committee is of particular importance, as it will have the effect of putting the proposed measures squarely up to the legislators. It is argued that the legislators will thus be relieved from sinister influences that have prevented many insurance measures from getting through the Legislature in the last ten or fifteen years.

Insurance Medical Directors Dine.

Medical Directors representing most of the large insurance companies dined together at the St. Regis last evening. The disclosures of insurance methods which have come out in the last eight months furnished most of the food for discussion. An invitation to the newspapers to report what the medical directors had to say was cancelled soon after they met.

FUND FOR A MAYOR'S DEBTS.

Jamestown's Executive Said a Creditor Coerced Him Politically.

Special to The New York Times.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 26.—Every effort of the Republican organization of the First Chautauqua District is being put forth to re-elect Assemblyman Arthur C. Wade, Judge Warren B. Hooker's attorney, to the Assembly. The fight against him is the bitterest that has been made in this county for many years. Among his opponents was J. Emil Johnson, Mayor of this city. This morning announcement was made that Mayor Johnson had consented to preside at a meeting to be held here next Monday evening in Mr. Wade's interest.

Friends of the Independent-Democratic candidate, William L. Ransom, at once waited on the Mayor to know why he had changed front. He told them that he had not changed his opinion, that he believed that Mr. Wade should be defeated, but that, Elof Rosencranz, a political boss and supporter of Mr. Wade, to whom he was under financial obligations, insisted that he should preside at this meeting, and it was for that reason and no other that he consented to do so. He was free to say that Mr. Ransom's friends could inform others of that fact if they cared to do so.

Friends of the Mayor prepared the following subscription paper:

We authorize the following amounts to be paid over to J. Emil Johnson at any time within thirty days, provided a sufficient sum be subscribed and paid by others to discharge the obligations of Mr. Johnson to Elof Rosencranz. We make this not as a charitable contribution, but as a contribution to good citizenship in an effort to relieve the Mayor of our city of his political slavery to Mr. Rosencranz.

The subscription was headed with $100 by Pickard & Dean, attorneys, and the money placed in the hands of Frederick P. Hall, to be paid with others into the hands of the Mayor.

POLICE IN JERSEY ELECTION.

One Man Suspended for Making a Woman Remove Candidate's Picture.

Policeman Edward P. Reilly of the Jersey City force has been suspended by Chief of Police Murphy, charged with compelling a woman to take a candidate's portrait out of the window in her little candy store on Warren Street. Mrs. Grannis and her husband had tried to be nonpartisan, and had hung the portraits of Mayor Fagan and A. M. Henry, his Democratic opponent, in the window.

Mrs. Grannis ran into Chief Murphy's office yesterday to ask why she could not have Mr. Henry's as well as Mayor Fagan's picture on exhibition. She said that Reilly had entered the store, and, pointing to Henry's picture, ordered her to "Take that down and tear it up."

He stood by, she says, while she took it down, and remained till she had obeyed his repeated order to tear it up. The Chief immediately sent for Reilly, and ordered him to report for trial by the Police Board.

It is said that there is scarcely a saloon keeper in the city who is allowed to exhibit Henry's portrait with those of the other Democratic candidates.

STREET CLEANERS RAISED.

And They're for McClellan—Decided So in Advance of the News, They Say.

The Board of Estimate in completing its work on the annual budget, has allowed the Street Cleaning Department a sufficient increase in its annual appropriation to permit better wages to be paid to its employes. The budget will be officially announced on Monday or Tuesday next week. The provision in the budget is sufficient to allow an increase from $720 to $840 a year for drivers and full Sunday pay to sweepers when called on for work on that day.

Mayor McClellan wrote to Commissioner Woodbury last Spring urging that the increase was desirable. The Commissioner included in his estimates this year an appropriation sufficient to pay the men on the basis outlined. The Mayor has seen to it that these appropriations were not cut.

There was unrestrained glee among the men in the department when the news got out yesterday. A committee from Council No. 2,034 of the Knights of Labor, which is made up of Street Cleaning Department employes, called at Tammany Hall yesterday morning and denied that the men had come out for Hearst. It had been so reported. John Reilly, Master of the lodge, and Thomas French, its Secretary, said the men were for McClellan, and they had adopted resolutions to that effect.

TURNS STATE'S EVIDENCE.

Agnes Renoud's Action in Baby Murder Case Will Cause Delay.

A peculiar state of affairs, which may cause much delay, arose yesterday in the case of Gustav Dinser and Agnes Renoud, who are under indictment for killing the woman's two-year-old daughter. When the prisoners were brought before Judge McMahon to plead no counsel appeared for them.

The man said that Carl Fischer-Hansen was his lawyer. The woman said that Mr. Hansen had also acted as her counsel, but she did not want him. The pleas were then taken, and Judge McMahon issued orders to the Warden of the Tombs not to admit any lawyer to see the Renoud woman without her consent. Hearing of this, Mr. Hansen went before Judge McMahon and asked that the pleas be withdrawn because they had been entered without the usual motions being made.

The court denied the request, but gave Mr. Hansen until next Tuesday to argue any motion he might desire to make. The lawyer then asked that the order forbidding him to see the Renoud woman be rescinded, which the court refused to do. Mr. Hansen announced then that he would take the matter to the Appellate Division on an appeal from Judge McMahon's order. The trial of the prisoners, which was to have begun next Monday, will go over. Back of this trouble lies the fact that the woman has turned State's evidence, and will testify against Dinser.

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MERIDEN BRITA CO.

WILL TRY TO PUT JEROME ON TICKET

Continued from Page 1.

District Attorney had quit them under the persuasion of Odell, Halpin, and others, and the only practical question before them was what they could do to remedy the situation.

Chairman Halpin proposed that the best thing to do was to substitute for Mr. Flammer's name on the ticket that of Mr. Jerome. He dwelt on the size of the Jerome boom, predicting that it would sweep everything before it, and suggesting the advisability of the organization getting in out of the wind and wet. Mr. Halpin was ably seconded by Senator Elsberg, who is managing Mr. Ivins's campaign. Senator Elsberg thought it would be of the greatest benefit to Mr. Ivins if the Republican organization would substitute Mr. Jerome for Mr. Flammer. He predicted that it would mean Mr. Ivins's election.

Then Edward Lauterbach spoke. He is the man who first suggested to the Republican Committee on Vacancies that the nomination for Mayor be offered to Mr. Ivins. In the Republican conference at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, at which Mr. Ivins made his appeal for the indorsement of Jerome, Mr. Lauterbach made the principal speech against such action. Twenty-seven of the district leaders stood with him, and when Mr. Ivins came out of that conference he said that the reasons which Mr. Lauterbach and the district leaders who spoke against Jerome advanced for opposing his indorsement had been absolutely convincing to him.

Lauterbach Saw a Light.

But Mr. Lauterbach has seen a great light in the last few days. His political versatility was never better displayed than in the arguments he made yesterday for the reversal of the course which he had so forcibly and eloquently pleaded for.

With the exception of Abraham Gruber, the district leaders who opposed the candidacy of Mr. Jerome at the former conference and in the County Convention said nothing. When the vote was taken on the resolution calling the convention to reconvene at the Murray Hill Lyceum to-night to take action on the District Attorney nomination, Mr. Gruber was the only leader who voted "No." There were some who did not vote at all.

With the exception of Mr. Halpin and those few others who were originally for Mr. Jerome, the leaders wore a very disgusted look at the close of the conference. A group of them was asked for the explanation of the organization's remarkable change of front. "Expediency," said one, and the rest nodded approval. What they said about State Chairman Odell and Mr. Halpin is another story. The word "yellow" figured frequently in their remarks.

Those who urged the reconvening of the convention to get Jerome on the ticket in place of Flammer believed that the accomplishment of that would mean many additional votes for Ivins. They had ascertained, they said, that a large number of Republicans in New York County had made up their minds to vote for Jerome and ignore the Republican city ticket because Jerome had not been put on it. With Jerome on the ticket, it was argued, all those votes would be gained for Ivins. To these arguments the anti-Jerome leaders said nothing.

Gruber Takes to Verse.

Col. Gruber was unable to express himself in prose. His view of the situation was expressed thus:

This world is all a fleeting show,
And soon grim death will jerk us,
So let's be happy while we go,
And all enjoy the circus.

"But what will be the effect of the decision reached by the committee?" Mr. Gruber was asked.

"I think the present condition of affairs will suit the taste of every lover of succotash," he replied.

Ivins Speaks of Flammer.

In a speech at the Brooklyn Union League Club last night Mr. Ivins said:

"The fine public spirit and generosity of Judge Flammer have not only made possible, but compelled the union of all forces who are sincerely opposed to graft in all its forms, whether in public or private station. I welcome that union and the additional strength it will give to the fight against Tammany.

"The District Attorneyship of New York County is a great office, and Judge Flammer, with patriotism, has made it impossible that Tammany should control it."

Mr. Ivins was asked after his speech whether he thought R. Fulton Cutting would come out for the Republican ticket now that the Republicans are to indorse Mr. Jerome. He replied:

"I don't know that I should be expected to know what Mr. Cutting is going to do. Mr. Cutting and I have never met. I seem to have the poorest acquaintance of any man in town with the bosses."

Mr. Ivins commented on the action of Judge Flammer in resigning from the ticket before the result of the conference of leaders at the Fifth Avenue was made known. He said:

"Judge Flammer's action proves him to be dominated by a fine spirit of unselfishness. He was entirely free to do as he pleased and he pleased, after mature and sober thought, seeing no likelihood of his own election, to give every guarantee in his power to bring about the defeat of the Tammany nominee and the election of Mr. Jerome. Whatever bearing it may have on my own candidacy, whether my chances improve or not, it's the dictate of a sound heart and a sane head, and proves Judge Flammer, what every one of his friends has always known him to be, the very best type of a good citizen."

"Do you think that you and Mr. Jerome will speak from the same platform, now that it is the intention of the Republican organization to substitute him for Judge Flammer on the Republican ticket?" Mr. Ivins was asked.

"That depends upon Mr. Jerome. My platform is quite open to him. I am running for the larger and more important office on what I believe to be larger and more important issues. I would welcome him to my platform."

Those associated with Mr. Ivans in the campaign thought that Mr. Jerome certainly would speak with Mr. Ivans out of gratitude for what had been done for him by the Republican organization. They got little encouragement in that belief from the Republican friends of Mr. Jerome who went around to headquarters. The prevailing belief among Mr. Jerome's friends was that he would do as he has done and not speaking from any platform but his own.

"Why should Jerome speak for a Republican platform?" inquired one of his supporters. "If he did so he would alienate thousands of Democratic votes which are now certain to be cast for him. He is under no obligation to the Republican organization. The Republicans laid down to him, not because they have any more liking for him to-day than they had two weeks ago, but to save their own political faces. Besides it is a question just how much value the Republican indorsement will be to Jerome. All of the Republican workers who have been against Jerome all along for reasons of their own and who would have voted for Flammer, undoubtedly will now vote for Osborne and ask all of their followers to do likewise."

The prevailing opinion was that whatever benefit Mr. Jerome would receive from the Republican indorsement would be more from the moral effect of it than from any other source. It would have a tendency to create the impression that Mr. Jerome's fight is practically won, it was said, and that would bring him the votes of that class which liked to be with the winner.

Judge Charles H. Knox, the head of the Tammany Law Committee, said last night with respect to the action of the Republican County Committee:

"If any Republican County Convention shall be reconvened, the resignation of Judge Flammer accepted and an attempt made to substitute the name of William Travers Jerome for District Attorney, such action will be contested by the Tammany Hall Law Committee. We will protest before the Board of Elections, and if the Republicans take the matter into the courts we will make a fight in the courts. The proposed proceeding is clearly illegal. Section 64 of the election law says plainly that the declination of a party nomination filed with the Board of Elections in New York City must be made at least twenty days before the day of election. That made the last day for declinations of nominations for the coming election Oct. 18. I have no idea that the contention of the Republicans will be sustained by the courts."

OSBORNE ON THE WITHDRAWAL.

He Thinks It Proves That Jerome Must Be a Republican.

When asked yesterday evening for an expression of opinion on Mr. Flammer's withdrawal from the Republican ticket, Mr. Osborne said:

"The letter and the action demonstrate the fact that Mr. Flammer considers that he has no opportunity to be elected. It also proves that Mr. Jerome is more of a Republican than he is a Democrat, although at times he has hated a Republican like a rattlesnake."

District Attorney Jerome's reply to this and other charges of Mr. Osborne was:

"To follow the vagaries of my gentlemanlike opponent in his attacks upon the efficiency of my conduct of this office is impossible, and I shall leave it to other hands to be dealt with."

I'M GLAD, SAID HIGGINS.

The Governor Referred to Flammer's Quitting and Indorsing Jerome.

ALBANY, Oct. 26.—When Gov. Higgins was asked this morning what he thought of the resignation of Charles A. Flammer as Republican candidate for District Attorney of New York and his indorsement of Mr. Jerome, he replied, after some hesitation:

"Well, if I were to say anything, I should say I'm glad."

"Do you say that?" was asked.

"Yes," replied the Governor, "I do. I'm glad of it."

SHEARN WON'T WITHDRAW.

Some Influences in the Hearst Party Against a Jerome Indorsement.

District Attorney Jerome will not, as some persons seemed to expect yesterday, receive the official indorsement of the Municipal Ownership League. All doubt on that point was settled yesterday afternoon when Clarence J. Shearn, candidate for District Attorney on the Hearst ticket, emphatically declared that he had no intention whatever of following the example of ex-Magistrate Flammer and giving way to Jerome.

"No, emphatically no," said Mr. Shearn when questioned on the subject yesterday afternoon. "I will stay on the ticket, and as far as I am concerned, I most confidently expect the entire ticket to win. The policy of our movement has been to place men on guard who are friends of the principles we enunciate. Mr. Jerome does not come in that class."

Mr. Shearn being the personal counsel of Mr. Hearst and one of his closest advisers, what he says upon any feature of the Municipal Ownership League's policy may be looked upon as final. While it is known that Mr. Hearst personally, prior to the convention of the league, was in favor of burying any objection he had to Mr. Jerome in order to strengthen the ticket, the proposal of indorsing Mr. Jerome met with decided objection from some of his followers.

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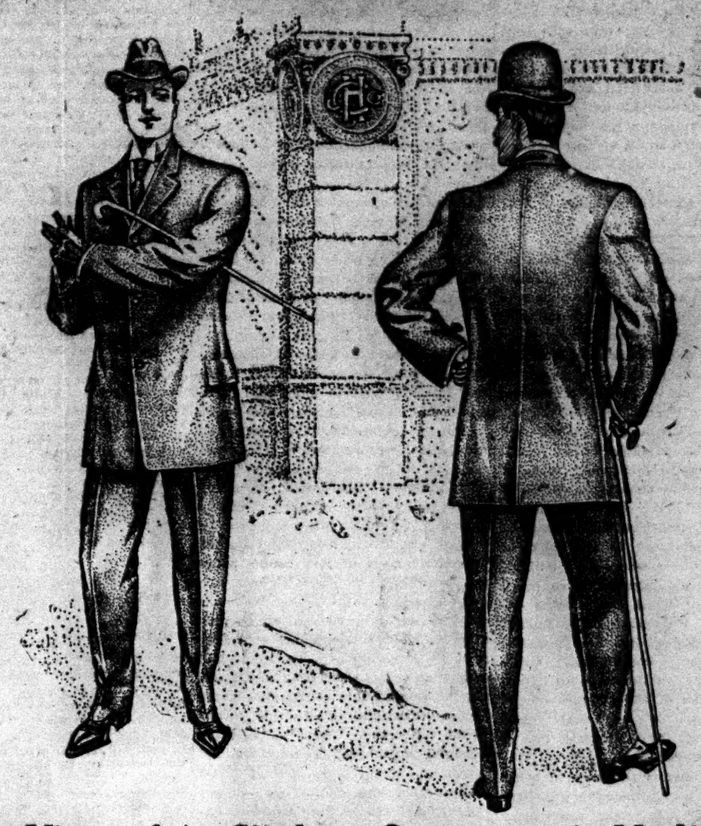

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THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

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Katherine Cecil Thurston, author of that fascinating story, *The Masquerader.*

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She has written THE novel of the year again.

What is it called?

The Gambler.

And why do you grow thus hysterical over it?

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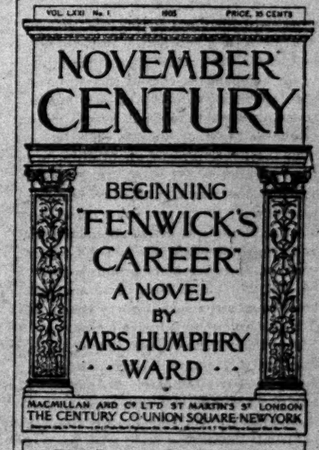

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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY, Times Square, New York City.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 27, 1905.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

OFFICES—NEW YORK:
Publication.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Harlem.....129 West 125th Street
Wall Street.....39 Broad Street
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....160 Queen Victoria Street, E. C.

ONE CENT in Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS. FIVE CENTS Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY, per Week.....$0.12
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....0.17
DAILY, per Month.....0.50
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month.....0.75
DAILY, per Year.....6.00
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EIGHTEEN PAGES.

NOW JEROME CAN BE ELECTED.

It would be altogether futile, we suppose, to ask Mr. OSBORNE, following the fine example set by Mr. FLAMMER, to retire from the District Attorneyship contest and request his supporters and the Tammany organization to vote for Mr. JEROME. But it is a great opportunity that awaits Mr. OSBORNE—the opportunity to do a wise and noble act, to render a greater service to the community than he could possibly render in any other way, and to perform a deed of renunciation and self-sacrifice that would distinguish him for the rest of his life. We fear, however, that he is not quite equal to his opportunity even if the Tammany chiefs would permit him to withdraw from the ticket.

So far as Mr. OSBORNE'S political future is concerned, it would be much better for him to retire now than to be defeated. His defeat by Mr. JEROME has now become quite possible; the events of the next few days may make it certain. We have not hitherto regarded the election of Mr. JEROME as probable. It is hard for an independent candidate running without an organization to beat Tammany in New York County, its stronghold. But the magnanimous act of Mr. FLAMMER puts a new face upon the matter altogether. Unquestionably a large number of Republican votes which otherwise would have been cast for the candidate of the party convention will now in obedience to Mr. FLAMMER'S appeal be transferred to Mr. JEROME. His strength, already very great, augmented by this Republican reinforcement, may easily grow so rapidly in the remaining ten days of the campaign as to bring him out at the head of the poll.

When Mr. JEROME ran as the Fusion candidate in 1902 he received 167,316 votes to 150,184 for his Tammany opponent, Mr. UNGER. The registration in New York County being this year 363,356, there will be at least 345,000 votes cast. Were there only two candidates in the field, 175,000 votes would be required to elect. Mr. FLAMMER'S withdrawal leaves in theory only Mr. JEROME and Mr. SHEARN as anti-Tammany candidates. But unless a way shall be found to remove Mr. FLAMMER'S name from the ticket and to substitute that of JEROME a very large part of the straight Republican vote will be wasted upon a candidate who has declined in advance. It is unfortunately true, also, that several of the Republican district leaders sharing Mr. ODELL'S dislike or fear of Mr. JEROME, will work against him. But he will poll by far the greater part of the intelligent independent vote of the city, and his Republican vote will be very heavy. If Mr. SHEARN should poll even a third or one-half of the vote now claimed for him, the Osborne vote would drop to a figure which would elect Mr. JEROME. The Jerome wave is already running very high. If the public demand for his continuance in office shall broaden and deepen between now and the day of election, as it certainly promises to do, he will win his gallant fight and will have taught the stupid party bosses of this city a most impressive lesson.

The Republicans have the sense to see that they ought to have made Mr. JEROME their candidate. Mr. MURPHY has not yet risen to that stage of enlightenment. But there are thousands of loyal Tammany men who deplore MURPHY'S blunder in not nominating Mr. JEROME, as he was urged to do by very influential men in the organization. There is in all animated nature hardly any creature more stupid than your political boss when he gets into a stubborn mood and defies public opinion. Mr. MURPHY'S mind was shut to the plainest considerations of sound politics. To be sure, Mr. JEROME might on his part have exhibited a little more sweet reasonableness, but a party chief is expected to overlook the idiosyncracies of candidates. It is a part of his business.

At any rate, Mr. MURPHY must now see that he missed a fine opportunity to give the decent part of the community a better opinion of Tammany Hall. The support Mr. JEROME has attracted to himself as an independent candidate is remarkable, for its quality, for its zeal, and for its numbers. Men who have some pride in the good name of the city, and who have a preference for the honest and impartial administration of public justice, with one mind and voice advocate his re-election. But Mr. JEROME'S support comes from no one class in the community. Multitudes of persons of humble estate look upon him as a friend and protector. Those reasons which have so frequently prevailed in bringing about a union of the two political parties to join in nominating for re-election a Judge who has done good service apply with equal force to Mr. JEROME, who with conspicuous ability, impartially, energetically, and in the fear of no man, has done his duty as District Attorney. A vigorous volunteer canvass of the city during the remaining few days of the campaign would win a victory for him, and gain for the city the distinguishing credit of making a choice which it would be a sign of weakness and of folly not to make.

THE RUSSIAN COLLAPSE.

In one sense, and a most important sense, the Russian news now coming in is the most ominous and threatening of all the news about Russia that has appeared. The most ominous and threatening, that is, for the Government of Russia, not for the people of Russia, who comprise a tenth or so of the human race. That a few proud fools should be able to embark their country in a war the disastrous issues of which they were equally incapable of foreseeing and of averting—this, doubtless, was an equally cogent criticism of the individuals and of the form of government under which such individuals were made capable of so much mischief. But when the persons engaged in the transportation of Russia, and the supply of its cities from its rural districts, unanimously strike work, their action threatens an immediate stoppage of the supplies of the cities. Already, for every inhabitant of St. Petersburg, the question is one of actual subsistence.

Decidedly that is the way to bring home to any people their "political responsibilities." It was only after bankruptcy stared France in the face that LOUIS XVI. convoked the "Assembly of Notables," and afterward revived the States General. Count WITTE, as he is now, has not been called in a day too soon. The only question is whether he may not have been called in several days too late. When distress becomes so general and desperate that a class of workers overworked and underpaid nevertheless conclude that they may as well quit work as to go on working on their present terms, the social outlook is indeed gloomy.

It is the bankruptcy of Russia in public esteem that Russia has to face. And it seems to be equally the bankruptcy of Russia in a more literal sense; the failure of Russia to induce foreign lenders to supply her with the means of going on in her present conditions and with her present organization. When that happens with a private corporation, in a civilized country, the resource is an immediate receivership, for the benefit of creditors. The receiver proceeds to a "reorganization." A reorganization is evidently a necessity for Russia, and in Count WITTE Russia has a friendly receiver, who will proceed with the most tender interest for the holdings of the old stockholders. If anybody can save them, he is the man to do it. But can anybody save them?

TOO MUCH MONEY.

A few days ago we were discussing the whimsical complaint that $800,000,000 of gold was too much to be in the United States Treasury. We dissented only because there is work for each dollar to do, and that no considerable portion of that large sum could be dispensed with unless the Treasury were taken out of the banking business.

A similar reply could hardly be made to the suggestion that there is—or was—too much money in the Pennsylvania Treasury. It is a bad system which piles up State cash by the million when so many Republicans are at large in the neighborhood. The same remark can be made about our own city's finances. Last week it was announced that $50,000,000 of tax money had been collected. It was an embarrassment to the money market to collect it, and its loaning helped to cause the unnatural ease which was generally remarked. Of course the city does not incur $50,000,000 of obligations in any week, nor does it pay out that much money in any such period. For the earlier portion of the year the city runs on credit, and then it collects a year's dues almost at once. From every point of view it would be better if taxpayers were allowed opportunity to discount their taxes on the same terms that the city borrows money in anticipation of its income. A more equable collection and disbursement would be better in every way.

There is nothing to be said in justification of congestion of public funds in official hands. Cities and States ought not to be lenders of money any more than the Treasury ought to be in the banking business.

FIGHTING ACCIDENT SUITS.

That is an impressive organization of street and steam railway companies which was announced in yesterday's papers, to protect its component corporations against fraudulent suits for damages. Without doubt, there are many such suits. There is a great temptation to bring them, whenever an accident occurs that involves many persons. There is a very great number of poteptially dishonest persons, who might "see channels" in an accident in which they were involved, even if not injured. There is also a considerable number of members of the legal profession who have won, and earned, the title of "ambulance chasers," and who are quite ready to prosecute baseless claims by any means, including subornation of perjury. Such prosecutions any honest man, and any honest corporation, if that term has not come to be a contradiction in terms, would have no choice but to fight.

But how about the other side? In the same papers which contained an account of the formation of this impressive "alliance" there also appeared the announcement of an indictment, for subornation of perjury, of an "investigator" of the New York City Railroad. It is familiar knowledge that many more such indictments might justly be found, and, if justice were done, might be prosecuted to convictions. It is equally familiar knowledge that it is the "policy" of some of these corporations to fight just claims against them by all, just and unjust, legal and illegal, means, and to pay no damages until the court of last resort has decided that they must pay. Morally, and, indeed, legally, there is no reason for preferring the powerful and fraudulent corporations to the weak and fraudulent claimants and ambulance chasers. Subornation of perjury is a charge which quite as plausibly lies against one as against the other; a weapon which is as freely used against the enforcement of just claims as in the enforcement of unjust claims.

A real and gratifying new departure would be made by the railway corporation which should announce and make good its intention of settling all just claims, on such a basis that they would not be brought into court, and at the same time of fighting all unjust claims to the bitter end. When the policy of fighting is adopted equally against just and unjust claims, honest juries before which just claims are brought cannot be prevented from awarding exemplary damages. In such cases, such juries ought to award such damages. A railway corporation which made a point of justly settling just claims would find its reward when unjust claims were brought before a jury.

SCHOOLBOYS AND CIGARETTES.

A competent investigator, Dr. SHAW of Indianapolis, has found out that of the boy pupils of nine grammar schools in Providence 90 per cent. smoke cigarettes. He says also as one speaking with authority backed up by personal examination that other schools elsewhere are about as bad, and that the habit has laid an appalling hold on American youth beyond anything which the public at large has dreamed of. The small percentage of exempts found by Dr. SHAW not only in Providence but in other places is hardly enough to stand against the practical universality of the habit, so far as our tremendous army of schoolboys is concerned, at least in the cities and larger towns, where such a habit has a chance of escaping the attention it would infallibly receive in the schools of smaller communities. The boys of a country district could not all come home smelling of tobacco without some domestic inquisition into the causes of the phenomenon and a due and unhesitating district agitation thereon to the extent, if necessary, of shutting up the schoolhouse and all the rural tobacco joints and quarantining the boys, birched to a proper mood of penitence, under their respective trundle beds.

The situation is one which seems to challenge public attention and invite some form of correction, though how it is to be applied presents the serious difficulty which Indiana in her robust pioneer efforts against it has already discovered. It has not there been found that severe and radical legislation on the subject, going so far as to forbid the admission of cigarettes into the Commonwealth or their exposition for sale therein or use in any way, has produced the deterrent effects expected of it. The crusade embarked upon with such superheated zeal has in reality left the tobacco question there very much as it was, those, young and old, who wish to smoke the weed en papillotte finding no difficulty in obtaining it. If corrective efforts in this direction are to have any value, it would appear that they must proceed along different lines from those which Indiana has marked out for them. What these ought to be nobody as yet seems to know, except a lot of antitobacco enthusiasts, and these only think they know. Publicity is the best thing to be thought of for a beginning; and from this point of view the efforts of Dr. SHAW, and perhaps others like him, are what the situation most urgently requires. If so large a proportion of American schoolboys are secretly saturating their tender systems with the essence of that poisoned preparation of tobacco which the cigarette makers are alleged to use, the sooner the public knows all there is to be known about it, that the rational and not the hysterical remedy may be thought out and applied, the better.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Brooklyn and Its Consciences.

Forty out of fifty-two talesmen who gathered—or perhaps we should say were gathered—in a Brooklyn court, this week, made solemn asseveration that they were unalterably opposed to capital punishment. Immediately thereafter they were released and went about their several businesses. Now, we do not want to be uncharitable—will not, on inadequate data, ascribe unworthy motives or disregard for truth to anybody; and if we were the one or were capable of the other we would be particularly careful in the case of Brooklyn men, who are, as is well known, deserving of a peculiar respect which involves the assumption that they are all right even when circumstances seem to be against them. Of course, in this case of the talesmen the against-ness inflicts a terrible strain on one's determination to think the best and leave the rest. The escape from a tiresome and expensive duty not only followed, but might have been expected to follow, the statement of a fixed dislike for legal killings, and every one of us could have made the statement with some degree of truth. It is not only easy but entirely proper to be "opposed" to capital punishment, and so nearly universal is this antagonism that it probably has given in recent years even to the worst of murderers one additional chance of escape besides the many which a grotesquely anachronistic system of criminal law provides for criminals of all sorts. Of adult males, however, considerably more than twelve in fifty-two, taking them by and large, would find it difficult to say conscientiously that their antagonism to capital punishment went the length of absolutely denying the State's right to inflict it, or that they were honestly unable to take the responsibility of pronouncing guilty a man they thought guilty, simply because the State would then take the responsibility of protecting society from further assault from him by putting an end to his life. Hence is it an almost impossible task to believe that none of these forty Brooklynites had a thought of escaping jury duty when he announced the unalterability of his opposition to capital punishment—to believe that quite all of them had bestowed upon the subject the thought its intelligent determination requires and took the position they did because they could not take any other and retain their self-respect. But the almost impossible task can be performed—must be, when the alternative is the suspicion that a lot of hard lying was done in that Brooklyn court.

Witte Is Far Advanced.

People with a taste for collecting enormously significant trifles, verbal and other, will not waste their time if they carefully seize and pin up somewhere for present study and future reference one of the statements made by Count WITTE to the delegation of strikers who called upon him Wednesday. "Remember," he said, "the Government may fall, but with it you will perish also, by playing into the hands of the bourgeoisie you are fighting." This sentence is crowded with admissions and meanings that come strangely indeed from one who seems to be, for the moment at least, the acting head and special representative of so much of the Russian autocracy and bureaucracy as can be called intelligent and capable of self-defense. It admits, for instance, the possibility that the common people of Russia, by a form of revolution never tried in any land before on a scale large enough to make it the same thing, may overthrow the organized power which hitherto has considered them among the "natural resources" of field or forest—important as sources of income, but as little to be consulted as feared. Then the Count's warning to the strikers that in fighting the bourgeoisie they were making the fatal error of playing into the bourgeoisie's hands, put him almost avowedly among those most radical of radicals who see in the great, comfortable, middle class—a recent acquisition in Russia—the real enemy not less of the proletariat than of the aristocracy and the real defenders and supporters of the gravest wrongs which oppress the people. By implication he told the delegates that the only hope of the class they represented was in the perpetuation of the Russian Government, as it is in spirit, but changed in detail to accord better with the advanced views of to-day, not of yesterday. Some of his hearers may have understood him, but it is doubtful if many of their followers will do so, and the chances are that despite his warning the bourgeoisie will have its day in Russia as elsewhere. The successive stages of national development follow a regular course and their progress is—or at least has been—always the same.

Any Change Would Be Reform.

President ROOSEVELT could enjoy his trip through the South just as much, and permit what we believe is a large fraction of his fellow-countrymen to be a lot happier, if he would retire for age and on a good pension the expression "men who wore the gray and men who wore the blue." It is, as it always was, a good phrase, and, as substitute for worse ones, it served many a noble purpose for many and many a year. Also it excellently illustrates the trope called metonomy, but, Oh, if is so old, so old, and of it we are so tired, so tired! North and South always thought—and thinks—each of itself, extremely well. Nowadays each thinks of the other well enough to make plain speaking permissible, and there no longer seems to be any reason for covering up the fact that once they differed about matters somewhat more important than the best color for military uniforms. Kindliness and suavity are admirable, but there is such a thing as being too kind, too suave, and after the excess there is nothing quite so refreshing as the presentation of facts under their own names. The men who wore the gray and the men who wore the blue thought extremely little about their clothes, and it is really cruel for anybody but an advertising clothier to dwell so long and so often on a trivial difference of taste.

As to Automobilists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was greatly surprised at your flippant editorial, "Fining Automobilists," in to-day's TIMES in defense of the prevailing speed of automobiles. Your reflections and statements are constantly contradicted by the ungentlemanly, selfish, dangerous, and very often fatal actions of the automobilists themselves. When brought before the court "gentleman chauffeurs" and their underlings have often testified as a cowardly defense that "every automobile driver exceeds the speed limit." But out of reach of the law, their brazen and defiant spirit is as manifest as the noonday sun.

Not long ago a highly respected and well-bred man, "a gentleman and a scholar," after being fined by the Magistrate for fast driving, said unblushingly: "Well, after this day I shall look out for the 'cops'!" Thus does the automobile change gentle nature. Some time ago a notoriously unprincipled and, apparently, subsidized colleague of yours went so far in sweet indulgence as to refer to automobilists as "innocent and unsuspecting pleasure seekers!" But THE TIMES cannot afford to excite the suspicion that its editorials are written in order to favor and protect one of the richest, most lawless, and consequently most dangerous elements in the community.

New York, Oct. 25, 1905. A. C. H.

Give the Devil His Due.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There has been a great deal said and written about the elevated railway hogs, the surface car hogs, the Subway hogs. Now in justice to the men I have happened to ride with I should like to say a few words. I am neither very young nor beautiful, but I never have to stand. Some one always offers me a seat. Generally the men who offer their seats are just ordinary men; sometimes workmen, who really must be tired and need to sit down as they go to and from their day's work. I have old men and young men offer me a seat, and I say that the men are courteous.

I always feel unwilling to avail myself of their kindness, but glad that they offer, for it shows that the New York men are all right, and anyway men are generally what women make them. I do not blame men for not getting up to give their seats to women who act as though the men had no right to be on earth, much less sitting while they stand.

New York, Oct. 24, 1905. JUSTICE.

FOR JEROME.

Those Who Oppose a Government of Grafters, for Grafters, and by Grafters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During this election campaign the eyes of the entire country are turned toward New York—not upon the parties, but upon Mr. Jerome. They know from what they read, and perhaps from experience, what it means when a city tries to free itself from the net of red tape, graft, and corruption.

During the year the people are indignant, on all sides they see flagrant violations of what they believe are their rights, yet when election comes those very people flock to hear those very perpetrators who try to make the voters admire their virtues and forget their vices. It is a most difficult thing to find good reasons why Mr. Jerome should not be elected. Some tell us that he ought not to be elected because he is not a "grafter." That Mr. Jerome has done all in his power to give the people a clean and independent administration, so far as his office is concerned, no well-meaning man will deny. He is a fearless and aggressive man; in addition, his honesty and loyalty in performing his duties make him a splendid leader of sensible voters—especially during an age when honesty and independence in politics are collapsing into a state of the worst kind of demoralization.

The question is, Will the people at least imitate him? Now is their opportunity to show what independence and right thinking can do in advancing good government. Will they take it? That's the question. What will be the use of their complaints after election, when the politicians will already have oiled their machinery and set it going to their own satisfaction? If the office of the District Attorney is made a part of that machinery, then morality and decency will suffer a lasting setback.

If elected, Mr. Jerome's mission will then have been of double interest. First, his election would show that, with the proper man in the lead, government can be made pure, honest, and independent of party bossism. In the second place—and of far more importance—it would show that there is in this city a large enough element of decent, conscientious, courageous, and unpurchasable citizenship to overthrow the rule of self-made "politicians."

MAX SCHONBERG.

New York, Oct. 25, 1905.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let us know we have one honest man in office who will enforce the laws upon rich and poor alike, for the punishment of vice is absolutely necessary for the suppression of crime. Law is nothing unless it be supported by rewards and punishments.

Where favors are extended to criminals it is as fatal to society on the one hand as the want of true generosity is on the other.

I say to every voter, especially those who pray, to vote as they pray, or quit praying. At my little humble home I pray for Mr. Jerome, and will vote for him. JOHN P. QUINN.

No. 800 West Seventeenth Street, New York City, Oct. 26, 1905.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a crying shame that a man of Mr. Jerome's calibre, honest, able, straightforward, and uncompromising, should have to fight so hard against the combined forces of political greed. Where is the moral revival that we hear so much about? Is it to come only in religion, and not force itself into the material side of life? We say we admire a man for taking a stand, and holding it, but does it not seem a terrible thing that because men are chained by the illusions of a party name they should put our whole community in danger by voting for a party tool? Why cannot human beings put their small prejudices completely aside in such a vital issue? I hardly believe there is one man—honest or dishonest—who does not acknowledge in his heart of hearts that Mr. Jerome has served the people well, and that this community is better for his having served it. Then, why will men vote for an uncertainty?

HELEN E. KEYES.

New York, Oct. 25, 1905.

Jerome as They See Him Elsewhere.

From The Boston Herald.

The withdrawal of Judge Flammer greatly improves Mr. Jerome's chances of election. Tammany may yet have good reason to regret its attempt to turn down "the enemy of graft."

From The Utica Press.

The work, the time taken, and the annoyance incident to a campaign for better things, if unrewarded by success, makes it just so much harder to accomplish anything next time. Jerome was entirely right when he said that such conditions in this country are serious.

From The Chicago Tribune.

Outside of New York City, however, Mr. Jerome will poll a tremendous vote.

From The Omaha Bee.

Not the least interesting feature of the campaign is the independent candidacy of District Attorney Jerome for re-election. He has made a fine record in office, and has a large and enthusiastic following.

MY PARTY, 'TIS OF THEE.

A New National Anthem, Says a Pleader for More Independence.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent editorial article you commented unfavorably on the nomination by the Democratic Party of James W. Ridgway. This calls attention to the demoralization caused by the present party methods of party government in the city, State, and Nation. At the present time the Mayoralty contest seems to be a walkover for McClellan, and the chimera of party loyalty is more than likely to drag into office of one sort or another many nominees who are no more worthy of election than is Ridgway. The difficulty of properly voting a split ticket will also aid in this indiscriminate party voting. Surely it is time to destroy, or at least diminish, the enormous power of the great political parties, so that respectable voters may be able to vote for respectable candidates irrespective of party. Let me quote what Lord Rosebery says of party government in England:

"The fact is that party is an evil, perhaps, even probably, a necessary evil, but still an evil. It is the curse of our country that so many, especially in high places, should worship it as a god. Its operation blights efficiency. It keeps out of employment a great mass of precious ability. It puts into place, not the fittest, but the most eligible from the party point of view; that is, very often the worst. Efficiency implies the rule of the fittest; party rule means the rule of something else—not the unfittest, but of the few fit, the accidentally not unfit and the glaringly unfit."

We have paraphrased the good old National hymn, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee" and we sing "My Party, 'Tis of Thee."

H. D. JAMIESON.

New York, Oct. 20, 1905.

A First Lien.

From The Richmond News Leader.

"Roosevelt, being half a Southerner, might go the whole thing, and accomplish a merry coup by becoming a citizen of Mississippi," says a contemporary. Virginia has a first lien on him in that respect. He already owns property in this State.

OSBORNE'S DILEMMA.

All Foes of a Government of Grafters, for Grafters, and by Grafters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Poor Jim Osborne" seems to have fallen upon evil times. His dilemma, however, scarcely does credit to his known intelligence and must be a source of trial to his sincerest well-wishers. That he should have failed to size up the merits of the political phenomena involved in Jerome's independency and have consented to oppose these and their far-reaching benefits was bad enough, but his acceptance of a place on a ticket which the head of that ticket had already bespoken, or sought to bespeak, for the very man that he, Osborne, would have to run against, showed a want of judgment incompatible, it would seem, with high office.

Small wonder, therefore, that he already finds himself with a little less than an "organization" following, and the spectacle of his invoking the heavens against an antagonist who continues to make light of him and whom, as is known to all men, McClellan and many other "good" Tammanyites would like to see elected; whose candidacy, moreover, they actually, if only by their silence, further—this would be humorous if only the man himself had a little humor. It is pathetic in one so sincerely serious, so well entitled, too, to respect.

Jerome doubtless felt as much when styling him "Poor Jim." Even so he is not unlikely to add to the gayety of the nation before he has finished—or Jerome with him. H. F.

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 23, 1905.

In the Twenty-ninth Assembly District

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the Twenty-ninth Assembly District, the district once represented by President Roosevelt in the Assembly, the Democratic and Citizens' Union forces have united on the nomination for Justice of the Municipal Court of Moses Herman, a member of the New York Bar, who served one term in the Assembly and who was at one time Assistant District Attorney. His opponent is Edgar J. Lauer, who is President of the chemical firm of Magnus & Lauer.

The Citizens' Union candidate for the Assembly, indorsed by Tammany Hall, is William Mason Smith, law partner of Edward M. Shepard. The Republican nominee is Frederic De Witt Wells.

The Democratic nominee for Alderman, indorsed by the Citizens' Union, in this district is Montgomery Hare, who served as Assistant Corporation Counsel under George L. Rives and John J. Delany. The Republican nominee is Benjamin W. B. Brown.

The Twenty-ninth Assembly District includes Fifty-third Street, Fifty-fourth Street, Fifty-ninth Street, to Ninety-sixth Street; Lexington, Fifth, and Eighth Avenues. R. T.

New York, Oct. 26, 1905.

Actors and Actresses in Westminster.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Inclosed please find list of members of the Dramatic Fraternity buried in the "Abbey" up to the date of Irving's interment. Being a constant reader of your most interesting paper, Mr. Trader's note on this subject has prompted me to send the list. W. H.

Newton Highlands, Oct. 25, 1905.

Barton Booth	1733	Samuel Foote	1777
David Garrick	1779	Henry Irving	1905
John Henderson	1785	Mrs. Pritchard	1768
John Philip Kemble	1825	Mrs. Oldfield	1730
		Mrs. Siddons	1831
Thomas Betterton	1710	Anne Bracegirdle	1748
Spanger Barry	1777	Maria Clibber	1766

The President's Uncle on the Alabama.

From The Charleston Post.

In a recent issue of The Navy League Journal there is a sketch of the United States ship Kearsarge, and a brief description of her duel with the Confederate cruiser Alabama off Cherbourg, in which the following statement occurs: "The Alabama was manned by outcasts of every nation, with no personal interest in the cause for which they fought." At Mobile yesterday President Roosevelt, thanking a son of Admiral Raphael Semmes for a badge presented to him on behalf of the citizens of Mobile, said: "Admiral Semmes had under him on the Alabama one of my uncles." President Roosevelt is an honorary member of the Navy League, of which The Journal is the official organ. Is the editor of the paper liable for lese majeste?

Dreams as Detectives.

From The London Chronicle.

The American hanged at Edmonton, Alberta, on Saturday was by no means the first murderer against whom a dream had played detective. Penny shows at fairs still remind the Suffolk laborer how the body of Maria Martin was found buried in the Red Barn in 1828, nearly a year after she had disappeared, in consequence of her stepmother's repeated dreams of exactly such a discovery. But since Maria was known to have gone to the barn with Corder (the murderer) on the day of her disappearance, it was not so very surprising a dream. Far more remarkable is the case of Stockden, a Grub Street victualer, murdered in 1695. According to the contemporary curate of St. Giles, Cripplegate, one Mrs. Greenwood had three dreams. In the first the dead man showed her the whereabouts of the chief murderer; in the second his name and face, whereupon he was arrested, confessed, and gave away three accomplices; in the third one accomplice, whom she identified in prison.

"Boss" Murphy Out West.

From The St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Western Democrats attendant upon the National Democratic Convention of last year retain vivid recollections of Mr. Murphy in the role of a cork bobbing about upon a raging sea, too light to sink, and seeming to appear in evidence on the crest of every white-capped, storm-tossed wave rolling in or off shore. Impressions of majesty or puissance were not among the things left at St. Louis by the new boss of Tammany. They who had seen Croker and Kelly felt that Tammany was on a tobogan.

Exasperating.

From The Washington Star.

"Are you going to the football game?"

"No," answered Miss Cayenne. "I do not care much for football. If no one gets hurt it is not considered interesting, and if some one does get hurt it is sad."

SONGS OF SCHOOL DAYS.

Song of the Penalties of Wealth.

wuns hennry beamus saived up awl he urnt
becaws he redd it in a book ann lurnt
that if u saive tenn sense a weak ule bee
a millyunaire wenn u are old ann he
had fiffty sense saived up ann woodunt go
too serkuses ur ennything uno
ann wenn he hadd it saived he losst it throo
a big hoal in his pockut ann heez bloo
ann sedd heed neavur neavur tri too saive
agen butt go a popper to his graive.

ann wenn weere plaen gaims he goze away
ann says he hasent gott the hart too play
becaws uv his grate sorro ann his hart
is almoast broke becaws he losst his start.
ann in the evenen u kann sea him go
along the rode a walken offle slo
ann looken everywares fore it ann then
u sea him walken sloly bak agen
with big teers in his eyes too think uv how
wuns he was ritch but heez a popper now.
ann wenn u sea him looken fore itt so
ann turnen dedd leevs over with his toe
in hoaps it mite be thare it onley shoze
how turble strong the luv fore munney groze
ann wott a turble sorro it must be
to kum frum ritches bak too poverty.
now maybee awl his life he will be sadd
to think uv the big forchune that he hadd
witch foalded up its sliunt tent ann stoal
awt uv his pockut throo a mornfle hoal.

J. W. FOLEY.

APPEAL TO FISHERMEN BY ROOT AND DURAND

Fear Complications That Might Follow Precipitate Action.

STILL PERIL OF FRICTION

British Ambassador Says He Will Urge Local Officials of Newfoundland to be Moderate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—While the most critical points in the Newfoundland fisheries controversy apparently have been settled, a letter from Secretary Root to Secretary Shaw, made public to-day, points out there is still ground for possible friction and expresses a wish that pending negotiations now in progress American fishermen and local officials avoid any precipitate action in the assertion of what they conceive to be their rights. The promulgation of the letter followed a conference between Secretary Root and Sir Mortimer Durand, the British Ambassador. The letter follows:

"DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
"WASHINGTON, Oct. 25, 1905.

"To the Secretary of the Treasury:

"Sir: The immediate difficulty experienced by the American fishing fleet on the treaty coast of Newfoundland appears to be happily disposed of. There are, however, some other questions bearing upon the relations between the recent legislation of Newfoundland and American rights under the treaty of 1818 with Great Britain, from which, in default of a clear understanding, further difficulties may possibly arise. These questions are now under consideration by the two Governments, with a confident expectation of reaching a satisfactory conclusion.

"In the meantime I wish to bring to the attention of our American fishermen some expressions contained in a recent letter received by me from the British Ambassador. He says:

"I note with satisfaction that the Government of the United States will do everything in their power, as we on our side shall certainly do, to prevent any collision between American fishermen and those of Newfoundland, and I trust that they will also do everything in their power to prevent the occurrence of any other untoward incident pending inquiry into the question of the Newfoundland act respecting foreign fishing vessels' and the supposed misapprehension on the part of certain Newfoundland officials with regard to the status of vessels on the American register.

"The Government of the United States cannot doubt the desire of his Majesty's Government to adhere strictly to all treaty provisions, and all that seems required in order to bring about a satisfactory conclusion in a case of this nature is the exercise by those concerned on both sides of patience and temper in the assertion of what they conceive to be their rights. It would be most unfortunate if the case were to be complicated by any precipitate action on the part of American fishermen or local officials. I will do all I can to prevent such action on the part of the local officials, and look to you with confidence to prevent it on the part of the American fishermen.

"We cannot fail to agree heartily with the spirit and purpose thus expressed by the British Ambassador. I am sure that knowledge of the fact that the Government of Great Britain is dealing with the subject in this spirit will lead all American fishermen to exercise under all circumstances the patience and good temper which the Ambassador justly deems so important.

"May I ask that you will communicate the contents of this letter to the Collector of the Port of Gloucester, with the request that he bring it to the notice of the owners and masters of the American fishing fleet, so largely owned at that port? I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

"ELIHU ROOT."

McKINLEY STATUE UNVEILED.

Bronze Figure Near Forest Park in Springfield, Mass.

SPRINGFEILD, Mass., Oct. 26.—The monument erected in memory of President William McKinley was unveiled this afternoon. The monument stands on Pecousic Hill, near the entrance to Forest Park, an eminence overlooking the Connecticut River.

Lieut. Gov. Curtis Guild, Jr., delivered a eulogy on the martyred President. Miss Sallie Leeds, granddaughter of the late Elisha Morgan, original President of the memorial commission on whom was conferred the honor of unveiling the monument, sat on the speaker's stand with her father, Alfred Leeds. When James T. Abbe, President of the memorial commission delivered the presentation speech and reached the words, "It is a pleasing privilege, Mr. Mayor, in behalf of our subscribers to present to the City of Springfield through you, her official head, this masterpiece of the sculptor," Miss Leeds pulled the cord which released the large American flag enveloping the monument, and as the cheers of the multitude rang out the bronze image of the late President was revealed.

On behalf of the city Mayor Frank W. Dickinson gave the responsive address.

FAIRBANKS TO BANKERS.

We Need Sound Bankers as Well as Sound Money, He Says.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 26.—"We need not only sound money and sound banks, but we need sound bankers also," said Vice President Fairbanks to the Indiana Bankers' Association in session here, today. "There is no system of supervision, I care not how thorough and searching it may be, which can surely protect stockholders and depositors against either inefficiency or dishonesty. In banking there is little difference in final results, whether a bank is operated by men who do not comprehend the real science of banking, or by those who are wanting in a high order of business morality. Failure is the result in either case.

"There is no department of our domestic economy where there is required a higher order of sound business judgment and a more inflexible adherence to honest, conservative business methods than in banking."

Special Franchises Worth $356,829,555.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 26.—The total valuation of special franchises in New York State, made public to-day by the Board of Tax Commissioners, is $356,829,555, as compared with $302,688,757 a year ago. New York City accounts for $302,193,559 of this total, an increase over the 1904 valuations of $20,672,100.

To Teach Hygiene at West Point.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—A department of military hygiene is to be created in the Academy at West Point. The object is to instruct cadets in medicine and surgery to the extent of imparting knowledge of the care of troops from a hygienic standpoint.

TO FISHERMEN
OOT AND DURAND

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ON, Oct. 26.—A department giene is to be created in t West Point. The object ndets in medicine and sur- nt of imparting knowledge t troops from a hygienic

SHAW TO COMSTOCK: YOU CAN'T SCARE ME

As to Daly, Believes a Rest in Prison Would Do Him Good.

EVEN ROOSEVELT IN DANGER

President Lately Alluded Publicly to Population Question—Comstock Government of America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. [Copyright, 1905.]

LONDON, Oct. 26.—"Well, what is it now?" demanded George Bernard Shaw as, backed up to his grate fire, he received me this morning in his charming home, Adelphi Terrace.

I showed him a telegram to the effect that Anthony Comstock had warned Arnold Daly under threat of criminal prosecution not to produce Shaw's play, "Mrs. Warren's Profession."

Shaw at once assumed that Comstock's warning was tantamount to a threat to imprison Daly, and commented on it in that sense. He said:

"You tell me Anthony Comstock threatens to put Arnold Daly in prison if he produces 'Mrs. Warren's Profession,' and ask me what I have to say.

"Do you remember the classic telegram sent by Lord Clanricarde to his tenants in Ireland? 'If you think you can intimidate me by shooting my agent you are very much mistaken.'

"Well, all I can say is if Comstock thinks he can intimidate me by imprisoning Daly he does not quite know his man. Let him imprison Daly, by all means. A few months' rest and quiet would do Daly a great deal of good, and the scandal of his imprisonment would completely defeat Comstock's attempt to hide the fact that Mrs. Warren's 'profession' exists because libertines pay women well to be evil, and often show them affection and respect, whilst pious people pay them infamously and drudge their bodies and souls to death at honest labor.

Comstock's Postcard Performance.

"Because I have been striving all my public life to awaken public conscience to this, while Comstock has been examining and destroying ninety-three tons of indecent postcards, it is concluded that I am a corrupt blackguard and Comstock's mind is in such a condition of crystal purity that any American who reads, sees, writes, or says anything of which he disapproves or which he is 'doggoned if he understands' must be put in prison.

"Well, far be it from me to question the right of America to manage its affairs its own way. Every country has the Government it deserves, and I presume Comstock couldn't govern America without America's consent. He will not lack supporters.

"I cannot fight Comstock with the American Nation at his back and the New York police in his van. Neither can Daly. I have advised Daly to run no risks. When this news reached me I had already cabled both Daly and my agent, Miss Marbury, to countermand the performance, because I think New York has had enough of me for one season. Now I am bound to leave Daly free to accept the challenge and throw himself on the good sense of people who want to have the traffic in women stopped instead of driven underground for its better protection.

Elderly and Intimidated.

"He is young and bold; I am elderly and thoroughly intimidated by my knowledge of the appalling weight of stupidity and prejudice, of the unavowed money interest, direct or indirect, in the exploitation of womanhood, which lies behind his opponent. I cannot save Daly. If these forces are too strong for his supporters, I am afraid he will be uncomfortable in prison. But I also have a presentiment that Comstock will not be quite comfortable out of it.

"When a man begins to value himself, not on the number of decent postcards he puts in circulation, but on the number of indecent ones he throws out of it, he is on the high road to a condition of mania in which he is apt to seize every postcard he sees and declare it indecent. An Indian who counts the scalps he has torn from his enemies is under heavy temptation to get up quarrels with his friends in order to have an excuse for scalping them.

"Comstock's reputation grows with every blackguard he imprisons. A man in that position generally ends by seizing respectable citizens by the collar, raising the cry of blackguardism against them, and throwing them into prison.

"If Daly goes to prison and it becomes impossible for me to visit America without a safe conduct signed by Comstock, it will be time for President Roosevelt, who lately alluded publicly to the population question, (an indecent subject, according to Comstock,) to consider whether even he will be safe when he retires.

"Fortunately, the clubs of Comstock's policemen cannot reach across the Atlantic, and the point of my pen can.

"That's all I have to say."

BRITISH SHIPS' ANCHORAGE.

Department Directs Positions of the Squadrons While Here.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Secretary Metcalf of the Department of Commerce and Labor issued modified regulations to-day governing the anchorage of vessels in New York Bay and Harbor during the visit of the British squadron Nov. 7 to 18.

The first British vessel may anchor directly off Fifty-fourth Street in the Hudson River, and other vessels of the two squadrons may anchor in single line up the river at such distances apart as may be determined by the commanders. The order directs the officers to notify the commanders of the squadrons that the war vessels should avoid fouling the telegraph cables crossing the river at Seventy-ninth Street.

Between 126th Street and 130th Street a space of 1,000 feet in the clear will be reserved for the ferry. The anchorage buoys off Sixtieth and Seventieth Streets, respectively, will be removed to avoid fouling.

HARVARD-WEST POINT FOOTBALL GAME.

No pictures equal the splendid photographs reproduced NEXT SUNDAY in THE SUNDAY TIMES.—Adv.

CAMPAIGNFUL HOBOKEN.

Strenuous Days for Speakers in the City Across the Hudson.

For sheer enthusiasm, strenuosity, and political vigor, Hoboken in its Mayoralty campaign has this city stunned.

George Steil is the Democratic candidate for Mayor. On Tuesday night a crowd of Republicans, whose candidate is Dr. Joseph Stack, attended a meeting at First and Monroe Streets.

When Mr. Steil took the stand in his own defense and started to speak, an apple, whose age did not make it venerable, in the strict sense of the word, described an arc in the air and landed upon the left eye of the Democratic Mayoralty candidate. Mr. Steil was stunned, but with great presence of mind braced himself and said:

"But to resume!"

Assistant City Clerk Charles Darcy delivered only the first part of a speech, owing to the interruption caused by the contiguity of a dead cat. Then the police arrived.

Yesterday morning the Democrats found that the Steil banner at First and Monroe Streets had been removed. Detectives are on the trail of the vandals. To-night, with the aid of a cordon of police, the cause of Mr. Steil will again be urged.

ONCE FAMOUS SLEUTH DEAD.

Richard King, Who Caught the $40,000 Express Wagon Robbers.

The funeral of Richard King, a once famous detective Sergeant of this city, who died on Wednesday at New Canaan, Conn., will be held this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The burial will be in Woodlawn Cemetery on Saturday.

King, who became a policeman on April 23, 1850, was a terror to evildoers as long as he was on the force. In 1865 he was made a detective Sergeant, and in 1873 he was sent to the Central Office. King, with his side partner, Holly Lyon, was successful in nearly every big case that came along.

Before he became a Central Office man, King had arrested "Ed" and "Wash" Goody, silk robbers, and in 1874 King and Holly arrested "Patsy" Conroy, one of the masked burglars who robbed Judge Emmett's home at New Rochelle. Later the two detectives arrested Conroy's six accomplices, all of whom were sentenced to long terms in prison.

The same year King arrested John Durkin, who robbed Jacob Vanderbilt's home on Staten Island. A year later King landed Daniel Hovey and "Jim" Sweeny, who stole an Adams Express wagon containing a safe with more than $40,000 in cash in it. He recovered $30,000 of the plunder, which was buried under a flagstone at Nassau and John Streets.

King was 86 years old. He was retired from the police force on June 24, 1886.

8TH AVENUE HADN'T FALLEN.

But the Crowd Heard It Had and Flocked to the Penn. R. R. Hole.

There was a lot of excitement early last night at Eighth Avenue and Thirty-second Street. Every minute or two a photographer would arrive, and prepare to take a shot at the landscape. Young men were racing about asking questions and making hieroglyphics on scraps of paper. Recruits to their ranks came in every minute or two.

Word had gone out that the timbers that hold up the surface of Eighth Avenue while Charles F. Murphy's brother's company digs a hole underneath for the new Pennsylvania station and tunnel had been knocked down by colliding trains, and that Eighth Avenue had tumbled into the hole. It was supposed even that several cars full of people might have disappeared with the section of the avenue that had sunk.

The young men with the kodaks and the young men with the scraps of paper were disgruntled at what they saw. No part of Eighth Avenue had disappeared, no cars were missing, no one had been sent to the hospital.

At 4:30 o'clock the hindmost of six dirt cars attached to a little engine on its way with a load to the foot of West Thirty-first Street had left the track and knocked out one or two of the supports under Eighth Avenue. As a precaution, the police closed the avenue between Thirty-first and Thirty-third Streets, and cars and vehicular traffic was suspended for an hour.

The West Thirty-seventh Street police asked for two men from the Tenderloin to help in keeping back the crowd.

FIRST ROYAL LINER HERE.

The Tagus Is to Run Between New York and the West Indies.

The Royal Mail Steamship Packet Company's steamship Tagus, which is to start the new fortnightly service of that line between New York and Southampton via the West Indies, arrived yesterday afternoon.

The Tagus came from Southampton via Colon, Barbados, and Kingston, leaving Kingston last Saturday. In addition to the Tagus, the Royal Mail will have three other ships in its New York service. The Tagus will sail for the West Indies to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Pier 50 in the North River, adjoining the White Star piers, is used by the new line. Among the arrivals on the Tagus were Capt. James F. Van Duzer and Paymaster Joseph S. Bulcher of the United States Navy. The ship is one of the largest and finest vessels ever engaged in the New York-West Indian trade. She was a British transport in the Boer war, and was the vessel that conveyed Gen. Piet Cronje from South Africa to St. Helena.

BALL GAME CAUSES REUNION.

Sons in Opposing Nines Persuade Parents to be Reconciled.

As the result of a ball game, in which their sons played in opposing nines, the separation proceedings pending between Mr. and Mrs. Charles Griswold of Jersey City have been discontinued. Mr. Griswold and his wife have both been prominent socially.

Two months ago Lawyer Goldenhorn applied to Chancery on behalf of Mrs. Griswold for a separate maintenance and alimony. The husband retained a lawyer to fight the application. Their neighbors remembered that the Griswolds had not been seen together for some time.

At the time of their separation Mrs. Griswold took her nine-year-old son, Malcolm. The other, eight-year-old Edgar, remained with his father. There was no communication and the children did not meet.

There was a ball game between two local clubs on the grounds at Greenville Monday. Each of the boys saw his brother on the other nine. They lingered after the other players had gone and talked together. Mrs. Griswold came to the ball ground looking after Malcolm. The boys pleaded to be together, and that they might be brothers again begged their parents to "make up."

The result is the discontinuance of the suit and a family reunion.

"College Widow" Company in Wreck.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 26.—A Western Alabama passenger train from Atlanta left the track a few miles east of this city at one o'clock this afternoon. Seven cars and the engine were derailed. The passenger coaches were badly damaged. The "College Widow" theatrical company, containing about forty-five persons, was aboard. Fred Halsted, a member of the troupe sustained a slight injury.

SUBWAY A YEAR OLD; WHAT IT HAS DONE

It Has Carried a Total of 106,000,000 Passengers.

AVERAGE OF 300,000 A DAY

Times Square Fifth Among the Stations with 5,000,000 Fares—18,000,000 at the Bridge.

One year ago to-day the Subway was opened to the public. A hundred and six million passengers have since paid a nickel apiece to ride in it. It has realized the wishes of the yearning ones, who for years had waited for a railroad that would send them "to Harlem in fifteen minutes." Everybody connected with the Subway is satisfied with what it has accomplished.

William Barclay Parsons, the man who, as Chief Engineer of the Rapid Transit Commission, planned the Subway and saw it completed, said yesterday:

"The record of the first year's operation has been exceedingly gratifying to me as showing that it has fully and successfully met the public demand so far as it can. The full measure of the success of the Subway, from the point of view of the public, will not be fully realized, however, until the original plans of the commission, including lines north of Forty-second Street on the east side and south of Forty-second Street on the west side, are completed. When this is done the public will have the full benefit of the Subway.

"The line to Brooklyn is in such condition that next year will see direct rail connection between that borough and the financial, commercial, shopping, amusement, and residential districts of Manhattan."

Based on the number of fares paid, the stations rank in importance as follows: Brooklyn Bridge, Grand Central, Fourteenth Street, Fulton Street, and Times Square. Times Square is far ahead of all other local stations. Five million persons, a number exceeding by half a million the estimated total population of New York City, boarded Subway trains there during the year. Supposing that just as many got off at Times Square 10,000,000 persons have passed through the station since Oct. 27, 1904.

Record of Big Stations.

Eighteen million fares were paid at the Brooklyn Bridge, 10,000,000 at Grand Central, and nearly 7,000,000 at Fulton Street. The average number of passengers carried in the Subway every day was about 300,000. The estimated number of passengers on all the elevated lines for the same period is 261,666,686, an average of 716,895 a day. A fair estimate of the number of passengers carried by both Subway and elevated is 1,000,000 a day.

Only part of the Subway was opened a year ago. Since then the Lenox Avenue Branch to West Farms, the section from the Brooklyn Bridge down Broadway to South Ferry, and a mile stretch north of 135th Street, under Broadway, have been opened. The Interborough Company expects to run trains under Fort George and over the long viaduct to the Ship Canal by Jan. 1. The Brooklyn Branch will be opened next year.

Of the problems that a year's operation of the Subway has raised none has interested the public as much as that regarding ventilation. On hot days the air in the tunnel was almost insufferable, and hundreds of thousands forsook rapid transit for the surface cars. The engineers have been wrestling with the question of ventilation, and think they have devised a remedy. Mr. Parsons and Mr. Rice, who is now chief engineer of the commission, expect to submit their report on the matter to the Rapid Transit Commission within a few weeks.

The Ventilation Remedy.

"The difficulty is not bad air, it is heat," said Mr. Rice yesterday. "The great speed of the trains requires an enormous amount of energy, and great waves of heat are thrown off from the motors. This heat is a good thing in the Winter—it makes the Subway comfortable. There is nothing unhealthy about the air, but the heat is a great disadvantage."

"Will the tracks be separated by partitions in future subways?" Mr. Rice was asked.

"They will, but every track will not necessarily be in a tunnel of its own. Trains running in the same direction will be separated from those running in the other. In this way a steady draught of air will be created in each compartment. But we are confident of being able to cool the air in the present Subway. The means will be described in the report soon to be put before the commission.

"But after a few years operation we can say that we have real rapid transit. Day after day, every two or three or four minutes, according to the time of day, trains run from Brooklyn Bridge to Ninety-sixth Street—to the lower edge of Harlem—in fourteen and a half minutes. And New York is the only city that has real rapid transit. The four-track feature of our Subway is the reason."

Mr. Rice produced a map showing the routes for proposed subways.

"You will notice," he said, "that though the Subway now in operation follows Broadway, it is not straight. That is simple enough, for Broadway itself is far from straight. There are lots of curves. Now look at the Third Avenue route—seven and a half miles without a curve—or at this Eighth Avenue route—not a curve in it for miles. The speed attainable on these perfectly straight tracks will be much greater than is now possible."

Express Trains Above 96th Street.

Asked about express service north of Ninety-sixth Street Mr. Rice said:

"There will be express service under Upper Broadway, but it won't be necessary to build more tracks. There is a third track all the way except in the deep Fort George tunnel. From the northern end of the Subway express trains can run on the third track, south in the morning and north in the evening rush hours."

E. P. Bryan, the operating head of the Interborough Company, when asked to say something about the Subway's anniversary, said:

"During the first year of operation the Subway has justified our most sanguine expectations. The popularity of the Subway has, we think, been demonstrated by the patronage. Unforeseen engineering difficulties have prevented the completion of the section to Fort George and across the Dyckman Meadows. The delay in the construction of the Ship Canal Bridge has also prevented the completion of the work called for under Contract No. 1."

General Manager Hedley said:

"For several months the operation of the Subway was hampered by incomplete terminals and the newness of the system, so that the train service could not be run up to the maximum. Since the completion of the lines to South Ferry conditions have been much improved.

"Five hundred of the first cars purchased have passed through the shops; the end doors have been made considerably larger, and the bulkheads inside the cars have been removed. This has been the subject of favorable comment on the part of the passengers and has led to a marked difference in the time it takes to embark and disembark."

Since the strike last spring the Subway employes get better wages than they did before. The officials of the company say that their relations with the men have never been so friendly as now.

A plan to lengthen the local platforms so that they can accommodate seven cars instead of five is now under consideration. It is likely that work on the platforms will begin in the next month or two.

ROGER M. SHERMAN DEAD.

Mount Vernon's Corporation Counsel, Who Caused the Fight on Brush.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, Oct. 26.—Roger M. Sherman, Corporation Counsel of Mount Vernon, and one of the best-known lawyers of the Westchester County Bar, died at 2:30 o'clock this morning at his home on Chester Hill. He was stricken with paralysis about six weeks ago while cruising on the Sound on his yacht the Nomad.

It is said that worry and excitement brought on by a suit that he was prosecuting against the water company to compel it to reduce its rates, brought on the attack. It was Mr. Sherman's appointment as Corporation Counsel that led to the fight between Mayor Brush and the Republican organization. The organization was bitterly opposed to Mr. Sherman, and when Mayor Brush persisted in naming him against their wishes they turned him down for renomination. Mayor Brush has since come out as an independent candidate.

Mr. Sherman was born in Albany 56 years ago. His great-grandfather, the Rev. Josiah Sherman, was a brother of Roger Sherman, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Mr. Sherman was graduated from Columbia Law School. He was Pardon Clerk under President Grant, and afterward served seven years as Assistant United States District Attorney of New York. Then he entered the firm of Darlington, Sherman & Jenkins, with offices at 206 Broadway. Mr. Sherman was counsel in the Fayerweather will case, and was also counsel for George Bissert. He wrote the brief that got the Tenderloin detective out of Sing Sing.

Mr. Sherman was a member of the Republican Club of New York and of the New York Athletic and New Rochelle Yacht Clubs. He was twice married. His first wife was a daughter of a former Governor of Wisconsin. He afterward married a grandaughter of Henry Inman, the painter.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM E. LANT, a retired merchant, of Philadelphia, Penn., died in Rome on Wednesday at the age of 65 years. He leaves a widow and two children.

Always Remember the Full Name **Laxative Bromo Quinine**
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

FULL ROLL AT THIS WEDDING.

All Governors Island Sees Private Lewis and Miss Becker Wed.

All Governors Island, officers and enlisted men alike, were present in St. Cornelius Chapel on the island yesterday afternoon to witness the marriage of Private Forrest Franklin Lewis of Company E of the Eighth Infantry, and Miss Elizabeth Katherine Becker of 222 West Thirteenth Street. The chapel was elaborately decorated in honor of the occasion, and as a wedding is a rarity among Uncle Sam's "thirteen dollar" men, every boy in blue from grizzled Sergt. Way, the veteran of the Indian and Spanish wars, to the youngest private in Col. Smith's regiment, was at the chapel when Lewis and his bride walked to the altar.

Col. Smith, commanding the garrison, and Capt. Millar, the Adjutant, were there. So were most of the officers' wives and daughters, not to mention a score or two of the bride's friends from Manhattan and Brooklyn. Lewis is the son of a merchant of Montpelier, Vt., and is a graduate of Goddard Seminary in Vermont. He enlisted two years ago, and will, on the expiration of his time, go to Vermont and go into business with his father. Some of the presents were from the officers of his command, another was from his comrades of Company E, while one of the gifts that were received by the bride was a check for $2,000 from relatives in Europe.

MERRILL—LINK.

Miss E. Corinne Link, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Martin, was married last evening to Frank Heber Merrill of Boston, at the Link residence, Broadway and Sixteenth Street, Murray Hill, L. I. The ceremony was performed at 8:30 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Barto of Cohassett, Mass. The matron of honor was Mrs. Royal Hurlburt Weller. The bridesmaids were Miss May Eustis and Miss Selma Friend. The bridegroom's best man was Herbert Kendall of Boston, and the ushers Everett M. Link, brother of the bride; C. Frank Kelly, Walter Merriam Pratt, and William E. McEwen, Jr.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

The marriage of Walter Livingston Cutting of Pittsfield, Mass., to Miss Lila Mayo, daughter of Capt. W. R. Mayo of Norfolk, Va., is set for Saturday, Nov. 18, in Norfolk. The engagement was announced some months ago in this column. Mr. Cutting is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cutting of Pittsfield, and Miss Juliana Cutting and Mrs. Hibbs, wife of Dr. Russell A. Hibbs, are his sisters.

***

Miss Beatrice Pratt, third and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Bache Pratt, is another of the débutantes of the coming Winter. Miss Pratt's elder sisters are Mrs. Lycurgus Winchester of Baltimore and Miss Constance Pratt, who made her début a year or so ago.

***

Another of the season's débutantes who will make her début at a reception and the Junior Cotillion is Miss Rosalie Hinckley, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Hinckley, and a sister of Mrs. Thomas B. Williams.

***

Miss May Hadden, who, as announced several days since, is to marry Kenneth Robinson on Dec. 12, will have only one attendant, her sister, Miss Valerie Hadden. William A. Hutcheson is to be Mr. Robinson's best man, and the ushers will include Miss Hadden's cousin, Alexander M. Hadden, and her brothers, William A. Hadden and Harold F. Hadden, Jr.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney have taken an apartment in Paris for the coming Winter. Mrs. Barney's mother, Mrs. A. T. Van Nest, is booked to sail for New York on Nov. 16.

***

Thatcher M. Adams, Jr., who is to marry Miss Edith A. Jackson on Wednesday next, will give his bachelor dinner this evening at the University Club. His guests will include the best man, John B. Adams, and his ushers, who are to be Thomas S. Adams, Wilcott Jackson, John McLane, Thomas L. Clark, John C. Greenleaf, Henry B. Cannon, Robert McKean, Frank C. Green, Frederick Schleffelin, and J. F. Talmage.

***

George Legg, whose marriage to Miss Carpenter is set for Nov. 15, will give at Delmonico's to-morrow evening his bachelor dinner.

***

Mr and Mrs. William A. Falconer have taken apartments at the Hotel Netherland for the Winter.

***

The Japanese Consul will give an evening reception with music, a seated supper, and dancing, on Nov. 3, at Sherry's, in honor of the birthday of the Mikado.

***

The engagement is announced of Miss Helen Morgenthau, eldest daughter of Henry Morgenthau, to Mortimer J. Fox. The Morgenthaus are still at their Summer home at Irvington-on-the-Hudson.

Gorham Silverware

of all Periods for

Wedding Gifts

The display of sterling silverware at the new Gorham Building, which, it may be noted, is the most extensive ever gathered together under one roof, is especially remarkable for the number and variety of complete table services designed in strict accordance with the styles of the various periods. The silverware may therefore be selected to harmoniously accord with the furnishings and architectural details of all schemes of interior decoration.

The Gorham Company

Silversmiths and Goldsmiths

Fifth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street

NEW PUBLICATIONS. | NEW PUBLICATIONS.

The

CARLYLES

By Mrs. Burton Harrison.

It is impossible to resist a Southern Girl either in fiction or real life. The heroine of this novel of the civil war is the cream of the cream of Southern girls, the most irresistible of the irresistible. The hero is a Union soldier, and their romance is a narrative that lends a vital personal interest to the days of '65.

D. APPLETON & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS, NEW YORK

CARRIAGE RIDE CHEERED HIM.

Boy Who Was Run Over Didn't Feel So Bad Afterward.

Mrs. John B. Simpson of 998 Fifth Avenue was riding down Seventh Avenue at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon with her little daughter, when her carriage got mixed up in a tangle, resulting in painful injuries to Charles Tyron of 60 East 120th Street, an eight-year-old boy.

With other boys he was riding on the end of a truck. Just ahead of the truck was a fire engine that had broken down. The firemen were working hard to repair it, so that they could continue on their way to a fire. The engineer blew off steam. The truck and carriage horses took fright. The boy fell from the truck under the hoofs of the carriage horses, was stepped on, and his left leg run over.

Mrs. Simpson jumped out and picked up the boy, asking him where he lived. He told her and she carried him to the carriage. The driver had his horses under control and was told to drive to the lad's home.

Little Miss Simpson was cleaning his scratched face with her handkerchief, when her mother asked if he was much hurt.

"No, it's not very bad," he said. "Better let me sit up to get all that's comin' to me, when I go carriage ridin'."

Mrs. Simpson did not leave the boy's home until a physician had examined the boy and said that he would be about in a few days, as his injuries were not serious.

WANT MADE RUBIES CHEAPER.

Importers of the Reconstructed Gems to Protest for Low Duty.

Maiden Lane houses importing from Paris the reconstructed rubies which caused a stir in the precious stone trade two years ago are preparing to make a contest before the Board of United States General Appraisers, and, if necessary, in the courts, to obtain a lower duty. It is understood that importers who deal in high-grade rubies and emeralds will oppose their effort, and that many of the retail jewelers, fearing an unfavorable effect on the value of natural rubies, will join in the opposition. The jewelers say that rubies are second in importance only to diamonds, and fine specimens of pigeon-blood rubies are the most valuable stones in the world.

More than forty protests against the duty have been filed by the firms importing the reconstructed rubies, which are made of ruby dust or sand or cuttings from other rubies. The duty is 50 per cent., the product being described as a manufactured article not especially enumerated in the tariff schedules. The importers desire to get a 10 per cent. duty, which can be done if the authorities classify the product by similitude as precious stones. This proposed classification is very distasteful to the importer of natural rubies. He says that if adopted it would open the door for irresponsible tradesmen to sell as natural rubies the manufactured product, declaring that their character had the Government's indorsement, as shown by the customs records.

FORBIDS CART-TAIL SPEECH.

Mayor of Plainfield Withholds Permission from Democratic Candidate.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Oct. 26.—Mayor James F. Buckle has prohibited Edward Nugent, Democratic candidate for State Senator, from beginning a cart-tail campaign among the workingmen. For several days Mr. Nugent, who is an Elizabeth lawyar, had advertised that he would invade the stronghold of Ernest R. Ackerman, his Republican opponent, to present the doctrines of equal taxation and limited franchises. To-day he was to have spoken to 1,000 machinists at the Pond Machine Tool Company's plant, where City Clerk James T. McMurray and Police Commissioner Andrew McArdell are Superintendents, but Mayor Buckle withheld permission.

"Let him hire a hall or a vacant lot if he wants to speak," was the answer Buckle gave to Nugent's manager.

Nugent says he will reach the voters at any cost. He used a page in each of the local papers to-day.

Bellevue Never So Badly Managed.

"Bellevue Hospital never was managed properly, but it never has been so badly managed as it is at present," said Coroner Scholer yesterday. He made this comment while at the Morgue to confirm the identification of the body of Robert Dittrich, who committed suicide by leaping into the East River at the foot of East Fourth Street. His complaint was due to the condition of the body. The Coroner on Wednesday addressed a letter of complaint to the Board of Trustees of the hospital in regard to other methods at the Morgue.

The Amerika Starts Eastward.

The new Hamburg-American liner Amerika sailed for Hamburg on her first eastward passage of the Atlantic yesterday afternoon. Among those who sailed on the liner were Oscar Hammerstein, who wore a cap instead of the time-honored headgear he affects; Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, Mr. and Mrs. Richard R. Quay, the Misses Cudahy, Theodore N. Vail, and Dr. Otto Feuerlein.

SIX DEAD IN IOWA WRECK.

Trainmen Say Two Rock Island Trains Had Conflicting Orders.

FAIRFIELD, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Two passenger trains on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway collided head on one mile south of this place early today. The wrecked trains were No. 11, which left Chicago at 8:30 last night, and No. 12, which left Kansas City at 6:30 last evening. Four persons were killed and between fifteen and twenty injured. The dead:

F. J. Milks, Muscatine, Iowa, engineer of No. 11; Glen Canfield, Murray, Iowa, mail clerk; Detective Griffith, Lucas, Iowa; a tramp, name unknown. The most seriously injured are W. H. Dunham, Eldon, Iowa, engineer of No. 12; E. W. Witte, Eldon, Iowa, fireman on No. 11; H. G. Pottorf, Eldon, Iowa; fireman on No. 12; O. B. Helmar, mail clerk on No. 11; J. E. Hickman, mail clerk.

At the time of the accident the trains were running about thirty miles an hour. Responsibility for the accident is placed on the train dispatcher's office. When the engineer of No. 11 appeared at Fairfield he got the following order: "Run forty minutes late to Eldon."

The fireman of No. 12 declares they had clearance orders from Eldon.

PRISON FOR SELLING OLEO.

Three Convictions for Furnishing Adulterated Food to Navy.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—The cases of Burt & Dennis, grocers, and Frederick Hall, local manager for Swift & Co., charged with furnishing impure food to the League Island Navy Yard, came up to-day before Judge McMichael, in the Criminal Court. Burt & Dennis were charged with supplying oleomargarine to the navy yard as a substitute for butter. They pleaded guilty and were fined $250 and costs and sentenced to sixty days in the county prison.

The charge against Hall was that of furnishing to the contractor who supplied the station sausage containing boric acid. The contractor, when arrested, said he had the assurance of Swift & Co. that the meat contained nothing prohibited by the pure-food laws of Pennsylvania.

Whiteman Sentenced, Will Appeal.

BUFFALO, Oct. 26.—Alonzo J. Whiteman was sentenced this morning to serve eight years and five months in Auburn Prison. He was convicted of defrauding the Fidelity Trust Company of Buffalo by means of raised and forged checks. Whiteman will appeal.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The southwest storm has passed off the South Atlantic Coast without much wind of consequence, and the rains have practically ceased. Temperatures have fallen in the Atlantic States, the Northwest and extreme West, and are somewhat below the seasonal average. Another high area of pronounced character now over Montana is moving southeastward.

Winds along the New England Coast and the Middle Atlantic Coast will be fresh northeast to southeast; on the South Atlantic Coast fresh northeast, except brisk Friday on the North Carolina Coast; on the East Gulf Coast light northeast to east; on the West Gulf Coast light and variable; on the lower lakes fresh to brisk southeast, becoming southwest and west by Friday; on the upper lakes fresh to brisk west to northwest.

Steamers departing for European ports Friday will have fresh northeast to east winds, with generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and New England, fair, warmer Friday, rain at night or Saturday, except fair in extreme south portion, fresh east to south winds.

New Jersey, partly cloudy Friday, warmer in the interior; Saturday fair, fresh northeast to southeast winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania, fair, warmer Friday; Saturday fair, light to fresh east to south winds.

Western New York, cloudy and warmer Friday, probably showers; Saturday rain or snow and colder, fresh to brisk east to south winds, shifting to west by Saturday.

Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy and warmer Friday; probably showers. Saturday, colder, with rain in south, rain or snow in north portion; variable winds, becoming northwest and fresh Friday night.

Delaware—Partly cloudy Friday. Saturday, fair; fresh northeast to southeast winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1904.	1905.		1904.	1905.
3 A. M.	52	44	4 P. M.	57	49
6 A. M.	53	40	6 P. M.	51	49
9 A. M.	55	43	9 P. M.	47	45
12 M.	56	47	12 P. M.	45	44

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 46; for the corresponding date last year it was 53; average on the corresponding date for the last twenty-five years, 50.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 39; at 8 P. M. it was 47. Maximum temperature, 50 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 39 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity, 57 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 58 per cent. at 8 P. M.

When Carl Schurz Writes

When a man like Carl Schurz, a man who for fifty years has enjoyed the confidence of the greatest legislators of the world, a man who never writes a word without giving it due thought, and who, though writing in an acquired tongue, has made himself a master of that tongue—when such a man presents the Reminiscences of his long and useful life, that work marks an epoch in history and an epoch in literature. When a magazine like McClure's publishes these Reminiscences, it marks an epoch in magazine-making, even for McClure's.

These Schurz papers, which begin in the November McClure's with the fascinating story of the boyhood of Schurz, will take up before long his point of view of such men as Sherman, Grant, Lincoln, Greeley, Cleveland and others whom he knew as intimate friends.

Buy McClure's to-day—the November number—and begin to read this great series of papers with the first one.

S. S. McCLURE COMPANY
44-60 East 23d Street
NEW YORK

BUSINESS NOTICES.

COLLARS. E. & W. CUFFS.
The Linen of a Gentleman.

MARRIED.

BOND—MINFORD.—On Monday afternoon, Oct. 23, at the Church of the Transfiguration, by the Rev. Dr. G. C. Houghton, Anna Louise, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Levis Wahe Minford, to Frederic Drew Bond of Philadelphia.

HOLLISTER—WOODBRIDGE.—On Thursday, Oct. 26, 1905, at Glen Ridge, N. J., by the Rev. Charles Park of Hudson, N. Y., Mabel Dodge Woodbridge to Henry Hutchinson Hollister, Second.

Pittsburg papers please copy.

KANE—VALENTINE.—On Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1905, at St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, by the Rev. Richard Ormond Hughes, Greita Du Bourdieu Valentine, great granddaughter of Gen. Arthur Du Bourdieu, C. B., and grandniece of Sir John Scott Lyllis, to Arthur M. A. Kane.

London and Paris papers please copy.

LEA—YOUNG.—At Grace Church, Orange, N. J.,

FRENCH JUDGE SENDS E. F. SHEPARD TO JAIL

Automobile of W. H. Vanderbilt's Grandson Killed a Girl.

DAMAGES OF $4,000 IMPOSED

Shepard to Appeal—His Counsel Say He Is Being Made a Scapegoat—Imprisonment Postponed.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The Ninth Correctional Tribunal of the Seine to-day sentenced Elliott Fitch Shepard, son of the late Col. Elliott F. Shepard of New York and a grandson of the late W. H. Vanderbilt, to three months imprisonment and $120 fine, and to pay $4,000 damages to the parents of Madeline Marduel, who was killed by Mr. Shepard's automobile at St. Ouen last April 24.

The case came up upon the opening of the court. Mr. Shepard was present, accompanied by his counsel, Maître Anquetin. The defendant rose and stood facing the Judge while sentence was pronounced. The Judge lengthily reviewed the circumstanes of the accident, and said the automobile exceeded the regulation speed limit of twenty-five to thirty kilometers an hour. Such excessive speed was a menace to the public, and should be severely punished.

The Judge also pointed out that the girl killed was twelve years old and a useful assistant to her family. Therefore the family was entitled to pecuniary redress for her loss. He then pronounced the sentence.

Following the announcement Mr. Shepard and his counsel withdrew from the courtroom for the purpose of considering the question of making an appeal or adopting some other step.

After conferring with counsel, friends of Mr. Shepard said he intended to appeal from the fine and imprisonment, but that the company insuring the automobile would not appeal from the $4,000 damages awarded to the parents of the dead girl. The appeal postpones the imprisonment until a final decision is given.

Mr Shepard says he deeply regrets the affair, but feels that the prosecution assumed undue proportions owing to the recent popular agitation against fast automobiling.

Maître Poincaré, counsel for the prosecution, emphasized the need of making an example of Mr. Shepard, declaring that American millionaires had the habit of coming to France and running over peasants like chickens. Counsel for Mr. Shepard maintain that this plea has had the effect of making him the scapegoat for a number of automobile accidents which have recently aroused popular indignation.

Elliott Fitch Shepard is the only son of the late Col. Elliott Fitch Shepard, who married Miss Margaret Vanderbilt and who died about twelve years ago.

Mr. Shepard is about thirty years old. In 1897 he married Mrs. Alfred Potter, a Philadelphia widow, daughter of a storekeeper of Greenport, L. I. The couple separated not long after the marriage, and in 1903 Mrs. Shepard brought suit for divorce. The case, however, was dropped, and there have since been rumors of a reconciliation.

Shepard was sent to Yale, and got into trouble in his freshman year. He left the university and went to Paris to live. After his quarrel with his wife he again went to the French capital, where he has remained most of the time since. He has made several business ventures in Paris, all of which have resulted disastrously. He has tried the liquor business, the banking business, and the manufacture of automobiles, and is said to have lost a fortune in each undertaking.

It is said his mother grew tired of providing capital for him, and at last succeeded in persuading him that he was not fitted for a business career.

LOUBET SEES A BULL KILLED.

Then Goes Away—Spanish Cabinet Row Over Decorations.

MADRID, Oct. 26.—President Loubet left Madrid for Lisbon at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

The postponed bullfight took place prior to his departure. The President did not desire to attend it, but owing to the national character of the entertainment he went to the bullfight with King Alfonso, witnessed the brilliant cavalcade, and departed after the first bull had been killed.

The Ministerial situation has become graver, owing to the peculiar attitude of the Minister of Marine, Señor Villanueva, who objects to President Loubet bestowing the Grand Cross of the Order of the Legion of Honor on him after he conferred the Grand Collar, a higher decoration, on the Minister of War.

The action of Señor Vallanueva is threatening the disruption of the Cabinet. The Minister has written to Premier Montero Rios formally refusing the proffered insignia.

LONDON HONORS GEN. BOOTH.

Freedom of the City Conferred Upon Him—He Refuses a Gold Casket.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The freedom of the City of London was to-day bestowed on Gen. Booth of the Salvation Army, who accepted it as a recognition of the world-wide work of the army.

The presentation was made in the presence of a distinguished company, including civic officials, several thousand citizens, and many officers of the Salvation Army.

Instead of the usual gold casket, the address was inclosed in an oaken casket, the balance of the money voted by the Municipal Council being, at the request of Gen. Booth, given to the Salvation Army.

A NEW JAPANESE LINE.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha to Run Steamers to Seattle.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, a rich Japanese company, is about to build a fleet of passenger steamers to ply between Japan and Seattle, Australia, and European ports.

HEROIC STATUE OF MOLTKE.

Unveiled in Berlin—Kaiser and Imperial Family Present.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—A statue of von Moltke, the gift of the army to the German people, was unveiled here to-day, the one hundred and fifth anniversary of the Field Marshal's birth, in the presence of Emperor William, the imperial family, all the great personages of State, and many thousands of people.

The military display was most brilliant. Ten thousand troops of the Berlin garrison were massed near the scene of the unveiling.

The marble figure is the work of Prof. Uphues, who designed the statue of Frederick the Great now in Washington. The figure is eighteen feet high.

No Trace of the Steamer Kallyuga.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 26.—Telegrams were received to-day from the Captains of the steamers Centurion and Frontenac, which have been searching for the missing steamer Kallyuga, saying they had covered the entire east and north shores of Lake Huron, without obtaining any trace of the vessel. It is now practically certain that the boat, with seventeen persons, went down.

Negro May Be Lynched If Caught.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 26.—Mrs. G. W. Moore, wife of a merchant on Peachtree Road, near this city, was assaulted by a negro this morning. Track hounds have been following the negro all day, but at a late hour to-night he had not been captured. It is feared the negro will be lynched if caught.

WOOD PLEADS SELF-DEFENSE.

He Shot Boyhood Friend in Quarrel About a Young Woman.

Lester F. Dwight, manager of a telephone exchange, who was shot early yesterday morning by William W. Wood, a dentist, with whom he shared a bachelor apartment at 414 West 124th Street, probably will recover from his injuries.

The two men had been friends from boyhood. Not long ago, according to the police, they met a young woman. Both were attentive. Then there were quarrels, and the two men ceased to speak to each other.

Yesterday morning they came face to face in their laparment. There were sounds of scuffling, and then five pistol shots. Dwight staggered out to the street, where he met a policeman, who called an ambulance from the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

In the meantime other tenants had notified the police. They broke down the door, and found Wood tearing up and burning letters. On a table were his will and a letter from his mother, Mrs. A. B. Wood, now playing at the American Theatre. The mother's letter showed that she was aware of trouble. The will read:

My last will and testament. I hereby bequeath to be paid at my death to my mother, Anna B. Wood, $1,000, and to Gertrude J. Fonthan $5,000.

Wood was taken to the police station, where he said that he had shot in self-defense. His face was badly bruised. Dwight was there waiting for the ambulance, very weak, but still able to stand.

Dwight listened to Wood's explanation until he said that they had quarreled over a woman. Then he interrupted and said that if Wood mentioned her name he would kill him.

"No danger, Lester," said the prisoner, "neither of us will do that."

"Bill, you're a poor shot," said the wounded man, collapsing.

He was taken to the hospital, where it was found that he had been shot three times. The surgeons said that he probably will pull through. Wood was held in Harlem Court to await the result of Dwight's injuries.

Miss Fonthan, who is named as a legatee in Wood's will, formerly lived with her mother at 59 West Ninety-ninth Street. The property is owned by her mother. It was said there that they were now living at 307 West 142d Street. At this address no one would say whether or not Miss Fonthan and her mother lived there.

STOWAWAY DIES ON STEAMER.

Bluejacket of the Des Moines Was Trying to Get Home.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—A stowaway died on board the British steamship Ethelwold, which arrived here to-day from Port Antonio with a cargo of bananas. The man was found in the hold of the vessel last Saturday, the day following the departure of the ship from Port Antonio. He was ill and died on Tuesday.

In one of his pockets was found a note beginning "Dear Ruth," and signed "Pim." It requested the person addressed to send any effects of the writer's she might have to Mrs. Kate V. Jeeks, 1,467 Stevenson Street, Baltimore. The body was brought to this city.

A member of the crew of the steamer Ethelwold admitted to-night that the stowaway had been carried on board the steamer at Port Antonio by a negro employed in helping to load the vessel at that port. It was also learned that the man previously to being taken on board the vessel had attempted to get on a steamship bound for Baltimore, but had been caught and sent to prison.

able condition from illness and lack of food. He fell in with the negro, who took pity on him, and carried him aboard the steamer. His death is believed to have been due to starvation.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26.—Thomas A. Jeeks was the stowaway who died on the Ethelwold. He leaves a wife in this city. He married in June, 1904, Kate Schmiecke, and three days after the wedding enlisted in the navy.

He was on the Des Moines, and according to a letter to his sister, he and others of the crew were left ashore at Port Antonio. They had been on leave, and the warship sailed without them. Jeeks wrote to his wife and sister that he meant to come home as a stowaway.

DENOUNCE CITY OFFICIALS.

Merchants Say They Complained Vainly of Grand Street's Condition.

The committee appointed by the Grand Street Merchants and Property Owners' Association to seek relief from the conditions prevailing in that thoroughfare, which is torn up while the motive power of the car line is being changed, issued its report yesterday. It charges that Borough President Ahearn promised to correct the situation and failed to live up to his promise; that the Health Department failed to act, and that the Street Cleaning Department reported: "It is almost impossible to keep a street clean and in order during the present condition of Grand Street."

The details of a visit to Mayor McClellan are presented for the consideration of the association.

"We were promised that cars would be running by Oct. 1," the report continues. "At this date it is still a matter of speculation whether we will have cars by Jan. 1. A complaint from Fifth Avenue or Broadway merchants would probably set our Health Commissioner jumping. The fact that this crowded tenement district has been in constant danger from fire and disease did not seem to give any concern to our city officials.

"It's for you to offer suggestions as to what is best to be done."

C. G. DELANO ARRESTED.

Lawyer Held in Boston on Complaint of His Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 26.—At the request of the Boston police, Chief of Police White last night arrested Charles G. Delano, a New York lawyer, who was at a hotel here. Mr. Delano is wanted in Boston to answer a charge made by his wife, from whom he separated fifteen years ago. In 1892 he is alleged to have defaulted his recognizance and gone to New York, where he has since lived, and where he prepared the briefs in the Molineux case and has brought out several law works.

Mr. Delano came to Pittsfield about a wek ago in regard to the settlement of an estate left by his mother, who died in Northampton recently. In some way it became known in Boston that Mr. Delano was here and his arrest was requested. He secured counsel this morning and tried to obtain from the Berkshire courts an order for his release on bail. The court denied the petition and officers took Mr. Delano to Boston this afternoon.

F. T. KEATING FOR DIVORCE.

End of Romance That Began in Search for Diamond Ring.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Oct. 26.—Three years ago Miss Isabelle Montague Hutchinson lost a diamond ring on the golf links of Lakewood, N. J. Among those who joined in the search for its recovery was F. Talfourd Keating of New York. An introduction resulted, and their marriage took place soon afterward. Keating is now in Colorado Springs to establish residence in order to sue for divorce. He will say nothing about his domestic troubles.

Mrs. Keating is a daughter of the late F. E. Hutchinson, formerly Mayor of Utica, N. Y. She is now a resident of Boston.

Long and Short

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Now Everywhere

The Scotch with the Pear-drop flavor.

At Clubs, Cafes, Hotels, and of Dealers.

The Cook & Bernheimer Co., SOLE AGENTS.

20 HURT IN A CRASH ON THE NEW BRIDGE

Runaway Car Jams Into Two That Were Stalled.

HAVOC IN THE MIDDLE CAR

Telescoped and the Passengers Pinned Down—Motorman Who Stuck to His Post May Die.

A broken-down truck on the Williamsburg Bridge yesterday morning was primarily responsible for an accident that may cost two men their lives and caused injuries to more than twenty persons.

There were three cars in the wreck. The first one, No. 2,057 of the Fourteenth Street line, came to a stop near the Manhattan terminal just behind the truck, which had cast a wheel and had slewed across the trolley tracks. Behind it came Car No. 2,757 of the same line. It came to a stop within a few feet of the first car. A minute later a car of the Christopher and Eighth Street line came down the incline leading to the terminal at full speed.

At first the motorman, John Holden, of 445 East Fourteenth Street, did not see that the car ahead was stalled. When he realized that it was stalled he made frantic efforts to control his car, but it had gained too great headway or else something went wrong with the brakes. The real reason may never be known, for Holden has been unconscious in the Eastern District Hospital ever since the accident. He has a compound fracture of the skull and internal injuries that will probably cause his death.

The third car crashed into the one ahead, jamming it into the car stalled in front. The middle car, which was jammed with passengers, as were the other two, was telescoped. The sides and roof were shattered, the bottom knocked out, and the machinery reduced to scrap iron. The seventy-five passengers were thrown into the forward end. Men trampled on women and fought to get out.

Despite the number of persons injured and the wild scenes attending the accident, only one person besides Motorman Holden remained in the hospitals last night. He is George Breold, 17 years old, of 22 Melrose Street, Brooklyn, who is employed by the General Electric Company in Manhattan. He is in Gouverneur Hospital and the doctors fear that his skull has been fractured.

In the face of what seemed to be certain death, Holden stuck to his controller on the third car. He was thrown forward into the car ahead and was dug out of the debris by the police.

The noise of the collision as the rear car shot squarely into the one ahead, rending the iron work and reducing the wood to splinters, was heard at the Delancey Street Police Station a few blocks away. About a dozen men, standing near the front platform of the last car, jumped to the roadway before the crash and escaped unhurt. A second later the crowd on the back of the second car was caught by the platform and the dashboard of the colliding car. Splintered fragments of wood and pieces of glass were showered over the imprisoned passengers.

The men who had jumped from the oncoming car got to work at once. Among them were Alexander J. Williams of 268 Rodney Street, Brooklyn; Anton Gagel of 17 Locust Street, and Frank Siebert of 63 Penn Street. They bounded into the struggling mass, kicked out half a dozen windows in the last car, and dragged out three women. All three were cut by glass.

"The reserves of the Delancey Street Station had as much trouble fighting their way through the mass of humanity at the bridge terminal as they had to rescue the victims. An enormous crowd had gathered crying that the bridge had fallen down. The reserves from two other precincts were ordered out to take care of the crowd, while the Delancey Street policemen turned their attention to rescuing the injured. Nearly all the injured were treated by ambulance surgeons and went home.

The wreck blocked traffic on the north roadway of the bridge for an hour and a half.

IN DEFENSE OF DAN PATCH.

Trainer Hersey Says Champion Pacer Cannot Be the Trotter Arrin.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 26.—"If Dan Patch is the trotter Arrin, as they contend in Canada, then Dan Patch must be exactly fifteen years of age," said Harry C. Hersey, trainer and driver of the pacing champion. Hersey secured a veterinary to-day who, after making an examination of Dan Patch, made affidavit that the horse could not be over nine years old. Hersey has just arrived from Toronto. He says that John Thompson, the Ontario horseman, who alleges that Dan Patch is Arrin, a trotter stolen from Thompson in 1898, was thrown out of Dan Patch's stall at Toronto by a groom when in the act of examining the horse.

"According to Thompson's own confession Arrin was foaled in 1894," said Hersey. "Oscar Ames of Kentucky, whom all horsemen know, bred Joe Patchen to Zelica in 1895, and the result of that union was Dan Patch. Thompson must be seeking notoriety."

Citizens' Cup Race for Cyclists.

The New York Athletic Club's regular annual fifteen-mile bicycle road race for the Citizens' Cup will take place on Election Day at Travers Island over the usual course. Entries will be in two classes, one for resident members and the other for athletic and junior members. Prizes in the resident class will be first and second and the time prize; in the athletic and junior class one prize for the winner. Entries will close with the Bicycle Committee not later than Nov. 6.

Rain-Soaked Track Stops Racing.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 26.—Owing to the bad condition of the track, due to continued rain last night, the races at the Gentlemen's Driving Park were again postponed to-day. It is hoped to finish up the remaining races to-morrow and Saturday, the latter being an added day.

MEMBERS OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

They will find something of special interest to them in the beautiful PICTORIAL SECTION OF THE NEW YORK SUNDAY TIMES next Sunday. A word to the wise.—Adv.

THE CHAMPAGNE of the 20th Century

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Marvellously Grand Vintage

of the year

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Superior in Quality, Dryness and Bouquet to Any Champagne Produced Since the Great Vintage of 1884

This exquisite wine is now arriving on every steamer from France and will shortly be on sale throughout the United States

Geo. A. Kessler & Co. - Sole Importers

MISS BLAKE NOT A MEDIUM.

Friends, Interested in the Ronalds Suit, Declare That.

The friends of Elizabeth N. Blake, the young woman to whom Peter Lorillard Ronalds, the whip, who died last Saturday, deeded valuable real estate, now deny that she is a spiritualist. Reginald Ronalds, his son, is now seeking to have the deeds set aside on the ground that his father's signature was obtained by fraud.

In his petition the son asserts that his father, when he signed the deeds, was more than 75 years old, and that Miss Blake, to induce him to sign, used "coercion, fraud, and undue influence."

Reginald Ronalds asserts in his petition that to secure the deeds from his father Miss Blake "represented to him and induced him to believe the said instruments should be executed and delivered by him in obedience to the commands of the spirits of certain relatives of the said Peter Lorillard Ronalds, Sr., who were long since deceased."

This is the only mention made of spiritualism in the petition. It does not make clear whether the plaintiff charges Miss Blake with personally acting as a medium, or induced Mr. Ronalds to visit other persons who made the alleged deception.

Miss Blake, who is in the house at which Mr. Ronalds died, 113 East Thirty-fifth Street, denied herself to callers yesterday. A young man with a band of crape on his left coat sleeve answered the door bell.

"I was Mr. Ronalds's man," he said. "Miss Blake is prostrated by the bringing of the suit against her, and will see no one. Her attorney is Abram I. Elkus."

Mr. Elkus has offices in Pine Street, and a reporter went there, but Mr. Elkus declined to discuss the case. He would not admit that he was Miss Blake's lawyer, but added that he might have something to say later in the week. Reporters could not find either of Mr. Ronalds's sons, Peter Lorillard, Jr., and Reginald.

Mr. Ronalds's children, Peter Lorillard, Jr., and Fannie G. Ritchie; his widow, Mary Frances Ronalds, and Bertha Ferry Ronalds, the wife of Peter Lorillard, Jr., are codefendants in the suit, but are named only in a friendly way to cover all possible points.

BRONXVILLE POLICEMAN SHOT

Met Two Men in the Street Who Said "Halt!" and Then Fired.

Policeman R. Hyleson of Bronxville was shot early yesterday morning and is in the Mount Vernon Hospital in a serious condition. Hyleson was in full uniform and was walking along one of the principal streets when two men coming from the opposite direction called to him to halt. Hyleson continued to advance and one of the men drew a revolver and fired. The bullet entered the policeman's mouth and lodged in the back of his neck. He fell and the men fled into the woods.

Although badly hurt Hyleson managed to get out his pistol and sent two bullets after the highwaymen. The woods were searched for his assailants, but they were not found.

LETTER CAUSED HIS CAPTURE.

Fred Meyer, Wanted for Brooklyn Shooting, Caught in Baltimore.

Fred Meyer was arrested in Baltimore yesterday, charged with the murder of Thomas McNichols in Brooklyn. McNichols was a retired business man, who lived at 1,163 Sixty-first Street.

After the shooting, which resulted from a quarrel, Meyer escaped. Several days ago a letter came to Capt. Harkins of the Brooklyn Detective Bureau, saying that Meyer was in Baltimore. The letter writer, who did not give his name, said that Meyer was in the habit of standing in front of a certain fish stand in that city. A policeman who knew him was sent to Baltimore and found Meyer just where it was said he would be.

CLARK STOLE FOR TWO YEARS.

Question of How He Deceived Bank Examiner Is Being Solved.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 26.—It has been made clear by all the authorities connected with the defunct Enterprise National Bank that Cashier Clark carried on his peculations for at least the last two years.

How he did it without the Bank Examiner making the discovery is the question to be solved by the Controller of the Currency.

H. R. Mattern, the National Bank Examiner, whose district includes the Enterprise, lives in Franklin, Penn. The bank's examination filed by him Aug. 25, 1905, was sworn to by T. Lee Clark, Cashier; A. F. Schwerd, David Morrison, and August Langenheim, Directors, on Aug. 30, before F. P. Koehn, a notary public.

According to the best information, fully $1,500,000, or more than one-half the total assets, are lost. That was not done between Aug. 25 and Oct. 19 of this year. Several attorneys have been making an investigation for clients and are convinced that a systematic method of robbing the bank has been practiced for more than two years, and all the time the bank was insolvent.

Edward P. Moxey, the special Government Bank Examiner; Judge F. F. Oldham, Assistant Examiner Lyon of Philadelphia, C. C. Murray, assistant, and Receiver John B. Cunningham held a conference to-day, after which Mr. Moxey said:

"My coming here means that there may be suspicions of illegal dealings in the affairs of the bank. I do not want to say anything that would incriminate any one unjustly. The information I get will be turned over to United States Attorney J. W. Dunkle, and if there are grounds for proceedings they will be brought."

BOY WANTED LIFE SENTENCE.

Young Burglar Saw No Prospect of Being Able to Reform.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 26.—William R. Phillips, aged seventeen, who in the Superior Court to-day was sentenced to imprisonment to from two to eight years for burglary, asked Judge Gager to give him a life sentence.

The boy said he had become fixed in a criminal career through contact with criminals in a Massachusetts prison, and that he saw no hope ahead of mending his ways after his release from the present sentence. The court answered that the penalty could not be changed.

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In the morning and at meals.

Prevents Formation OF Uric Acid

Ask your physician.

Genuine never sold in siphons.

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REAL WHISKEY

FREE BOTTLING OR IN-BOND-BOTTLING ALWAYS THE BEST

PURE—OLD—MELLOW

SOLD EVERYWHERE

H. B. KIRK & CO., Sole Bottlers, NEW YORK.

Distillery, FRANKFORT, Ky.

SONS AGAINST FATHER.

Weep in Court as They Tell How He Murdered Their Mother.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Oct. 26.—At the trial here to-day of John Johnson for the murder of his wife in Yonkers on May 15 last his two sons were put on the stand in the Supreme Court. The boys testified against their father, and they wept and he wept.

Johnson's wife refused to live with him because he was a convicted burglar. The sons, Stephen, aged 12, and Edward, 8 years old, told how their mother was sitting on the veranda with them in the evening, when their father walked up the steps and without warning shot her. The father embraced the boys and then fled.

The prisoner is being defended by ex-District Attorney George Andrews, who will contend in his defense that Johnson killed his wife in a fit of jealous rage.

SHOT CHINAMAN AS PROTEST.

Labor Agitator in New Zealand Objected to Immigration.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 26.—The steamship Moana to-day brought news from Wellington, N. Z., of the murder of an old Chinaman by Lionel Terry, an English labor agitator, who lectured and worked in the United States, particularly on the Pacific Coast.

Terry, before surrendering to the police, wrote to Lord Plunkett, Governor of the colony, saying that he killed the Chinaman as a protest against alien immigration. After a lecture upon the need for the purity of the Anglo-Saxon, Terry went to the Chinese quarter of Wellington and killed the first Chinaman he met by shooting him. Terry was educated at Oxford and has served in the Garrison Artillery and the British Horse Guards. He served in the Jameson raid and Matabele war.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Almond, C. H., Dry Goods Company, Lynchburg, Va.; W. J. Almond, notions; 16 Thomas Street; Hotel Imperial.

Barney, H. S. Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; H. A. Miller, flannels; 75 Spring Street; Park Avenue Hotel.

Boettingheimer, Motter & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. Boettingheimer, millinery; Hotel Albert.

Collender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; C. W. Morrison, cloaks, suits, and waists; 2 Walker Street.

Cortiss, Coon & Co., Troy, N. Y.; J. A. Cortiss, collars; Hotel Astor.

Crews-Beggs Dry Goods Company, Pueblo, Col.; L. N. Hart, cloaks, suits, and waists; 320 Church Street; Hotel Breslin.

Davison-Paxton-Stokes Company, Atlanta, Ga., M. Wellborn, cloaks, suits, and waists; 458 Broadway.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. P. Morgan, colored dress goods; 377 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Quackenbush, G. V. S., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; J. T. Coughlin, linens; Hotel Wolcott.

King, H. S., & Co., Bristol, Tenn.; H. P. King, notions and carpets; Hotel Churchill.

Long, Jonas, Sons, Scranton, Penn.; S. V. E. Bippers, leather goods; A. Long, dress goods and silks; 320 Church Street; Hotel Spalding.

Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. W. Sundy, handkerchiefs; 106 Grand Street; Hotel Astor.

Menter, Rosenbloom & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; C. A. Menter, clothing; Hotel Imperial.

Mendel Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; S. Mendel, piece goods; Hotel Imperial.

Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. McKee, blankets; 106 Grand Street; Hotel Breslin.

O'Neil & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss Murphy, cloaks and suits; Hotel Breslin.

Pitts-Kimball Company, Boston, Mass.; J. H. Murpay, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.

Porter, J. J., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; F. C. Waddell, hats; Grand Hotel.

Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; M. G. Wiener, silks and laces; 321 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.

Stelger, J., & Co., Hoyoke, Mass.; F. M. Fenton, gloves; 45 Lispenard Street; St. Denis Hotel.

Smith, M. E., & Co., Omaha, Neb.; C. H. Hutchinson, furnishing goods, ladies' and infants' wear; 320 Broadway; Hotel Astor.

Solomon, K., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; K. Solomon, dry goods; 15 Astor Place; Hotel Breslin.

Smith, M. E., & Co., Omaha, Neb.; J. R. Scoble, prints and ginghams; 320 Broadway; Hotel Breslin.

Solomon Brothers & Lempert, Rochester, N. Y.; F. S. Solomon, clothing; Hotel Walcott.

Frost, Prescott & Richardson, Erie, Penn.; J. H. Richardson, hosiery and underwear; 320 Church Street; Grand Hotel.

Taylor, J., & Co., Allentown, Penn.; T. G. Bates, cloaks, suits, and waists; St. Denis Hotel.

West'g, P., Sons, York, Penn.; G. L. Wise, cloaks, suits and waists; Hotel Albert.

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Don't sell household effects, antiques, pianos before you see me. Clark, 161 East 125th.

AUCTION SALES.

A. L. Hall and George Sylvia sell Japanese high art, 30 East 14th St., daily, evenings.

BATTLEAXE BEATEN BY MOLLIE DONOHUE

Whitney Stake Winner Third to 30 to 1 Chance Outsider.

HANDZARRA WON THE STAKES

Kiamesha and Benevolent Were Successful Favorites for the Oneck Stable at Jamaica.

When Battleaxe, a stake winner for the Whitney stable in the Summer, was beaten by the obscure filly Mollie Donohue, at 30 to 1, in the last race at Jamaica yesterday, the betting patrons of the track went wrong for the only time in the course of the afternoon. Mistaken as the crowd was in the estimate of Battleaxe, it was a singular feature of the day's racing that, in spite of the suspicion which has been thick about results through the entire meeting, there never was a hint that Battleaxe had been beaten other than honestly as the race was run, and that in spite of the fact that, opening favorite at 2 to 1 on, he went back in the betting so fast that at post time he was 7 to 5 against, while the shrewd horsemen and professional backers bet all around him and backed about every horse in the race except the winner, which was the last-chance outsider. Horsemen had refused to believe that Battleaxe is a really good horse, though he did win the Grand Union Hotel Stakes at Saratoga, but the public somehow or other rated him as close to the best of the smart two-year-olds of the Whitney Stable, and, as he was made top weight by the handicapper, Battleaxe was talked of as one of the best bets of the day for the six-furlong handicap, last on the card.

When the call to the post was sounded, J. F. K. and Old Guard both had been backed down, and started equal second choices in the field of seven that ran, Midas, stable mate to Battleaxe, having been scratched. The horses broke with Pantoufle first away, but she was in front for only a few strides. O'Neill, who rode Battleaxe, taking the Whitney colt to the front with a rush, and, whatever his orders may have been, riding in a style which suggested that the action of the Stewards regarding certain races ridden by Miller, Davis, and Shaw had left him determined to take no chances on his own account. In twenty yards Battleaxe showed in front, and drew clear of his field in the run to the first quarter, from which point to the head of the stretch, beginning the run home, Battleaxe was galloping in the lead, with the race seemingly as good as won.

At that point he began to tire under the weight and pace, and in another fifty yards was trying his best to stop, with O'Neill hard at him with whip and heels. At the last quarter pole, Mollie Donohue, which had closed from fourth place to second, went on after Battleaxe, followed by Old Guard, Mollie Donohue getting up to him just inside the final furlong, and from there on to the winning post holding him safe and winning rather easily, while Battleaxe stopped so at the end that Old Guard got up on the post and beat him a head for second place.

In one other race of the day a favorite was beaten, but this time it was not a popular favorite, but one made by stable support, Frank Farrell and his friends backing the Farrell horse Keator into the place of post choice, after Handzarra opened favorite, and through the betting remained the horse best backed by the general public in spite of the support that Keator and Aeronaut received. The race was for the Ravenswood Handicap, the stake feature of the day, for which eight horses ran, with Aeronaut the top weight. There was an unusual delay at the post, but the field went away in a line when the barrier was sprung, Handzarra at once jumping out of the crowd and to the front, and from the first stride to the last holding first place. To the head of the stretch, the fast horses in Aeronaut, Keator, and Belle Strome made a hot pursuit, but their efforts stopped all of them when they reached the stretch, and Santa Catalina, closing the race, went on and finished second, four lengths behind Handzarra, which won easily.

In the remaining four races the post favorites and the horses selected by the form followers were winners, the Oneck Stable furnishing two of the four in the mile-record-holding filly Kiamesha, and the smart two-year-old Benevolent. Kiamesha ran in the third race, a condition event, in which she conceded ten pounds each to the three horses that opposed her among them the fast horse First Mason. Kiamesha, starting at odds on, took the track at the break, and galloped in the lead from end to end, winning in a canter. Benevolent made all the pace in his race and won with ease. Frontenac and Jack Young, in their respective races, closed from behind, Frontenac winning, ridden out, from the pacemaker Rusk, while Jack Young won easily. Summary:

FIRST RACE.—For all ages, handicap; six furlongs.

				S. M.	F.
Frontenac, 119, W. Knapp, 7-5, 3-5				2	1n
Rusk, 126, Romanelli, 4-1, 8-5				1	1½
Wotan, 119, J. Martin, 7-1, 5-2				4	3½
Ancestor, 100, Miller, 7-1, 3-2				3	4
Martinmas, 107, J. Jones, 25-1, 8-1				5	5
Floralia, 100, Sewell, 25-1, 8-1				8	6
Cloten, 118, Creamer, 20-1, 8-1				9	8
Royal Window, 98, Allan, 15-1, 6-1				6	7
Tocan, 116, Helgesen, 10-1, 4-1				7	9

Time—1:14. Start good. Won driving; place same. Winner b. h., 5 years, by Kingston-Sylvabelle. Owner and trainer, James Griffin.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile and a quarter.

				S. M.	F.
Jack Young, 101, Schaeffner, 11-5, 4-5				6	1
Macbeth, 106, Livingston, 20-1, 7-1				1	2
Our Sister, 100, W. Knapp, 5-1, 2-1				3	4
The Southerner, 114, Garner, 7-2, 7-5				7	5
Sals, 106, O'Connell, 15-1, 5-1				2	3
Critical, 100, Brown, 25-1, 8-1				5	6
Embarrassment, 101, Sewell, 5-2, even				4	7

Time—2:07 4-5. Start good. Won easily; place handily. Winner br. h., 5 years, by Lamplighter-Johnetta. Owner, H. R. Baker. Trainer, G. C. Baker.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

				S. ½.	F.
Kiamesha, 105, W. Knapp, 11-20				1	1
First Mason, 106, Sewell, 17-10, 1-4				4	2
Benevolent, 106, Romanelli, 3-1, 1-4				2	3
A. Muskoday, 98, McDaniel, 200-1, 25-1				2	4

Time—1:47 1-5. Start poor. Won easily; place same. Winner br. f., 3 years, by Esher Reflection. Owner, Oneck Stable. Trainer, W. H. Karrick.

FOURTH RACE.—The Ravenswood Handicap, for three-year-olds; six furlongs.

				S. ½.	F.
Handzarra, 117, J. Martin, 4-1, 8-5				1	1
Santa Catalina, 115, Sewell, 8-1, 5-2				4	2
Aeronaut, 124, Miller, 10-5, 6-5				3	3
Belle Strome, 114, J. Jones, 4-1, 7-5				2	4
Keator, 112, O'Neil, 3-1, even				5	5
Gold Rose, 113, Romanelli, 10-1, 4-1				7	6
Diamond Flush, 107, Creamer, 20-1, 8-1				6	7
Taxer, 107, O'Connell, 20-1, 8-1				8	8

Time—1:13 2-5. Start poor. Won easily; place same. Winner ch. f., 3 years, by Handsel-Blanche Bower. F. B. Van Meter, Trainer, F. B. Van Meter.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs.

				S. ½.	F.
Benevolent, 107, W. Knapp, 11-10, 2-5				4	1
Birmingham, 97, Garner, 20-1, 8-1				3	2
Herman Johnson, 105, Romanelli, 8-1, 5-2				7	3
Gentian, 99, B. Smith, 60-1, 20-1				8	4
Deiude, 103, Miller, 3-1, 9-10				1	5
Andria, 104, Sewell, 5-1, 3-1				6	6
Glencare, 102, Dickson, 100-1, 40-1				9	7
Syntax, 102, Van Smith, 200-1, 80-1				10	9
Bundooran, 94, Horner, 20-1, 8-1				5	8
Main, 101, Brown, 100-1, 40-1				2	10

Time—1:08. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Winner b. c., 2 years, by Ben Strome-Eulalie. Owner, Oneck Stable. Trainer, W. H. Karrick.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, handicap; six furlongs.

				S. ½.	F.
Mollie Donohue, 107, J. Jones, 30-1, 10-1				4	2
Old Guard, 97, Sewell, 5-1, 2-1				6	3
Battleaxe, 126, O'Neil, 7-5, 1-2				2	1
Mintia, 110, Miller, 10-1, 3-1				7	4
Pantoufle, 112, L. Smith, 10-1, 3-1				5	5
Ruth W., 107, Burns, 8-1, 5-2				3	6
J. K. F., 105, W. Knapp, 5-1, 8-5				5	7

Time—1:15. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Winner ch. f., 2 years, by Tanstal-First Land. Owner, M. F. Donohue. Trainer, C. Merritt.

De Oro Challenged for Pool Title.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 26.—Thomas Hueston, who made a good showing in the last tournament for the world's championship continuous pool title, has posted a forfeit and formally challenged Alfredo de Oro, the present champion, to a 600-ball match for a side bet and the title. According to the conditions under which de Oro holds the diamond championship emblem, he has forty days to play the challenger or surrender the title and emblem. De Oro is at present in Cleveland, Ohio.

HORSE SHOW AWARD HISSED.

Chicagoans Rebuked Judges' Decision in Giving First Prize to Moore's Pair.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 26.—One of the most remarkable scenes ever witnessed at a horse show occurred this evening when in the $1,000 contest for the best pair of harness horses, any size, the judges awarded the prize to J. H. Moore's Burlingham and Burlingame. When Mr. Moore's number was announced as the winner nine-tenths of the large attendance arose to its feet and hissed for several minutes, hooting and cat-calling. When the Jordan pair, Hildred and Plymouth Champion, were driven up to receive third prize the same persons cheered even longer than they had hissed. When Mr. Moore's horses came up to get the ribbon the hissing was renewed and kept up until they were driven from the arena. The Vanderbilt pair, Amazement and Astonishment, which got second prize, were also cheered.

In the afternoon Mr. Vanderbilt scored a victory in the heavy-weight harness class when he carried off the first prize of $100 with Dr. Selwork, and also the second prize, $50, with Amazement. In the harness horse class for park use to a T cart, first prize went to Ed D. Jordan's Lord Burleigh and Lord Belfast.

SPRINTER MORTON SAILS.

English Champion Won Eight Out of Nine Races in This Country.

J. W. Morton, the champion English sprinter, has sailed for home after a most successful tour. During his six weeks' stay on this side of the water he competed in nine races, winning eight and finishing second in the other events. Morton landed at Montreal on Sept. 2, and two days later won the 100-yard dash at the Montreal Caledonia games in 9 4-5 seconds, defeating, among others, P. J. Walsh of the New York Athletic Club. In the Canadian championships he won the 100-yard event from C. J. Seitz, the Georgetown crack, by six inches. Morton also won the 120-yard special from Lawson Robertson in even time. At Travers Island he scored a hollow victory over Seitz in a match race, and on Oct. 15 ran 120 yards against a stiff breeze at Celtic Park in 12 seconds.

His only defeat was at Madison Square Garden, when he lost the fifty-yard dash to W. D. Eaton of Amherst in the world's record time of 0:00 2-5. Morton subsequently won the sixty-yard scratch event at the same meeting. He will return to this country next year, when he will endeavor to time his arrival so as to compete in the Amateur Athletic Union championships. Morton is the best sprinter in England and defeated Champion Duffey of Georgetown in the majority of their races.

One Race Ended at Woonsocket.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Oct. 26.—Only one of the three harness races scheduled for this afternoon was finished. Mary Scott, the favorite, won the 2:18 trotting after four heats. Summary:

2:18 Trot, Purse $800.—Mary Scott won second, third, and fourth heats and race in 2:22¼, 2:22, 2:24. Little Rena was second, winning first heat in 2:20¾. Black Bird was third. Libby Queen also started.

2:19 Pace, Purse $300, (unfinished.)—Miss Austin won third and fourth heats in 2:18¼, 2:18¾. Conway won second heat in 2:19¾. Henry C. won first heat in 2:21. Floss, Dave Wonder, and Banner Boy also started.

2:18 Pace, Purse $300, (unfinished.)—Miss Syracuse won third and fourth heats in 2:17¼, 2:17¼. Lanchow won first and second heats in 2:17¼, 2:17¾. Elton B., Goldie Dillard, and Gamhurst also started.

Entries for Jamaica Races.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; six furlongs.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Collector Jessup	105	Royal Window 100
Gladwin	105	*Clifton Forge 98
*Fustian	105	*All Right 97
Mamie Worth	105	Emergency 96
Cascine	103	Cutter 95
Invincible	103	*Scotch Plume 95
Golden Rule	100	*Blue Coat 93
Astarita	100	

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; winners of not more than one race in 1905; selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

McIlvain	108	*Goldsmith	101
*Mabel Richardson	108	Lindale	100
Buckleya	106	Verneos	99
Waterford	106	Glowstar	98
Atwood	106	Samuel H. Harris	98
Coronal	106	Antimony	95
Knight of Rhodes	103	*Brilliant	95
Jane Holly	103	*Mirthless	95
Brigand	103	*Fixt	93
*Irish Witch	103		

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling allowances; six furlongs.

*Mary Morris	104	*Townes	96
Pamela	103	Flavigny	95
Sterling	102	Progress	95
Water Dog	102	Miss Point	95
*Donora	100	*Listless	94
Busy Bee	99	*Reidmoore	93
Vino	98	*Isadaisy	90

FOURTH RACE.—The Sayville Stakes, for three-year-olds; selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

Chimney Sweep	103	Keator	98
True Wing	98	Yorkshire	96

FIFTH RACE.—For maidens, two years old; special weights; five and one-half furlongs.

Full of Fun	100	There Now	109
Peeping Tom	109	Miss Margo	106
Supreme	109	Jolly Girl	106
Tambeau	109	Swell Girl	106
Melb'ne Nominee	109	Moonshine	106
Kongrook	109	Awning	106
Vanguard	109	Margaret Angelo	106
Prince Frederick	109		

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap, for two-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong.

Red Knight	126	Bella Bigelow	97
Benvolio	106	Irish Witch	95
Banker	100	Sailor Boy	89

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Notes of the Thoroughbreds.

The Stewards of the Jamaica meeting yesterday continued their inquiry into the riding of Jockey Shaw on H. B. Duryea's three-year-old Dreamer, when that horse was beaten by Plaitoon and Grapple in the first race on Thursday. The case will remain in abeyance pending the return of Mr. Duryea, who is absent on a trip to the South. Shaw, in explanation of his riding on Dreamer, made a statement concerning that horse's peculiarities, which he alleged that Mr. Duryea would corroborate, and it remains for Mr. Duryea to confirm this and clear the rider of suspicion. The Stewards have decided to suspend Shaw until Mr. Duryea returns, and as the owner of Dreamer has planned a hunting expedition in Mississippi, Shaw will be on the ground for an indefinite period.

The sale of the fast two-year-old Lotus, one of the sensational horses of the Fall season, by W. R. Traver to C. E. Durnell, private terms, was announced yesterday at the Jamaica track. Lotus, a brown filly by Watercress-La Fleur, is the horse which made a sick Sarazen and supposed to be on the point of death, and which Mr. Burch declined to sell to J. E. Madden for $6,000, the offer having been made with the knowledge of Lotus's sickness, in the hope that she could be bought for a smaller price than the $15,000 set on her earlier in the season. The price paid for the filly by Trainer Durnell, who is supposed to have acted for John W. Gates, was not stated; but Mr. Burch persistently has declined to part with her for less than $15,000, and rumor has fixed the price at that figure.

Application has been made to The Jockey Club by J. L. Holland and John Frank of Albany, on behalf of the Island Park race track, near Albany, for dates for a race meeting next year, twelve days being requested. It is proposed by the club controlling the Island Park course to give a meeting next season between the Buffalo and Providence meetings, and the idea of a Northern circuit as an outlet for the excess of horses racing on the metropolitan tracks has been approved by The Jockey Club. It is believed that the plan of the Island Park Club will be carried out.

Following his finish in second place behind Kiamesha in the third race at Jamaica yesterday, First Mason bolted with the apprentice jockey Sewell and went once around the track on the course after having run a mile and a sixteenth. He threw Sewell at the far turn, but the boy hung to the bridle, and after a long delay got back to the scales and made his weight, the official decision being withheld until Sewell had weighed.

Keator, the post favorite for the Ravenswood Handicap at Jamaica yesterday, jumped on Aeronaut's heels in the turn for the stretch, and then stumbled and dropped out of the race himself, pulling up lame. Aeronaut was not seriously hurt.

Wotan, entered yesterday as the property of S. Daimel, ran in the first race in the name and colors of Albert Simons, trainer of the horse, to whom Wotan has been transferred.

The race run by Kiamesha at Jamaica yesterday, it has been decided by H. K. Knapp, her owner, will not necessarily be her last race of the season, as the filly seems to have just come to her best form and is fresh and full of vitality. No definite plans have been made, but, as Kiamesha is entered in several stakes to be run in the early part of the Aqueduct meeting, she may have her last race of the season there.

George Wheelock, President of the Metropolitan Turf Association, the bookmakers' organization which cambated the race tracks early in the season in the effort to secure official recognition, has stated his intention of resigning his office in the near future. Wheelock is said to have made a profit of nearly a million dollars in the single season of 1904. The stated cause of his wish to retire is ill-health.

Jockey "Willie" Knapp won just one-half of the racing programme at Jamaica yesterday, three winning mounts, all of them favorites, making up his day's work. His winners were Frontenac, in the first race, and Kiamesha and Benevolent, for the Oneck Stable, in their respective trials. In other races Knapp was once third and once unplaced.

STAR PUGH DEFEATED AT SPEEDWAY MATINEE

Susie G. Again Won from Pacing Rival in Fast Time.

CLOSE FINISHES THE ORDER

Baron de Shay Ran Away, but Captured the Trotting Feature from Invader and Kitty Wilkes.

The third of the fall series of matinee races under the auspices of the Road Drivers' Association was held yesterday on the Speedway. Eight events were on the card and several spirited contests were witnessed. With only two more matinees scheduled the competition for the silver trophies is becoming keen and interesting. Star Pugh and Susie G. in Class A pacing, are only one point apart, and Baron de Shay and Kitty Wilkes, the crack trotters, are close together. It is proposed to postpone the final matinee until Election Day so as to insure a big crowd of spectators and a good entry list.

Susie G. and Star Pugh furnished three exciting heats. Dr. Madara and Cascade also started. Susie G. led the first heat for half the distance when she broke and Star Pugh won by half a length from Dr. Madara, which made a strong bid at the finish. Susie G. was third, two lengths away. The second heat was one of the best contested during the afternoon. Star Pugh and Susie G. paced neck and neck the entire distance, the latter nosing out Star Pugh at the wire. The time, 1:02½, is the second best for the season. The third and deciding heat was confined to Susie G. and Star Pugh, the other two pacers being ruled out. It was a repetition of the preceding heat for three-quarters of the distance, when Star Pugh broke and Susie G. came on alone and won as she pleased.

In the first heat of the Class A trot, Baron de Shay and Invades finished first and second, but were set back for runing, the heat being given to Kitty Wilkes. Baron de Shay ran fully a mile up the Speedway before his driver could pull him up. The run did not affect his speed as he scored an easy victory in the second heat, with Kitty Wilkes second. With Invader ruled out in the third heat, Baron de Shay had no difficulty in winning again from Kitty Wilkes.

El Mora won the Class B trot in straight heats and Bow Rene secured first honors in Class C trot, after losing the second heat to Ortine. Gracie Pandit made a show of her field in the Class D trot. The field for Class B pacers was the biggest on the card, seven starters facing the flag. Don Riley was forced to trot 1:03 in the first heat to win. The second heat was a close one for the entire distance, Ogden Smith, which was leading fifty yards from home, broke in the final strides and Don Riley repeated in a neck and neck finish.

I. A. Hopper drove the winners in the other two pacing Classes, Bessie Thompson winning in straight heats and Bessie Reid taking two out of three heats in the last event on the card. Summaries:

Class A.—Trot.

Baron de Shay, b. g., (A. Phillips)			2	1 1
Kitty Wilkes, b. m., (William Scott)			1	2 2
Invader, b. g., (A. Crawford)			3	3 ro

Time—1:06; 1:05½; 10:08.

Class B.—Trot.

El Mora, blk. g., (Luke A. Burke)			1 1
Sprightly, b. g., (W. Lott)			2 dr

Time—1:09½; 1:04.

Class C.—Trot.

Bow Rene, b. g., (J. Steinberg)			1 2 1
Ortine, b. g., (J. F. Gibbons)			3 1 2
Rythmic, Jr., b. h., (G. H. Huber)			2 3 ro
Charles Brandon, b. g., (W. Cahill)			4 4 ro

Time—1:09½; 1:06¾; 1:07.

Class D.—Trot.

Gracie Plaudit, b. m., (G. H. Huber)			1 1
Miss James, b. m., (E. Stevens)			2 2
Dicker, b. g., (L. Fraissinet)			4 4

Time—1:10; 1:09¼.

Class A.—Pace.

Susie G., blk. m., (J. H. Campbell)			3 1 1
Star Pugh, ch. g., (C. S. Rice)			1 2 2
Dr. Madara, ch. g., (A. Phillips)			2 4 ro
Cascade, br. g., (E. J. La Place)			4 3 ro

Time—1:03; 1:02½; 1:04¾.

Class B.—Pace.

Don Riley, b. g., (A. Phillips)			1 1
Mercury Wilkes, ch. g., (F. G. Schmidt)			2 4
Ogden Smith, blk. g., (J. W. Smith)			4 2
Lady Direct, blk m., (Percy Gill)			3 3
Precious, ch. m., (J. L. Dodge)			6 5
Leo T., ch. g., (John Kehoe)			7 6
Mush, b. g., (J. Foody)			5 dr

Time—1:03; 1:03¾.

Class C.—Pace.

Bessie Thompson, b. m., (I. A. Hopper)			1 1
Alice Drake, blk. m., (Andrew Cone)			2 4
King Tom, ch. g., (C. Hackett)			5 2
Lady Glenn, blk. m., (J. Dodge)			4 3
David Muscovite, blk. h., (T. G. Hindes)			3 5

Time—1:04½; 1:04.

Class D.—Pace.

Bessie Reid, b. m., (I. A. Hopper)			1 4 1
Merry Lou, b. m., (Dr. Dolphin)			4 1 2
Harry Van, ch. g., (G. H. Huber)			2 2 ro
Pioneer, Jr., b. g., (E. Stevens)			3 3 ro

Time—1:06½; 1:06½; 1:09½.

Harness Racers at Nashua.

NASHUA, N. H., Oct. 26.—The two races on the card at the local track to-day were both unfinished, neither favorite coming up to expectations. Summary:

2:09 Pace, Purse $400, (unfinished.)—Aintree won first and fourth heats in 2:12¾, 2:13. Forester won second heat in 2:11¾. Red Line won third heat in 2:14¾. Gloria and Darius also started.

2:16 Pace, Purse $400, (unfinished.)—Cutler, Jr., won first and second heats in 2:19¼, 2:17¾. X-Ray won third heat in 2:16¼. Direct Mac, Dr. Rand, Vina Ines, Sheldon Corthell, Nat H., and Bothany also started.

Automobile Notes of Interest.

Chairman Robert Lee Morrell of the Racing Board of the American Automobile Association is anxiously awaiting a letter from the Automobile Club of France regarding the disposition of the Vanderbilt Cup, which was won by Hemery in his Darracq car. Word has been received that a letter is on its way, and as soon as it is received a committee meeting will be called to discuss its terms, if necessary, and make some preliminary plan for the race next year if it should appear that the contest will be held here.

A. R. Shattuck, Chairman of the Good Roads Committee of the Automobile Club of America, has sent a circular letter to members of the club reminding them that the amendment authorizing the bonding of the State for $50,000,000 for the building and improvement of roads will come before the voters for action on election day. Mr. Shattuck advises all lovers of good roads to vote in favor of the constitutional amendment, as it stipulates the use of a definite sum for a long term of years.

An automobile garage has been installed at the Wykagyl Country Club, near New Rochelle. The club laid out an excellent golf course early in the season, and so many members this year have driven to the grounds in the motor cars that the establishment of a garage became a necessity. Many members now store their cars in the club garage. A competent mechanician and chauffeur, who is a graduate of one of the New York automobile schools, has been secured to take charge of the garage.

Ernest R. Partridge, Vice President and General Manager of the Decauville Automobile Company, sailed for Paris yesterday on the steamer Amerika. Mr. Partridge goes abroad to oversee the preparation of Decauville cars for the forthcoming shows. While in Paris he will also attend to the establishment of the Paris branch of the American company, which has been rendered necessary by the large number of cars owned by Americans who are touring through or living in Europe.

The first consignment of three carloads of Franklin cars has been received by the Decauville Automobile Company, and the local metropolitan agents for the Franklin car. The cars include runabouts and large and small touring cars. The new limousines have not yet been received, though many orders have been placed.

The 40 horse power Decauville racer, with which Guy Vaughn has won so many races during the last three years, and which was the car used in the making of the 1,000-mile and the 24-hour record by Vaughn at the Empire track this year, has been sold to Dr. A. F. Morris of this city. He will use the car in beach and track races in the future.

MEMBERS OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

They will find something of special interest to them in the beautiful PICTORIAL SECTION of THE NEW YORK SUNDAY TIMES next Sunday. A word to the wise.—Adv.

A new blend of Gibson's Old Rye Whiskey has just been put on the market by Moore & Sinnott, the distillers.

It is called

Gibson's

"Record"

Rye

It is for sale at all the leading Hotels and Cafés; and by all dealers.

Try It!

FOOTBALL EXPERTS FIGURE ON UPSETS

Keenest Interest in To-morrow's Games on the Gridiron.

COLUMBIA MEN CONFIDENT

But Princeton Expects to Win by Good Score—Yale at West Point—Can Indians Beat Penn?

The keenest interest is being displayed in the games scheduled for to-morrow on the gridiron. At Columbia there appears to be a growing confidence not only in the ability of the team to hold Princeton to a low score and to tally itself, but also in the possibility of a victory for the Blue and White. Unless some startling advances have been made in the secret practice during the past week, it is hard to see wherein the confidence arises. By all signs shown in the previous games of the two elevens, the Tigers should win by a score of over 20 to 0, if they present their full strength.

Coach Edwards of the Princeton team was in town yesterday morning, and said that it was the intention of the coaches to play the best men at the start of the game and give them a thorough workout. Aside from the prominence of the game itself, they considered this necessary to prepare for the Cornell game next week, which they regard as almost as severe a test as that against Yale.

The line will be played as it was against Lafayette, with the exception of the transposition of the two guards. It is hoped Brashear will be able to go in at end, though, should he not be, Fryer will be given a chance. Tenney will go back to quarter back at the start of the game, while Bard and Simons will start as half backs. This is the best team the Orange and Black can show in the present condition of the men.

Columbia may present the same line-up as against Amherst, with the single exception of quarter back, where there is a strong probability that Collins will play. The coachers have not yet announced their decision on this point.

The West Point game with Yale is sharing the attention of the college men with the American League Park match. The Yalesmen have been working like Trojans to avoid the defects in the defensive play shown in the trial with Penn State. It is safe to say that with the grilling they have received during the past six days they will play much better football. It is likely that Heckenberger will replace Erwin at end. The chances are the Blue line will do better at stopping West Point's line drives than did Harvard, with the additional preparation Ell has had, but there are fears expressed that Yale may try a fast end running play hook with Yale on account of the weakness of right end, where Cates is far from up to standard. At the Military Academy there is a quiet feeling of confidence and determination that augurs well for the team's success.

There is a bigger chance of an upset in Philadelphia than anywhere else. The demoralizing effect of Draper's disqualification after the offensive and defensive system was built around his great ability can only be appreciated by those in close touch with the team's work. The successive loss of five of the Quakers' best men makes the chance of any success for the Red and Blue extremely unlikely in any of the big games.

The Carlisle Indians have made a great showing this year. They have scored the highest total of points of any team in the East and have met fairly strong competitors. They made a better showing against Penn State than did Yale. The team is in perfect physical condition, has good ends, a safe ground and to defend equally well, and is fairly strong in kicking.

Nothing is expected of the game at Cambridge between Harvard and Brown, despite the Crimson's supposed worriment. There is more chance of something interesting developing at Annapolis, where the strong Swarthmore team plays. If the "Middies" can keep up their pace against this team they will show greater strength than they have had for three years.

The Columbia eleven had the last hard practice before meeting the Tigers yesterday afternoon. The scrub and 'Varsity scrimmaged for about an hour and neither side succeeded in scoring. According to the statement of Coach Smith, Carter may play in the game, but the matter has not been definitely decided as yet. According to one of the coaches, the matter rests entirely with him. He must pass off another condition to be eligible.

Considerable Columbia money has been sent to Princeton and covered at odds of 3 to 1 by the Tiger supporters. A number of bets have also been made on the score, the Princetonians wagering that they would tally three times.

As the contest will be the first that Princeton has played in New York in a number of years, the game is attracting unusual attention, and the demand for seats has nearly swamped the office of the manager of the team, Gerald B. Churchill. It is feared there will not be seating capacity sufficient to accommodate the crowd.

Princeton yesterday wound up her hard work preliminary to the Columbia game. The Tigers showed a marked progress in team work, and their heavy rushes were very effective. The practice was remarkably free of fumbling. During the first half the 'Varsity literally ripped up the scrub, and went down the field at will, making long gains on each formation. Bard and Daub started at half, but were later relieved by Simons and Hamil, who put up a fine game. Cooney was again in his position, and Waller played centre. Otis went to full back, as McCormick is in the infirmary with an abscess. Herring has not been able to resume right tackle, and there is considerable doubt as to whether he can be utilized against Columbia. O'Brien was at end, and played splendidly.

Yale took her final practice yesterday before leaving for West Point. The 'Varsity scored twice on sharp and snappy attacks on the strongest scrub that could be mustered. The line, composed of Cates and Shevlin, ends; Forbes and Bigelow, tackles; Hockenberger and Tripp, guards; Flanders, centre, then faced the scrubs, strengthened by two extra backs and by Edgar Glass, who were unable to make much progress, though Linn rounded Cates's end for a touchdown.

To-night the team leaves for New York, where they will stop at the Murray Hill Hotel, going on to West Point in the morning.

Harvard had open practice on Soldiers Field yesterday. The eleven has taken a big stride forward and it showed it plainly, putting up a strong game both offensively and defensively. Three touchdowns were scored in two fifteen-minute periods of play.

The most encouraging feature of the day was the return to the scrimmage of Pierce, the big guard, who has been laid by with a broken wrist, and Guild, fullback, who has had a bad collarbone. Both put up a strong fight. Pierce will strengthen the weak right side of the line, with Knowlton at tackle and MacDonald at end.

Another feature of the play was the introduction of a tackles back formation. Both Brill and Knowlton rushed with the ball in this formation and made substantial gains. In the scrimmage Nesmith made a 35-yard end run, while Newhall gave one of the prettiest exhibitions of dodging seen this year in returning a punt. He shook off at least ten players and was finally downed by Coach Brown.

The New York University football team resumed practice yesterday. Capt. Cragin will not be able to play again for a week, owing to a badly injured knee. Counell has been laid up with a sprained ankle, but will in all probability be in the game against Stevens. The men are confident of trouncing the Jerseyites on Saturday.

Manager John Hinchliffe of the Fordham University team announces that the Middleburg College of Vermont has cancelled its game with Fordham, which was scheduled for Saturday. Negotiations are pending for a game either with Union College or the Amherst "Aggies."

OPPOSED TO ROUGH FOOTBALL

President of Johns Hopkins University Says It Should Be Discountenanced.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 26.—President Remsen of Johns Hopkins University to-day expressed himself in favor of college athletics when ruled by the spirit of fair play.

"I am not opposed to football as a game," he said, "though I take little personal interest in it. I do think, however, that football is peculiarly open to a number of unfair practices which I regard as very reprehensible to say, such violation of fair play as slugging purposely, injuring an opponent, and every form of intentional roughness. I am unalterably opposed to this. Such things not only endanger life and limbs, but degrade the moral sense of the players as well. I once had a conversation upon the subject with a well-known football player.

"'Is it true,' I asked of him, 'that in football certain actions directly contrary to the rules of the game, such as slugging, are not regarded with disapproval so long as the offender is not detected? He admitted that it was true. 'Then,' said I, 'football played thus is an infamous game.'

"I have no reason to believe, however, that such practices are countenanced in most colleges. Certainly they are not countenanced here."

FORDHAM'S FALL GAMES.

Cassasa Won Three Events and Was Second in Two More.

The annual Fall interclass games of Fordham University were held yesterday at Fordham Field, before a large crowd of the students and many other spectators, who were delighted with the showing made by the wearers of the maroon. Separate events for the Fordham High School also were held. Cassasa was the star performer of the day, winning the 220-yard dash, the shot put, and the broad high jump, and finishing second in the 100-yard dash and in the high jump. Silver medals were awarded to the first and bronze to the second students in each event. Summary:

SENIOR EVENTS.

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Hoyt, 1907. (4½ yards;) Cassasa, 1908, second; (scratch,) second; Tracey, 1908, (5 yards,) third. Time—0:10 3-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by Cassasa, 1908, (scratch;) Tracey, 1908, (0 yards,) second; John Hinchliffe, 1907, (10 yards,) third. Time—0:24.

880-Yard Dash.—Won by Rherman, 1908, (50 yards;) McChristie, 1908, (85 yards,) second; Fallon, 1906, (65 yards,) third. Time—2:08.

JUNIOR EVENTS.

75-Yard Dash.—Won by Tomey, 1908, Prep., Seitz, 1903, Prep., second; Zimmer, 1908, Prep., third. Time—0:07 3-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by Cornell, 1908, Prep.; Grady, 1909, Prep., second; Monroe, 1909, Prep., third. Time—0:24 2-5.

880-Yard Dash.—Won by Davies, 1907, Prep., Grady, 1908, Prep., second; Paine, 1908, Prep., third. Time—2:40.

High Jump, Scratch.—Won by Colell, 1908; Cassasa, 1908, second; Barry, 1907, third. Height, 5 feet 3 inches.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, Scratch.—Won by Cassasa, 1908; Daly, 1908, second; Thompson, 1906, third. Distance, 36 feet.

Broad Jump, Scratch.—Won by Cassasa, 1908; Tomey, 1908, second; William Barry, 1908, third. Distance, 19 feet.

COST OF AUTO RUNNING PUT TO SEVERE TEST

Prizes Offered for Cars That Beat Railroad Rates.

SIX DAYS' CONTEST PLANNED

Fourteen Machines to Start Monday for Philadelphia—Strong Rule on Speed Regulations.

An additional entry was received yesterday for the National economy test, to be held next week by the New York Motor Club, bringing the total number of cars up to fourteen that are now ready to start in the initial run to Philadelphia. The Contest Committee met last night at the headquarters of the club in the Hotel Cumberland. The members are A. L. McMurtry, Chairman; W. J. P. Moore, M. L. Downs, Frank J. Griffin, Dr. C

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TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26.—The demand for investment securities was fairly good today. In the stock list Houston Oil common declined ½ and Continental Trust a point. Maryland and Pennsylvania incomes were the feature at the second call, gaining a point. Sparrow's Point 4½s rose ½. Norfolk Railways and Light 5s and Anacostia and Potomac 5s were each a quarter higher.

Seaboard new second preferred declined ¼ to 57¾, making a net loss for the day of ½ point. Western Maryland stock lost ⅜ for the day. The close was dull, and there was an easier tone in the issues recently active.

Shares, 1,804; bonds, $116,800.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,800	Balt. C. 3½s, (1930)	107¼	107¼	107¼
4,000	Atl. Coast Line 4s	101½	101½	101½
1,000	At. & Char. 1st 7s	105½	105½	105½
1,000	Carolina Central 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
27,000	Md. & Penn. Inc.	63	62¾	63
1,000	Seaboard 4s	89¾	89¾	89¾
10,000	Seaboard 3-year 5s	100½	100½	100¾
2,000	Western Maryland 4s	88	88	88
2,000	Am. & Potomac 5s	105¾	105¾	105¾
2,000	R. S. P. & C. 4½s	95¾	95¾	95¾
3,000	City & Suburban 5s	114¾	114¾	114¾
100	Norfolk Ry. & L. 5s	100	100	100
15,000	Norfolk Ry. & L. 5s	97¼	97	97¼
2,000	United Railways 4s	92¾	92½	92½
6,000	United Railways inc.	65¾	65¼	65¾
1,000	Balt. Consol. 5s	90	90	90
24,000	Breweries inc.	34¾	34¾	34¾
4,000	Md. Telephone 5s	98	98	98

STOCKS.

1,200	Seaboard 2d pf.	57¾	57¾	57¾
400	Western Maryland	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
10	United Railways	15	15	15
20	Continental Trust	177	177	177
10	Merchants' Bank	180	180	180
24	Breweries	9¼	9¼	9¼
200	Houston Oil	7	7	7

Financial Notes.

Eight shares of Bank of Commerce stock sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday at 200, 23 shares at 199¾, and 100 shares at 199.

James W. Wallace, President of the Central Trust Company, has been elected a Director of the Pressed Steel Car Company to succeed the late George S. Macklin. John H. Regan has been elected Assistant Secretary.

William A. Porter has retired from the Vice Presidency of the E. W. Bliss Company, his place being supplied by Frank C. B. Page. William J. Grinden Succeeds Arthur T. Porter, who retires as Second Vice President, and F. M. Leavitt has been elected a Director.

Poor's Manual of Railroads for 1905 has been issued. It shows that the heaviest railroad construction of 1904 was in the Southwest, where 1,716 miles of road were built. This number compares with 25 miles built in New England. The new issue of Poor's Directory of Railroad Officials also appeared yesterday.

Santa Fe Directors Re-elected.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 26.—At the annual meeting of the Santa Fé stockholders to-day the old Board of Directors was re-elected without a contest.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Lower; Call Money Rates, 3@4 Per Cent.

Market Declines on the Russian Disorders—Grain Markets Advance.

After the first hour of trading in yesterday's stock market the movement of prices became extremely confused with advances in such issues as Delaware and Hudson and Chicago and Northwestern, and fractional declines in many of the active stocks and extreme breaks in the Metropolitan shares. Late in the day the general list developed weakness, which increased to the close, when losses running from fractions to 2 points were the rule, save in the special issues mentioned, which managed to retain portions of their earlier gains. The market gave plain evidence of uncertainty as to the outcome of the strikes in Russia, and near the close of the day this was intensified by reports on the floor of the Stock Exchange that gold had been engaged for export. Foreign dispatches were by no means reassuring in their reports on the Russian situation, telling as they did of the spread of the revolutionist propaganda and of the extreme measures adopted by the police to crush the movement. The Paris market opened weak as a result of this situation, and in the curb market in London, after the close of the Stock Exchange, there were reported fairly heavy sales of securities for Continental account. Russian bonds were down well over a point in London and the general market was heavy. From Paris there were received cables repeating the rumors afloat in banking circles in that city that the Russian disorders would delay the issue of the Russian loan, but beyond these rumors bankers here had no information regarding the matter.

The rumors of engagements of gold for export were not borne out, and probably arose from the fact that an inquiry regarding supplies of the metal was made at the Assay Office. Demand sterling, however, touched 4.8710 during the day, and with the quotation little more than 25 points from the gold point the possibilities in the situation are forcibly brought home to the market. A serious extension of the Russian disturbance might have no little effect on the exchange market. Any inducements by the Bank of France, such as it has often offered, would unquestionably lead to exports.

The untoward conditions in Russia had direct reflection yesterday in the grain markets, where May wheat rose 2 cents and corn nearly 1 cent. On the Cotton Exchange prices fell sharply, the Government's ginning figures being accepted, for the time being at least, as indicating a crop well up to the average if nothing more. Money rates were again easy, and abroad there was little change in discounts. The Bank of England reported reserves at 40¼ per cent. against 43¼ per cent. a week ago, but made no change in its rate. The German Bank return disclosed a strengthened position. An interesting development of the day was the letting of contracts for 21,000 cars for the New York Central lines, it being understood that some 9,000 additional cars will be ordered within a day or so. This is most acceptable proof of confidence in the duration of the present prosperity.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Butte Electric and Power Co.
New Central Coal Co. of Maryland.

NEAR GOLD EXPORT POINT.

Foreign Exchange Rises and Shipments Are Talked Of.

The foreign exchange market rose yesterday to within a small fraction of the point at which gold exports could be arranged. Rumors were current in Wall Street that engagements of gold for export had actually been made, but these reports proved unfounded. At least one inquiry, however, was made at the Assay Office for gold bars, and it was said in some quarters that an export movement was likely to being very soon. Demand sterling rose here as high as 4.8710, reacting about 10 points before the close, though retaining a firm tone. In Paris sterling exchange closed weak at 25f. 15c. A decline of another centime in Paris or a quarter of a cent advance here would be sufficient to send out gold.

Heavy maturities of finance bills continue to be the dominant factor in the exchange market. Foreign bankers are said to be indisposed to make advances to our bankers over the beginning of the year, owing to possible end of the year requirements.

LEATHER DIVIDEND PASSED.

Need of More Capital for Operating Expenses Given as the Reason.

The Directors of the American Hide and Leather Company passed yesterday the dividend on the company's preferred stock as forecasted in THE TIMES yesterday. This suspension of the dividends on the stock comes within a year of the first dividend, which was announced last January. The need of increased working capital was assigned as the reason for the passing of the dividend. This official announcement was issued after yesterday's meeting:

"Owing to the present high ruling price of raw material, which requires considerable additional capital to operate to the company, it was the sense of the board that it is for the best interest of the company to use the earnings in the operation of its business."

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance	$131,594,809
Gold coin and bullion	75,729,902
Gold certificates	42,845,420
Silver coin and bullion	4,311,201
Silver certificates	4,484,501
United States notes	7,359,224
Treasury notes of 1890	27,995
National bank notes	11,440,367
Total receipts this month	42,719,701
Total receipts this year	180,734,426
Total expenditures this month	48,690,000
Total expenditures this year	206,248,047

The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS TO REDEEM OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES.

Gold coin	$324,876,989
Silver dollars	471,611,000
Silver dollars of 1890	8,659,000
Total	$1,010,146,989
General fund	155,427,501
Deposits in National banks	63,145,532
In Philippine Treasury	4,437,948
Awaiting redemption	91,987
Current liabilities	$3,211,794

Once Ousted, Again Controls Company.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 26.—At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors of the Guardian Trust Company yesterday, A. E. Stilwell was elected Chairman of the Executive Board, thus placing him in control of the company, from which he was ousted several years ago after a controversy over a loan of $500,000 to the Kansas City Southern Railway, of which John W. Gates was then the leading spirit. William S. Taylor of Philadelphia was elected President and Walter Hinchman, E. C. Wright, and William Waterall were chosen Directors.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 3@4 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 4 per cent.

Time money rates, 5 per cent. for sixty days to four months, and 4½ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@5½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable and choice four to six months' single names, and 6 per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $319,340,737; balances, $11,960,008. The Sub-Treasury debit balance was $319,038.

Foreign exchange was strong. Nominal rates were $4.83½ for sixty days and $4.87¼ for demand. Rates for actual business were as follows: Sixty days, $4.8333; demand, $4.87; cables, $4.8700; commercial bills, $4.82¾@4.83⅛.

Commercial bills were quoted: Francs, 5.19¾ and 5.16¾; reichsmarks, 94½ and 95 9-16; guilders, 39⅝@39 15-16 and 40 1-16.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par. Chicago—Par @10c discount. New Orleans—Commercial, 50c discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, 2½c; telegraphic, 5c. Cincinnati—Par. St. Louis—25@10c discount.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Money was in good demand and short supply in the market to-day. Discounts hardened. Much business went to the Bank of England.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was inactive. First-class securities were dull, owing to the monetary position and unfavorable Bank return. Consols were easier. Home rails were in continuous demand and improved substantially.

Americans opened dull and mostly lower, especially Chesapeake & Ohio, on New York realizations. They remained unsettled and inactive, with several stocks below parity, though there was no pressure to sell here.

Canadians were depressed at the opening. Later they rallied slightly, and closed dull and below the best quotations of the day.

Foreigners were irregular. Japanese were firmer. Russians were weak, on the strike situation.

Japanese imperial 6s of 1904 were quoted at 102.

Bar silver dull at 28⅜d per ounce.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Madrid, 28.35; Lisbon, 5.50.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between New York equivalents and the previous New York closing:

	London Closing Yesterday.	N. Y. Equiva-lent.	Previous N. Y. Closing.	Net Change.
Consols, money	88⅝	...	...	3-16
Consols, account	88 7-16	...	...	3-16
Anaconda	6¼	110¼	110¾	— ½
Atchison	90⅝	88¼	88⅝	— ⅜
Can. Pacific	176¼	171½	172¾	— 1½
St. Paul	180	180⅝	181½	— ⅝
Erie	50	48¾	49	— ⅝
Erie 1st pf.	83¾	81¼	81¾	— ½
Illinois Central	184⅜	179½	180½	— ⅞
Louis. & Nash.	156⅜	153⅜	152⅜	...
N. Y. Central	156½	152¼	152½	...
Pennsylvania	74½	145	145	— ½
Reading	65	126⅜	126½	— ½
Southern Pacific	73½	71¼	71⅜	— ⅛
Union Pacific	137⅞	133¾	134¼	— ⅜
U. S. Steel	39¼	38½	38⅝	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	157½	104½	105	— ½

American Mining Stocks in London.

The following prices for American mining stocks were received from London yesterday:

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	15	7½	Esperanza		3	9
Tomboy	1	12	0	Dolores		2	0
El Oro	1	17	6	Stratton's Ind.		9	0

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—Prices on the Bourse to-day opened weak, owing to fear that the conclusion of the new Russian loan will be delayed. Later the market was somewhat stronger.

Russian imperial 4s were quoted at 92.50 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 527.

Three per cent. rentes, 90f 62½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 15¼c for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—There were no pronounced changes on the Bourse to-day. Americans were slightly weaker.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 40½ pfennigs for checks.

Discount rates: Short bills, 4 per cent.; three months' bills, 4¼ per cent.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve decreased £187,000; circulation decreased £52,000; bullion decreased £239,440; other securities increased £3,534,000; other deposits decreased £490,000; public deposits increased £3,850,000; notes reserve decreased £153,000; Government securities decreased £10,000.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 40.17 per cent., compared with 43.21 per cent. last week.

The rate of discount of the Bank of England remained unchanged to-day at 4 per cent.

BANK OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand increased 47,060,000 marks; treasury notes increased 1,120,000 marks; other securities decreased 79,580,000 marks; notes in circulation decreased 62,040,000 marks.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation	*55,000,000
Treasury deposits	*57,775,000
General deposits	*23,300,000
Gold in hand	*2,350,000
Bills discounted	*6,025,000

*Decrease. †Increase.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1905.	1904.	1903.
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—			
Mileage	818	929	929
2d week October	$185,751	$166,628	$164,960
From July 1	2,071,695	2,324,824	2,058,666
IOWA CENTRAL—			
Mileage	558	558	558
3d week October	64,634	64,458	46,075
From July 1	874,153	795,900	746,746
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
Mileage	3,073	3,854	3,612
3d week October	804,615	831,560	775,935
From July 1	12,901,436	11,980,932	11,403,464
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—			
Mileage	642	642	642
3d week October	86,210	73,844	69,553
From July 1	1,417,763	1,125,005	980,904
TEXAS & PACIFIC—			
Mileage	1,827	1,767	1,754
3d week October	248,792	293,949	247,318
From Jan. 1	8,329,782	8,021,727	8,891,383
ATCHISON for September—			
Mileage	8,428	8,300	8,047
Gross	6,457,832	6,156,340	5,870,813
Expenses	3,852,167	3,556,188	3,381,701
Net	2,605,665	2,600,152	2,489,112
Tax and rent	196,028	193,882	189,785
Surplus	2,409,637	2,404,270	2,299,327
9 months, gross	18,109,771	16,345,511	16,852,139
Expenses	11,500,382	10,474,620	10,248,969
3 months, net	6,609,395	5,868,891	6,604,050
Tax and rent	586,620	580,432	528,998
3 months, surp.	6,042,705	5,288,459	6,075,082
HOCKING VALLEY for September—			
Gross earnings	589,445	549,113	568,898
Exp. and taxes	341,353	344,171	353,051
Net earnings	248,092	204,942	215,845
Other income	4,598	14,093	7,586
Total income	252,690	219,035	223,770
Charges	64,060	75,120	76,196
Surplus	188,625	143,914	147,573
Gross, 3 months	1,670,229	1,714,092	1,722,452
Exp. and taxes	1,017,207	1,008,827	1,050,701
Net, 3 months	653,022	705,265	671,751
Other income	13,494	39,298	25,471
Total income	666,516	744,563	697,160
Charges	200,081	185,850	235,377
Surplus, 3 mos.	466,433	529,977	461,783
IOWA CENTRAL for September—			
Gross earnings	249,227	228,761	210,080
Exp. and taxes	198,621	198,636	167,178
Net earnings	50,616	30,125	42,902
Other income	4,763	4,982	655
Total income	54,870	35,107	43,557
Gross, 3 m nths	695,997	690,323	607,483
Exp. and taxes	548,253	548,136	476,522
Net, 3 months	147,749	92,348	131,231
Other income	18,373	18,133	14,974
Total income	160,615	106,481	146,298
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS for September—			
Gross earnings	262,911	274,377	269,853
Exp. and taxes	138,902	162,149	153,338
Net earnings	124,009	112,228	116,487
Other income	12,024	9,428	7,222
Total income	175,943	121,656	123,709
Gross, 3 months	803,150	775,037	781,178
Exp. and taxes	536,360	470,807	464,958
Net, 3 months	429,206	301,140	316,180
Other income	36,484	29,600	28,551
Total income	467,740	331,100	255,193

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

"I see," said a disgruntled trader yesterday, "that a bull movement has started in Distillers Securities, the whisky stock. I don't wonder at that. This market is enough to drive us to drink."

***

The perplexities of the professional trading element are increasing. The market's speculative moods change so rapidly that it is almost impossible to anticipate fluctuations. The average professional trader deals more in fluctuations than in stocks or values. He cares very little about values. There is this peculiarity about the market, that when it gets suddenly weak it looks as if it were going to fall all to pieces, and then, an hour later, when it is strong again, the bull side seems irresistible. It has been a very treacherous market in that way. Traders, almost in spite of themselves, sell it when it is weak and buy it when it is strong, and get whipsawed both ways. For those who disregard small fluctuations and play only to catch the swings of the market, the situation is equally confusing, owing to the manner in which influential banking opinion is divided. It has been so for some time. There is no longer any pretense of concealing the fact that powerful banking interests are arrayed on opposite sides of the market. They have been coming more and more into the open, becoming more and more outspoken in their views, and in at least one instance there has been evidence of heavy cross-firing in a stock hitherto controlled absolutely by one group of financiers. The stock is Union Pacific.

***

Up to this point the bull interests have been able to control the situation. They held the market without a serious break in spite of an 8 per cent. call money rate several weeks ago, and resumed operations for the rise aggressively last week, when money became a little easier. It is noteworthy that the same conservative banking authorities who so far have been right in their money market predictions do not change their opinion in the least. They insist that a 4 per cent. rate for call money is temporary.

***

When gold imports began last September, bullish enthusiasts predicted that the movement would not stop short of $50,000,000. We imported in all less than $9,000,000, and now Wall Street contemplates the possibility of gold exports in the near future. An inquiry for exportable gold was made at the Assay Office yesterday.

***

The market made an erratic exhibition of strength in the early trading yesterday. The features were stocks like Reading, American Smelting and Refining, American Locomotive, Delaware and Hudson, and specialties generally. American Smelting, Delaware and Hudson, and American Locomotive touched new high records. Brokers reported, as on Wednesday, that there was continuous pressure on the general list. London was a heavy seller of Union Pacific. The United States Steel shares were distinctly heavy even in the forenoon. Metropolitan Street Railway suffered a further decline to 120¾, but the weakness of that stock had apparently ceased to be a matter of general concern. In the afternoon the whole market turned weak and declined more or less steadily after 1 o'clock. There was no recovery in the last hour. The selling tended rather to increase in volume, especially in Union Pacific, which declined to 132⅞ in the last few minutes of trading and closed at the lowest eighth. The United States Steel stocks also closed at the bottom. A good deal of speculative selling in the late afternoon was influenced by rumors of gold exports and uneasiness over the state of things in Russia.

***

Omaha stock became unusually active yesterday morning, advancing to 193¾. It fell back sharply in the afternoon and closed at 191. Northwestern simultaneously advanced 5 points, to 224½. It has been rumored several times that Omaha stock would be exchanged share and share for Northwestern, and the report, naturally, was revived yesterday. There may be some basis for it. There is a disparity of nearly 30 points between the two stocks.

***

The leadership of such stocks as Reading and American Smelting does not help the general market much. In that capacity they have been without influence on this occasion as they have been at previous times. Each stock has its following. Both are easily advanced, owing to the manner in which the floating supply is controlled. The general market, however, disregards their movements. The trading in American Smelting is confined almost entirely to a limited number of houses and individuals, and is always the same. In Reading the case is similar. Activity attracts a certain amount of professional interest, and with the assistance of traders a market is made, but the speculation never becomes really broad in either stock. The position of American Smelting is probably stronger than that of Reading. Those who control the movements of American Smelting own nearly all of the stock and believe in it as an investment. What they do in the market is incidental. It is imaginable, on the other hand, that the bull crowd in Reading would like to have a market on which to distribute stock.

***

The tape has yet to explain why the high market valuation placed upon Reading common is not reflected in the price of Baltimore and Ohio stock.

***

The position of Union Pacific is an inexhaustible source of speculative interest. The reasons for this lie beneath the surface. The stock has not been a very prominent feature of the market recently. The transactions on this price level have been attracting attention, not for their volume, but because of the diversity of their origin. It is rumored persistently that the Morgan people have been accumulating the stock, and that it has been supplied to them freely by those who control the property. This has been going on, or is supposed to have been going on, for some time, and if such a situation as Wall Street imagines does actually exist, a contest for control of the market in Union Pacific would be the logical outcome. Persons who believe themselves to be well informed in the matter are a little apprehensive as to the outcome. There has been evidence of conflicting operations in Union Pacific for a month or more. The stock has been well sold very steadily and at the same time heavily bought, but not in a manner characteristic of manipulation. There was evidence on Wednesday of strong accumulation. Yesterday the stock was heavily and aggressively sold on the decline to 132⅞.

***

Before the April decline in the general market (a very violent decline) there were rumors of a contest in Union Pacific corresponding exactly to those which are now in circulation. It was no secret then that a group of financiers controlling the Union Pacific property had sold a great deal of stock above 130, and it was freely predicted that they would never be able to get it back. They did get it back. Union Pacific declined to about 116 before the thing was over. It was thought then that the Morgan people had been accumulating the stock on an extensive scale, and it looked for a while as if a point would be reached beyond which the insiders would not dare lose any more of it.

***

The selling movement in the Rock Island issues stopped abruptly yesterday. In offices where traders had been selling the stocks freely on Wednesday the inquiry was anxiously made: "What's the matter with Rock Island to-day?" Instead of wanting to know why the stock had declined, everybody demanded to know yesterday why it did not go on declining. Once during the day a broker sent in, at the request of some clients who were short of the stock, to find what kind of market there was for it. The report came back from the floor that two specialists were keeping the market and that the stock was quoted 30¾ bid, 30⅞ asked.

WABASH DEFICIT, $1,459,372.

Most of It Due to Additions, Repairs, and Improvements.

The report of the Wabash Railroad for the year ended June 30, made public yesterday, shows that the operation of the road this past year resulted in a deficit of $1,459,372. Gross earnings showed an increase of $1,672,978, operating expenses an increase of $2,819,085, and net earnings a decrease of $1,146,962.

The heavy additions to operating expenses, which account in large measure for the year's deficit, were due chiefly to numerous extraordinary expenses charged to operation. It is this policy of including in operating expenses large sums for improvements and betterments that has been advanced by the debenture bondholders as the basis of their demand for interest on their bonds.

The gross and net earnings and the disposition made of income for the past year compared with the figures for 1904 were as follows:

	1905.	1904.
Total revenue	$25,434,940	$23,513,332
Expenses of operation, taxes, rentals, &c.	22,089,940	19,250,873
	$3,344,000	$4,262,459
Interest on bonds	3,468,372	3,002,422
Net revenue	†$123,372	$1,170,036
Additions to property	656,862	591,446
	$780,435	$578,590
Sink. fund, ac. new equip.	678,930	459,299
	$1,459,372	$119,291
Div. deb. "A" bonds	.....	105,000
Def. to prof. and loss.	$1,459,372	*$14,291

*Surplus. †Deficit.

The increase in the road's operating expenses was about evenly divided between the cost of conducting transportation and the cost of maintenance of equipment. An important item in transportation cost was an increase of $330,105 in the amount paid as damages for injuries to individuals. The amount paid for loss and damage to property increased by $105,214. The year's expenditures for extraordinary repairs and for improvements and additions were $1,450,471. This amount is only about $9,000 less than the deficit shown in the income account.

The road's earnings from passenger traffic were $8,917,828, compared with $7,045,525 the previous year. This large increase is accounted for chiefly by the increase in travel on the road due to the St. Louis Exposition. The number of passengers carried one mile increased by 165,285,650.

The report gives the details of the Wabash's operating contract with the American Car and Foundry Company covering 1,200 cars of various types. Payments for these cars are being made on a mileage basis, and will be completed in July, 1909, after which the cars will belong to the Wabash Railroad. The sum of $86,337 was paid on this account during the year.

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 28⅞d per ounce and in New York at 62¾c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 48c.

On the Consolidated Exchange, 300 shares of Chollar sold at .17, 100 Consolidated California and Virginia at 1.75, 2,000 Comstock at .00½, 4,000 Comstock bonds at .11@.12, 500 Diamond Field at .24, 500 Isabella at .27, 400 Jumbo at .76, 500 Little Chief at .08, 300 Mexican at 1.40, 50 Ontario, assessment paid, at 2.50, 100 Sandstorm at .45@.46@.44, 200 Union Consolidated at .53.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—New York exchange was 5c discount. Time and call loans, 4@5 per cent.

Pressure on the stock of Swift & Co. developed in such magnitude to-day that the stock during the morning session on the local Exchange fell to 105½, the new low record price for the year. Early in September the stock sold at 110¾. The former low price of the year was 106, made in February, while the high price of 114 was made in January, about the time of the publication of the annual report.

Among other developments in local securities, one of interest was the sale of Canal and Dock at 65 in the face of semi-official statements concerning the negotiations for the sale of land of the company to the Iroquois Iron Company in the Calumet district. In the afternoon the stock, on assurances of the sale, jumped to 70. Subway was weakened from 46¾ to 44¾.

Biscuit preferred rose 2 points. Street's preferred eased ⅞.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
225	American Can	11¾	11	11⅝
10	American Can pf.	71½	71½	71½
763	Chicago Canal & Dock	70	65	70
50	Chicago Pneu. Tool	49	49	49
400	Chicago Subway	45½	44¾	44¾
20	Diamond Match	142	142	142
25	Illinois Brick	65¼	63¾	63½
150	Kansas City Light	55¾	55¼	55¼
100	Kansas City Light pf.	91¾	91¾	91¾
20	National Biscuit	55½	55½	55½
550	National Biscuit pf.	116	114	115
420	National Cardboard	65	62½	63
183	Oats pf.	101¼	101	101
50	Northwestern Elevated	24	24	24
50	Stock Yards	99½	98½	98½
933	Swift & Co.	106¾	105¾	105¾
275	United Box Board pf.	13¾	13	13¾
4	West Chicago	60¾	60¾	60¾

BANKING OPENING

Wanted by a large New York Banking House Two Young Men to Learn the Bond Business.

Preference will be given to earnest, aggressive young men of good education and address, but who are willing to start at the bottom and thoroughly master the details of the business.

Address, giving age, nationality, education and business training, if any, to FINANCIAL, Box 182 Times, Downtown.

$184,000
TREASURY BONDS
SPRINGFIELD COAL MINING COMPANY
(Illinois).
First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Dated Jan., 1905. Due Jan., 1923.
Interest payable January and July at office of
Knickerbocker Trust Co., New York, Trustee.

CAPITALIZATION.

Preferred Stock	$1,000,000.00
Common Stock	1,250,000.00
Bonds	650,000.00

VALUE OF PROPERTY conservatively estimated at over $1,500,000.00. On December 31st, 1904, the company had a working capital and surplus of $201,000.00, equivalent to over 30% of the entire bonded debt. The Springfield Coal Mining Company has coal lands in fee and reserves sufficient to last for many years beyond the maturity of this issue.

STATEMENT OF EARNINGS 1904.

Net Earnings	$124,060.67
Interest on $466,000 Bonds	23,300.00
Surplus	$100,760.67

This issue of Treasury Bonds for purchase of further coal lands previously operated under lease will add $9,200 to the interest charge, but will cut off rental charges of $30,000 per annum.

PRICE subject to prior sale or advance without notice 98¾ and interest. Special circular upon request.

A. H. Bickmore & Co.,
30 Pine Street, New York.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW JERSEY
COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY BUILDING, JERSEY CITY, N. J.
Capital, Surplus and Profits - - Three Million Dollars.
TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING AND TRUST BUSINESS.
Safe Deposit Vaults and Storage Vaults located at the terminus of all Pennsylvania R. R. ferries from New York and Brooklyn.

Bank accounts and other personal property of foreign corporations doing business in New York and of individuals residing outside of New York, are taxable when kept within New York. No such laws exist in New Jersey. It is therefore evident that it is of great advantage both to individuals and corporations to have Safe Deposit accommodations and Bank Accounts in New Jersey.

American Malting Company
PROPOSED REDUCTION AND READJUSTMENT OF CAPITAL.

A majority of the stock of the Company having been deposited with the undersigned committee under the plan and agreement of Reduction and Readjustment of Capital, dated July 6, 1905, the Committee have extended the time for the further deposit of stock to November 1, 1905, after which date no deposits will be received except upon such terms as the Committee may impose.

Stock should be deposited at the office of the depositary, The Standard Trust Company of New York, 25 Broad Street, New York, where copies of the plan and agreement can be obtained.

Dated October 19, 1905.

JOHN G. JENKINS, Chairman;
ROBERT C. MARTIN,
HENRY DeCOPPET,
MICHAEL COLEMAN,
MARSHALL S. DRIGGS,
WILBERFORCE SULLY,
LOUIS L. STANTON,
} Committee.
} Secretary.

AMERICAN MALTING COMPANY
Reduction and Readjustment of Capital.
Notice that Plan has been declared operative.

Notice is hereby given that the Plan for Reduction and Readjustment of Capital dated July 6th, 1905, has been declared operative by the undersigned Committee.

Application has been made to the New York Stock Exchange to list the Certificates of Deposit of the Standard Trust Company.

JOHN G. JENKINS, Chairman;
ROBERT C. MARTIN,
HENRY DeCOPPET,
MICHAEL COLEMAN,
MARSHALL S. DRIGGS,
WILBERFORCE SULLY,
LOUIS L. STANTON, Secretary.
} Committee.

Dated New York, Oct. 19th, 1905.

SALE OF ADDITIONAL WATER WORKS BONDS OF THE CITY OF TROY.

Comptroller's Office, Troy, N. Y.—The undersigned will receive bids at this office until noon of the sixth day of November, 1905, for registered bonds of the City of Troy, bearing date September 1st, 1905, and amounting in the aggregate to the sum of one hundred eighty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($181,500.00), payable as follows: Twenty thousand dollars ($20,000.00) thereof in the year 1935; twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000.00) thereof in the year 1936; thirty thousand dollars ($30,000.00) thereof in the year 1937; fifty-five thousand dollars ($55,000.00) thereof in the year 1938, and fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($51,500.00) thereof in the year 1939. They are known as "Additional Water Works Bonds of the City of Troy" and are issued under the provisions of Chapter 576 of the laws of 1895, as amended by Chapter 435 of the laws of 1904 and Chapter 370 of the laws of 1900, and the laws amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, and in pursuance of an ordinance of the Common Council of the City of Troy adopted on the 2nd day of August, 1905, and approved by the Mayor of said city on the 7th day of August, 1905.

The bonds will be in denominations of one thousand dollars each, except where it shall become necessary to issue in a lesser sum, and shall bear interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, payable semi-annually from and after the date of issue. The principal and interest will be payable at the City Treasur

DRUNKEN MAN'S REMARK CAUSES RUN ON A BANK

Small Depositors Besiege the Trenton Trust and Safe Deposit Co.

ALL DEMANDS MET PROMPTLY

Irresponsible Assertion That the Institution Was Unsafe Spread Till a Panic Was Started.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Oct. 26.—An idle remark by a drunken man in a barroom yesterday has caused a $100,000 run on the Trenton Trust and Safe Deposit Company, one of the strongest banks in this city. The man who is thought to have caused the run said that the bank was not in good condition. It had closed business for the day with $25,000 more on deposit than at any time before, but the drunken man's remark was circulated through the poor sections of the city, where the bank had caused iron deposit banks for savings to be circulated, and the depositors were panic-stricken.

They flocked to the bank, most of them being women without hats or cloaks. They stood in line and could not be persuaded that the bank was safe. The bank kept its doors open two hours after the regular closing time, and, although it could, under its contracts, have exacted two weeks' notice of the withdrawal of these deposits, every one that called at the paying teller's window received his or her money.

At 5 o'clock the bank closed for the night, but not until Col. Washington A. Roebling, Vice President of John A. Roebling, Sons & Co. and Vice President of the bank, told the crowd that he would deposit $100,000 in the morning, and that if this amount was not enough to meet all demands, he would put in more money. The bank has made arrangements to get a large sum of money this morning, and will probably begin to keep open day and night until all depositors are satisfied.

None of the well-to-do business men of the city have withdrawn their deposits. At the Directors' meetings of the other banks here to-day, it was in every instance voted unanimously to let the trust company have all the cash it needed.

President Hugh Hamill said to-night that there was no valid reason for the run, and that the company had made ample provisions through other Trenton banks to meet any demands that may be made to-morrow. The amount drawn out by the hundreds who took part in the run is less than $100,000 out of total deposits of about $3,000,000.

BURLINGTON ROAD ENJOINED.

Union Pacific Move in Fight for North Platte Valley.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 26.—Judge Munger, in the United States District Court this afternoon, granted an application of the Union Pacific Railroad Company for an injunction restraining the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad from interfering with the construction of a line being built by the Union Pacific up the North Platte Valley. The application prays that the injunction be made perpetual.

The petition of the Union Pacific alleges that the company established a line up the valley long ago by surveying and setting stakes from O'Fallon to Northport, Neb.; that right of way had been purchased, and the construction work already begun. It claims supreme right to construct its line.

Both the Union Pacific and Burlington have filed amended articles of incorporation, with a view to building an extension up the North Platte River Valley.

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Thursday, Oct. 26, 1905.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
20..	Allis-Chalmers.	20	20	20	20
6,100..	Amal. Copper.	93⅝	94⅛	93¼	93½
1,490..	Am. C. & Fdy.	40⅝	41⅛	40⅝	40⅞
29,600..	Am. Locomot.	70	71⅛	69⅝	68½
17,750..	Am. Smelting.	130	132⅝	130	131
1,240..	Am. Sugar.	142⅝	143⅝	141⅝	141⅝
230..	At., T. & S. F.	55	55	55	55
540..	Balt. & Ohio.	113	113⅝	112⅝	112⅝
8,850..	Brook. R. T.	76⅝	77	75⅞	76
230..	Can. Pacific.	171½	171⅝	170⅝	170⅝
220..	Ches. & Ohio.	57⅜	57⅝	56	56⅞
60..	Chi. Gt. West.	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛
4,950..	Ch., M. & St. P.	181½	181⅞	180	180
1,420..	Col. Fuel & L.	45⅝	46⅝	45	54½
50..	Corn Products.	14	14	14	14
150..	Distill. Secur.	46	46⅝	45⅝	45⅝
3,830..	Erie.	48	48⅝	48	48
20..	Illinois Cent.	179⅜	179½	179½	179½
60..	Int. Paper.	23	23	22⅜	22⅜
40..	Louis. & Nash.	153	153	151½	151½
260..	Metro. Secur.	75⅝	76⅜	74⅞	76⅛
9,430..	Metro. Street.	122⅜	123⅝	121	121⅝
30..	Mexican Cent.	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24⅜
70..	Mo., K. & Tex.	33	33	32⅜	32⅜
780..	Mo. Pacific.	103⅝	104	102⅞	102⅞
600..	National Lead.	47⅛	48	46⅝	47
740..	N. Y. Central.	151⅜	153⅝	151⅜	151⅜
540..	N. Y., O. & W.	55	55⅛	54⅝	54⅝
30..	Nor. & West.	87⅜	87⅜	87	87⅛
110..	Pacific Mail.	50⅝	50⅝	49⅝	49⅝
4,450..	Pennsylvania.	145⅜	145⅞	144⅞	144⅝
120..	People's Gas.	104⅜	104⅝	103⅞	104
490..	Pr. Steel Car.	51	52	50⅝	51
29,960..	Reading.	126⅞	127½	125⅝	125⅞
40..	Republic Steel.	26	26	26	26
10..	Rep. Steel pf.	90	96	90	90
4,610..	Rock Island.	29⅝	30⅜	29⅜	30⅛
5,680..	South. Pacific.	71⅜	71⅞	70⅞	70⅞
710..	Southern Ry.	38⅝	38⅞	36⅞	36⅞
680..	Tenn. Coal & I.	85	86	84⅛	87⅞
70..	Texas & Pac.	34⅝	34⅝	34½	34⅝
30,180..	Union Pacific.	133⅞	134½	133	133
20..	U. S. Rubber.	55⅜	55⅝	55⅛	55⅛
10,290..	U. S. Steel.	38⅝	39⅛	37⅞	37⅝
5,090..	U. S. Steel pf.	105	106¼	104½	104½
300..	Wabash.	21⅜	21⅝	21⅜	21⅜
10..	Wabash pf.	41⅞	41⅞	41½	41½
182,740					

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r.,	1930.	103	103½
2s, c.,	1930.	103	103½
3s, r.,	1918.	103¼	104¼
3s, c.,	1918.	104¼	105¼
3s,	1918, sm.	103	..
4s, r.,	1907.	104⅜	105½
4s, c.,	1907.	104⅝	105¼
4s, r.,	1925.	133⅜	134
4s, c.,	1925.	134⅜	135
D. C.	3-65s.	115	..
Philip'ne	4s.	109	..
Adams Exp.		230	255
Am. Sup.		241	..
Aills. & W.		148	..
Am. Ag. Ch. pf.		92	95¼
Am. S. Sug.		22	25½
A. B. S. pf.		80	..
Am. Coal.		175	195
Am. Cot. O.		32½	33
A. C. O. pf.		94	100
Am. D. Tel.		39	39
Am. L. Co.		18	18¼
Am. L. Co. pf.		40	40⅝
Am. Snuff.		185	..
Am. Sug. R. pf.		139	140
A. T. & T.		138	139
Ann Arbor.		32	37
Ann A. pf.		75	80
A. Mer. 1st pf.		109	111
2d pf.		106	..
B. A. L. pf.		106	..
B., R. & P.		145	158
B. R. & P. pf.		150	167½
B. & S. pf.		85	87
Buff. C. & I.		52	62
Canada So.		70½	71
C. C. & C.		..	80
C. & E. A. Tel.		120	135
C. & E. I. pf.		120	139
Chi. G. W. pf., A.		75½	76
Chi. G. W. deb.		87⅞	88¼
C., I. & L. pf.		80	90
C., St. P., M. & Om. pf.		190	200
C. U. T. pf.		41	43
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.		117	121
C., L. & W.		82	90
C., R. & W. pf.		105	106
Cleve. & P.		182	186
C. & P. sp.		106	..
Consol. Coal		60	60
D., L. & W.		474	485
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.		16	21
Det. S. T.		12	12½
Det. So. pf.		..	..
L.		42	43
Det. U. Ry.		91	92
D. S. S. & A.		15	16
East. Kod.		152	155
El. S. & S. pf.		85½	87
Ev. & T. H.		72	77
E. & T. H. pf.		85	95
Gen. Ch. Co.		71	73
G. C. Co. pf.		106	107
G. & S.		120	..
H. B. Claflin.		109	115
Hock. Val.		92¾	93
Hock. V. pf.		92½	94
Homestake.		78	82
Ill. C.		104	..
I. C. L.		28	30
I. S. P. pf.		81	85
Iowa Cent.		28	29
Iowa C. pf.		57½	58½
Jacobs & Chi.		180	..
Kan. & M.		35¾	38
K. & D. M.		14	17
K. & D. M. pf.		45	50

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

		Bid.	Asked.
K. I. C. pf.		68	74
Lacl. G. pf.		95	110
L. E. & W.		34	36
L. E. & W. pf.		..	..
Long Island		67	70
Manh. C. pf.		110	..
Mich. Cent.		150	..
M. & St. L.		80	83
M. & St. L. pf.		100	105
M. St. P. & S. M.		136½	138
M., St. P. & S. M. pf.		168	170
N. W. pf.		191	193
Pac. Coast.		103	105
P. C. 1st pf.		102	108
P. C. 2d pf.		104	108
Peo. & East.		40	42
Pitts. C. pf.		86	87½
P., C., C. & St. L.		81	83
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.		106	112
P. Ft. W. & C.		182½	..
& C. sp.		179	..
Q'kell'r pf.		3	4
R. R. Sec. 1.		..	..
C. stk. ctfs.		98%	99½
Ry. St. Sp. pf.		103	103½
Rdg. 2d pf.		96	98
Rens. & Sar.		207	..
R. W. & O.		133	..
Rub. G. M. Co.		36½	38½
Rutland pf.		50	60
St. L. & S. F.		77	79
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.		183¾	190
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.		130	139
S.-S. S. & I. pf.		112½	115
T. P. L. Tr.		47	48
T. P. & W.		17	20½
T. R. & L.		33¼	33½
Tol., St. L. & W.		37¼	38½
Va. L. & C.		41	42
Westinghouse		..	..
1st pf.		90	195
W. & L. E.		17	17⅝
W. & L. E. 1st pf.		39	42
W. & L. E. 2d pf.		24	25½

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—The local market was in entire sympathy with New York, opening strong and closing weak, at about the lowest prices of the day. Trading was much less active than yesterday.

Lehigh Valley was again the leader, rising to a new high record, 83, but breaking to 81 at the close. Lehigh Coal and Navigation trust certificates declined from 113⅝ to 112⅝, and the unassented stock from 113 to 112¼. Reading and United States Steel common were sold heavily in this market for the New York account. In the inactive issues the declines ranged from ¼ to ½. Keystone Telephone preferred was an exception, advancing 5 points to 45.

Total sales, 48,008 shares. Summary:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200..	American Cement.	7	6¾	6¾
100..	American Locomotive.	69⅜	69⅜	69¾
10..	Brooklyn Rap. Tr.	76½	76½	76½
50..	Cambria Steel.	49	49	49
352..	Cambria Steel.	29½	28⅝	28¼
25..	Con. Trac., N. J.	82	82	82
100..	De Long Hook & Eye.	10½	10½	10½
5..	Electric Co. of Am.	11¼	11¼	11¼
200..	Erie.	49	48¾	48¾
5..	Internat. Smokeless.	31	31	31
100..	Ins. Co. of N. A.	27	27	27
25..	Keystone Tel. pf.	45	45	45
694..	Lake Superior Corp.	19½	19	19
178..	Lehigh Valley.	83¼	81	81
325..	Lehigh Nav.	112¼	112¼	112¼
800..	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	113⅜	112⅜	112⅜
7..	Maraden.	3¼	3½	3½
100..	Norfolk & Western.	87	87	87
326..	Pennsylvania.	72 13-16	72⅜	72⅜
35..	Philadelphia Trac.	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,135..	Philadelphia Elec.	8⅝	8 9-16	8 9-16
555..	Philadelphia Co.	49	48½	48½
22..	Philadelphia Rapid.	28½	27¾	27¾
290..	Rys. Co. Gen.	4 1-16	4	4 1-16
13,350..	Reading.	63 11-16	62⅝	62⅝
245..	Reading 1st pf.	47	46 7-16	46 7-16
100..	Reading 2d pf.	49	49	49
100..	Republic Iron.	26½	26¼	26½
430..	Rock Island.	30¾	29⅞	30⅜
450..	Rock Island pf.	80¾	80¾	80¾
500..	Susquehanna Steel.	1¾	1 3-16	1⅛
294..	Tonopah Mining.	12¾	12¼	12½
1,062..	United Gas.	93	92	92⅝
100..	Union Trac.	35½	35½	35½
6,735..	U. S. Steel.	38½	37⅞	37⅞
10..	U. S. Steel pf.	104¾	104¾	104¾
2..	United Tr., Phila., pf.	50	50	50
15..	Westmoreland Coal.	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝
200..	West. N. Y. & Penn.	9	9	9

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 26.—Incorporated today:

Desmond Realty Company, Brooklyn; capital, $10,000. Directors—Desmond Dunney, G. J. Smith, W. H. English, New York.

National Pavement Company, New York; capital, $200,000. Directors—James Gayley, J. C. Boyles, E. H. Benners, New York.

Andrews Chemical Company, Huntington, L. I.; capital, $15,000. Directors—Koert Brogue, W. H. Sidel, Brooklyn; E. V. Nelson, New York.

Paris Modes Company, New York; capital, $200,000. Directors—J. J. Crawford, L. Crawford, New York; H. Rosenbaum, Brooklyn.

Floral Park and Plattsburg Realty Company, Plattsburg; capital, $100,000. Directors—E. F. Botsworth, A. W. Emery, J. H. Booth, Plattsburg.

The Hunton Mining Company, Binghamton; capital, $400,000. Directors—F. W. Hunton, Boston, Mass.; D. C. Vosburg, Mill City, Penn.; A. G. Hall, Binghamton.

Lawrence-Wards Island Realty Company, Lawrence, Nassau County; capital, $24,000. Directors—J. L. Lawrence, Lawrence, Nassau County; J. W. Walsh, W. K. Rikery, New York.

Forest Heights Company, New Rochelle, (real estate;) capital, $50,000. Directors—W. S. Spencer, J. A. Young, W. M. Bissell, New Rochelle.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Copper Stocks Weak—Other Issues Dull.

Chicago Subway Drops Again, Closing with a Loss of 2 Points—Standard Oil Advances.

The copper stocks on the curb showed weakness yesterday. Greene closed with a net loss of ⅛, and United lost ⅝. Copper securities closed at 24½, a loss of 1⅝ from Wednesday. Boston Copper was an exception to the general movement of the copper group, gaining ⅝. Chicago Subway opened down 2½ points and recovered only ½ in the day's trading, the last sale being at 45½. Standard Oil, which closed at 667 Wednesday, opened yesterday at 680 and gained still another point before the close. Interborough fell back to 212. Mercantile Marine preferred sold around 87. There was heavy trading in Albany and Susquehanna bonds.

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800..	Am. Can.	11	11¼	10⅝	11
400..	Am. Can pf.	71½	71½	71¼	71¼
700..	Am. Nickel.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
438..	Am. Tobacco.	358	365	358	360
100..	Am. Writ. P.	5⅛	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
330..	Am. W. P. pf.	34½	34⅝	34	34
50..	Beth. S. Cor.	29½	29½	29½	29½
1,000..	Buffalo Gas.	10⅜	10⅜	10	10
100..	Buf. Gas pf.	23	23	23	23
1,500..	Cent. Foundry.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
500..	Cent. F. pf.	25	25⅛	25	25⅛
500..	Houston Oil.	7	7	7	7
300..	H. Oil tr. rec.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
800..	Int. Mer. M. pf.	37⅜	37⅜	37	37
1,200..	Int. Salt.	39⅛	39½	38	38
27..	Lord & Tay-lor pf.	101¼	102	101½	102
250..	Mackay Cos.	46½	46½	46⅜	46⅜
100..	Mercan. Mfg.	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜
164..	Standard Oil.	680	684½	678	681

RAILROADS.

200..	Am. Lt. & Tr.	104	104½	104	104½
8,000..	Chicago Sub.	45	45½	44½	45½
1,000..	Erie rights.	2	2	1	2
868..	Great Nor. rts.	35⅜	35⅞	35⅜	35⅝
715..	Int. Rap.	213¼	213¾	212	212
200..	New Orleans.	37⅝	37⅝	37⅜	37⅝
150..	N. Y. & N. H. & H. rts.	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	6⅜
18..	Northern Sec. stubs	312¼	325	312½	312½
100..	Seaboard Co.	28½	28½	28½	28½
300..	Sea. 1st pf.	91¼	91½	91	91
900..	Sea. 2d pf.	58	58	57⅝	57⅝
100..	Western Md.	31½	31½	31½	31½

MINING STOCKS.

3,600..	Boston Copper	11⅝	12⅜	11⅝	12
1,100..	Brit. Col. Cop.	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜
1,800..	Copper Sec.	25⅛	25½	24½	24½
15,000..	Dom. Copper.	1⅜	13-32	⅜	⅜
10,000..	Granby Con.	8⅞	9¼	8⅝	8⅝
1,800..	Greene Gold.	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞
4,600..	Greene Con. Copper	26½	27	26½	26⅞
100..	Guan. Con.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
800..	Guan. Amal. Gold Mining	2⅛	2½	2⅛	2½
400..	LaChivia Min.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,600..	Mitchell Min.	8	8	8	8
500..	Monarch Min.	7⅞	8	7⅞	8
2,200..	Mont. & Bon.	⅜	13-32	⅜	13-32
2,000..	Nev. Con. Cop.	6⅜	6½	6⅜	6½
600..	Phoenix Sec.	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
100..	Ten. Cop. Co.	34½	34½	34½	34½
200..	Tredwell Min.	6	6	6	6
400..	Un. Cop. Co.	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
4,200..	United Cop.	34	34	33	33⅝
120..	Un. Cop. pf.	75½	76½	75½	75½
500..	Utah Copper.	28	28	27	27
1,000..	Utah Min. of Nevada.	4	4¼	4	4¼

BONDS.

$122,000..	Alb. & Sus.				
	3½s, 2025, pd.	119¼	120½	119¼	120
45,000..	Am. Steel F. 6s, w. i. & int.	85½	85½	85	85¾
18,000..	Am. W. P. 5s	90¼	90¼	90	90
19,000..	Central P. 4s.	84	84	83¾	84
2,000..	Edison Con. 6s.	62	62	62	62
5,000..	St. Milling 5s.	84	84	84	84

*Less than 100 shares.

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Closing quotations of stocks compare as follows with the closing quotations of Wednesday:

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

	Oct. 26.	Oct. 25.
	Bid. Asked.	Bid. Asked.
American Can	11 11¼	10⅞ 11
American Can pf.	71 71½	71 72
American Chicle	143 145	140 145
American Chicle pf.	98 104	98 104
Am. Light & Traction	104 105	103½ 105
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	103½ 105	104 105
American Milling 5s.	102½ 103	102½ 103
American Tobacco	355 365	355 360
Am. Writing Paper	5 5½	5 5½
Am. Writing Paper pf.	33⅜ 34½	34 34⅝
Am. Writing Paper 5s.	90¾ 90¾	90 90¾
Bay State Gas	¾ ⅞	¾ ⅞
Bethlehem Steel	28 30	29½ 30
Bethlehem Steel pf.	88 89	89 90
Borden's Cond. Milk	170 178	170 176
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	113 115	113 115
British Columbia Cop.	8¼ 8⅝	8 8¼
Buffalo Gas	10 11	10 11
Central Foundry	5⅜ 5⅝	8½ 5
Central Foundry pf.	24 25½	24½ 25¼
Central Foundry 6s.	83½ 84	83½ 84
Chicago Subway	45½ 46	45½ 45¾
Con. Refrigerating	6¼ 7	6¼ 7
Con. Rubber Tire	2½ 3	2½ 3
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	10 13	10 13
Con. Rubber Tire 4s.	30 34	30 34
Electric Boat	28 35	28 35
Electric Boat pf.	65 75	68 75
Electric Vehicle	15 17	15 17
Electric Vehicle pf.	21 23	21 23
Empire Steel	7⅛ 8½	7⅛ 8¾
Empire Steel pf.	35 45	38 45
Gold Hill Copper	⅜ ⅝	⅜ ⅝
Greene Con. Copper	26⅞ 27	26⅝ 26⅝
Greene Con. Gold	4⅜ 4⅝	5 5¼
Guanajuato Con.	4⅜ 4⅝	4⅜ 4⅝
Guggenheim Explorat'n.	184 187	180 187
Hall Signal	90 93	90 94
Havana Tobacco	29 30	29 30
Havana Tobacco pf.	37 41	37 41
Houston Oil	6 7	7 7⅛
Houston Oil pf.	35 37	35½ 37
Inter. Rapid Transit	211 212	212 213½
Inter. Mer. Marine	13½ 14	13⅝ 14
Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	36⅞ 37	37¼ 37½
Inter. Mer. Marine 4½s.	83 84	83 84½
International Salt.	37⅞ 38	39 39½
International Salt 5s.	73¼ 74	73½ 74½
Lackawanna Steel	80 85	80 85
Mackay Companies	46 46¼	46¼ 46¼
Mackay Companies pf.	73¾ 74	73¾ 74
Manhattan Transit	2⅜ 2⅝	2⅜ 2⅝
Mine Securities	5-16 ⅜	5-16 ⅜
Mitchell Mining	⅝ ⅞	⅝ ⅞
New Orleans Rys.	37⅜ 38¼	38¼ 38¼
New Orleans Rys. pf.	83 84	83½ 85
New Orleans Rys. 4s.	90¾ 91	90½ 91
N. Y. Transportation	7¼ 7¾	7¼ 7¾
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	57 62	57 62
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	88 92	88 92
Northern Securities	184 186	184 186
North. Securities stubs.	300 325	300 325
Otis Elevator	63 67	63 67
Otis Elevator pf.	107 110	107 110
Pope Manufacturing	4½ 5	4½ 5½
Pope Mfg. 1st pf.	74 77	73 77
Pope Mfg. 2d pf.	17 18	17 18½
Royal Bak. Powder pf.	109½ 112	109½ 112
Safety Car Heating	305 310	305 310
Seaboard Company	27⅝ 28	28 28½
Seaboard Co. 1st pf.	91 91½	91¼ 91⅝
Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	57¼ 57⅝	57⅝ 58¼
Seaboard Air Line 5s.	100½ 101⅛	100 101⅛
Standard Milling pf.	8 8⅝	8½ 9
Standard Milling pf.	83 84	83½ 84½
Standard Milling 5s.	83¼ 84½	83½ 84
Standard Oil.	681 684	667 680
Tennessee Copper	33½ 34¼	33¼ 34½
Tintic Mining	8⅝ 8	8⅝ 8
Tonopah Min. of Nev.	13¾ 14	13¼ 14
Trenton Potteries	20 23	20 23
Trenton Potteries pf.	98 102	98 102
Trenton Potteries deb.	75 76	70 76
Union Copper	1 3-16 1¼	1¼ 1⅜
Union Typewriter	80 85	80 85
Union Typewrit. 1st pf.	118 120	118 120
Union Typ. 2d pf.	111 118	115 118
United Copper	33⅜ 34½	33⅝ 34½
United Copper pf.	78 78½	76 76½
U. S. Rubber pf., w. i.	78 79	78 79
White Knob Copper	⅝ ⅝	⅝ ⅝
White Knob Copper pf.	1¾ 1¾	1¾ 1¾

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 26.—Transactions on the local Exchange to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140..	Crucible Steel	13¼	13⅛	13⅛
91..	Crucible Steel pf.	67½	67⅜	67⅜
25..	Fire Proofing	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
108..	Fire Proofing pf.	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝
30..	H. W. Ref.	10	10	10
100..	Ind. Brewing	15	15	15
15..	Ind. Brewing pf.	41	41	41
450..	Lustre	34	34	34
92..	M. L. & H.	36	35⅝	35⅞
3..	Mon. Water	40	40	40
225..	Ohio Fuel	38	38	38
10..	Philadelphia Co.	48¾	48¾	48¾
245..	Pittsburg Brewing	27½	27½	27½
25..	Pittsburg Brew. pf.	48¾	48	48
60..	Pittsburg Coal	15½	15½	15½
50..	Pittsburg Plate Glass.	119	119	119
250..	Sewer Pipe	32¼	32¼	32¼
1..	St. U. Cable	200	200	200
300..	Ton. Ext.	6.00	6.00	6.00
70..	U. S. Steel	38	38	38
50..	Westing. Air Brake.	150	150	150
90..	West. Electric	2ds. 86	85¾	85¾

BANKS.

50..	I. City Trust.	118	118	118
50..	Safe Dep. & Trust.	400	400	400

BONDS.

$10,000..	P. & A. T. 5s.	83	83	83

MEMBERS OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

They will find something of special interest to them in the beautiful PICTORIAL SECTION OF THE NEW YORK SUNDAY TIMES next Sunday. A word to the wise.—Adv.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday, Oct. 26, 1905.

Imprl Jap Gov 6s sterling loan
1,500 ..... 99¾
12,000 99
500 ..... 99⅝
9,000 ..... 99¼
10,000 99
6,000 ..... 99⅛
4,000 99
23 series 98
33,000 98
3,000 98
82,000 ..... 98¾
9,000 98
Jap Imp Gov, Kuhn, Loeb & Co temp ctfs full paid for 4½ steri loan
3,000 ..... 90⅞
20,000 ..... 91⅛
1,500 ..... 91⅝
1,000 ..... 90⅝
1,000 91
55,000 ..... 90⅞
1,000 ..... 90⅝
25,000 91
7,000 ..... 91⅛
25,000 ..... 91¼
25,000 ..... 91¼
52,000 ..... 91½
11,000 ..... 91⅛
5,000 ..... 91⅜
45,000 ..... 91½
1,000 ..... 91⅝
1,000 ..... 91⅜
51,000 ..... 91½
68,000 ..... 91¼
Jap Imp Gov, Kuhn, Loeb & Co temp ctfs full paid for new 4½s, 2d ser
20,000 ..... 91½
10,000 ..... 91⅝
26,000 ..... 91¾
15,000 ..... 91⅝
4,000 ..... 91⅝
500 91
7,000 ..... 91½
41,000 ..... 91¾
25,000 ..... 91⅝
1,000 ..... 91⅝
5,000 91
1,000 ..... 91⅝
500 ..... 91⅞
10,000 ..... 91½
500 ..... 91⅛
45,000 ..... 91¼
Repub of Cuba 5s
3,000 ..... 105⅝
U S of Mexico 4s
3,000 ..... 94⅝
2,000 ..... 94¼
Virginia 6s defd
Brown Bros & Co
certs 88
10,000 ..... 17⅞
5,000 ..... 17⅝
5,000 17
4,000 ..... 17⅝
10,000 ..... 17⅝
5,000 ..... 17⅝
10,000 ..... 17¼
Adams Express 4s
500 ..... 103¼
1,000 ..... 102⅝
1,000 ..... 102⅞
Allegh Val gen 4s
1,000 ..... 104¼
Am Hide & L 6s
15,000 ..... 95½
Am Ice Secur 6s
31,000 82
Am Tobacco 6s
3,000 ..... 113⅝
9,000 ..... 113¾
5,000 ..... 113½
Am Tobacco 4s
177,000 80
2,000 ..... 80¼
71,000 80
2,000 ..... 79⅝
45,000 80
20,000 ..... 79⅝
25,000 80
6,000 ..... 79⅝
Ann Arb 1st 4s
1,000 ..... 96½
2,000 99
At, T & S Fe gen 4s
1,000 ..... 102⅝
5,000 ..... 102⅝
100 ..... 102⅝
1,000 ..... 102⅝
conv 4s
61,000 104
Atl Coast Line 4s
4,000 ..... 101¼
10,000 ..... 101⅝
L

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Supreme Court of the United States.

Frank D. Arthur of New York, admitted to practice.

24—New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company vs. The Inter-State Commerce Commission, and 27—Inter-State Commerce Commission vs. Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company et al.—Argument continued.

25—The California Reduction Company et al., vs. The Sanitary Reduction Works of San Francisco.—Argument commenced.

Day call for Oct. 27: Nos. 25, 26, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, and 37.

Calendars for Friday, Oct. 27.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Wallace, Lacombe, Townsend, and Coxe, JJ.—Opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.

37—In re Bloch	59—Morrill-H J Co
42—Brown-U S	60—In re Mertens
48—In re Sears, Humbert & Co	61—Ward-Ward
	62—Same-same
40—In re Livingston Co	63—Force-S B M Co
51—McWilliams-Covington	64—Brinckerhoff-Roosevelt
55—In re Fortunato	

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hazel, J.—Opens in Room 48, Post Office Building, at 2 P. M. Calendar for customs appeals called at 11 A. M.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 2 P. M. Motion calendar.

Adjourned cases

1—Baglin-Cusenier Co	11—Same-S C Co
2—Societe-F C Co	12—Same-14th St Store
3—Robertson-A C Co	13—Brown-N H R R
4—Same-same	14—Brett-Nat R R
5—Virgil-Vergil	15—In re Sarhanna
6—Schaefer-Int P Co	17—K & M Co-Johns Co
7—Devore-D, L & W R R	18—Chanler-Sherman
8—Bowker-H & F Co Noticed cases	19—Bowker-H & F Co
10—Hartman-Straus	20—Same-same
	21—Same-same

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J.—Opens in Room 47, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Equity calendar.

11—Werckmeister-Amer Lithographic Co	4—Butler-P P Assn
12—Lane Bros Co-Wilcox Mfg Co	85—Cutter Co-La Roche Co
	86—Leeds-Eldman

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Opens in Room 72, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

157—Hagan-Hudson	196—McLain-"J H Starin"
223—Fugiati-N Y & Tex SS Co	

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, Oct. 26.—The Court of Appeals calendar for to-morrow is Nos. 161, 167.

Calendars for Friday, Oct. 27.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Stover, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

1—Boyle-Hoffman	39—Hartman-Greene
2—Williams-R S Co	40—Hallaman-Hill
3—Middlemarch Club-McAdoo	41—In re Hamburger Av
4—Whalin-same	42—In re Butts
5—Brown-Baker	43—People, &c - Goldstein
6—Compton-Compton	44—Gallagher-Hopper
7—In re Dempsey	45—Stiene-Hopper
8—Gause-Boldt	46—McGowan-Hopper
9—Scott-Lang	47—Fink-Hopper
10—Thyson-Thyson	48—Brown-C S & Comm
11—Kilpatrick-Whitman	49—City of N Y-Butts
12—Ross-Ross	50—Ruff-Applebaum
13—Vought-Stafford	51—Same-same
14—In re O'Brien	52—In re 33d A D
15—O'Brien-N Y Ry	53—In re Shea
16—Williams-Silverman	54—In re Bishop
17—Romm-Ham Bank	55—In re 642 Prospect Place
18—Borda-Un Ry	56—In re 73 4th Av
19—Herman-Herman	57—Mc Cue-Wells
20—Stritmatter-Stritmatter	58—Rosen-Blumenthal
21—Brown-R S Co	59—Willard-Willard
22—Same-same	60—Hottenroth-Hirsh
23—In re Baumgarten	61—In re Mandelbaum
24—Latz-Blumenthal	62—Modlin-Blau
25—Hover-Cuyler	63—Brockman-Haut
26—Quinn-Waring	64—Kearns-Funk
27—Davis-Knox	65—Jensen-O. D. SS Co
28—In re Trinity Av	66—Kelly-Mayer
29—In re Concord Av	67—The-Berrick
30—In re Farelli	67½—Same-same
31—In re Michael	68—Bear-McAdoo
32—In re R. S & G Co	69—McFadden-T S Co
33—Maloney-Meade	70—In re Schuyler
34—Letts-Strong	71—In re Russman
35—Frazier-Greene	72—In re Pickslay
36—Schrank-Broadway School	73—In re O'Brien
37—Barker-Stringer	74—Neuschotz-Flaischner
38—Lowther-Lowther	75—Dimond-G P Co-Teeman
39½—Same-same	

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Case on. Motions. General calendar.

Case on, 3022—Pratt-Clark

Case on, 2297—Lord-Hull

Highest number reached on regular call of this calendar, 3127.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Addison, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Gildersleeve, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davy, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Lockwood for the People.

1—Herman Ernst

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on.

4065—Van Deventer-Amer Temp L Assur Assn	5379—Bohm-Speringer
5458—Phelps and Co-Nia Ng W W Co	5519—Montross B & R
4715—Wineburgh-Dernbitzer	5—Man Sq Hotel Co
4734—East Side Dev Co-Dernbitzer	5403—Fecke-Barney
5335—Demarest - Whiting Lumber Co	5405—Fitzpatrick-Collins
4095—Kaufman Advertising Ag-Klee	102—Am Ex Nat Bk-Martin
5558—Cohen-Dupree	5230—Am Brew Co-Snyder
4745—Pocher-Barnes	5202—Weinberg-Levy
5239—Harris-Com Travelers' Association	5305—Dow-Dug-Taylor
5118—Hall-Hubbard	5306—Sternbach-Schulich
4978—Call-Claus	5211—Lorn-City N Y
5013—Swift & Co-Gutwasser	5127—Schlesinger-Wise
5501—Marine Trust Co-Pick	5137—Same-same
5237—Edmonds-Attucks Music Pub Co	5306—Iroquois Mach Co-Gehrecke
4458—Snower-Gillies	5420—Dimond-Gillies Pr Co
	5470—McLoughlin-Wood
	5307—Ferdon - Brown & Fleming Co

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—No. 1.—To be called in Trial Term, Part III., at 10:15 A. M. The attention of the bar is called ot Rules VI., VII., and VIII. of the Trial Term of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District in reference to adjournments, which in part provide: "Causes on the day calendar from Calendar No. 3 shall be sent to Parts III., IV., V. and VI. for trial. Not more than two causes shall be held ready on the day calendar for one counsel in addition to the cause in which he is engaged, and in all causes the counsel who is to try the same must be designated, if required by the court, on the call of the day calendar."

954—Lorenzo-Int St Ry	972—McGovern-Int Ry
2648—Kohn-Int R T Co	973—Hankins-same
1258—La Bradue-Met R	539—Lichtenstein-same
1264—De Marco-42d St Ry	217—Periscalzi-3d Av R R
1265—Doyle-Int St Ry	535—Logan-Met St Ry
1272—Garvey-same	950—Cunningham-Int St Ry
1273—Wolz-same	2572—Driesnul-Same
1275—Berry-same	976—Welbranche-Same
368—Knox-same	1159—Martin-same
2547—Spitzer-N Y C & H R R	994—Swainson-same
367—Sterling Union Ry	574—Lydan-Met St Ry
842—Morrow-Int Ry	1230—Sheevan-Man Ry
1317—Richman-Int Ry	1240—Brant-3d Av R R

Highest number reached on regular call of this calendar, 1,280.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Duxro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Dowling, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—No. 2.—To be called in Trial Term, Part VII., at 10:15 A. M. The attention of the bar is called to Rules VI., VII., and VIII. of the Trial Term of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District in reference to adjournments, which in part provide: "Causes on the day calendar from Calendar No. 2 shall be sent to Parts VII., VIII., and IX. for trial. Not more than two causes shall be held ready on the day calendar for one counsel in addition to the cause in which he is engaged, and in all causes the counsel who is to try the same must be designated, if required by the court, on the call of the day calendar."

3212—Corcoran-City of N Y	834—Stover-Van Ingen
3215—Spiess-same	761—Heath-Hasbrouck
2467—Echevarria-Tontine Co	932—Weitzen-Esselborn
2905—Sullivan-Sullivan	963—McDowell-City of New York
4095—Kaufman Advertising Ag-Klee	906—Same-same
904—Goldsmith-Beers Realty Co	1055—Kessel-Talcott
948—Flanagan-Webb	2301—Chambers-Degnon Con Co
697—Emmert-Columbia Paper Bag Co	3486—Sheridan-same
730—Corrotis-N Y Staats Zeitung	2416—Saeta-Bernheimer
814—Lauterer-Kent	3459—Haan-Tyeffinger
818—Nehis-N Y Brew-eries	3483—Casey-N Y Edison Co

Highest number reached on regular call of this calendar, 1034.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—No. 3.—To be called in Trial Term, Part X., at 10:15 A. M. The attention of the bar is called to Rules VI., VII., and VIII. of the Trial Term of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District in reference to adjournments, which in part provide: "Causes on the day calendar from Calendar No. 3 shall be sent from Part X. for trial. Not more than two causes shall be held ready on the day calendar for one counsel in addition to the cause in which he is engaged, and in all causes the counsel who is to try the same must be designated, if required by the court, on the call of the day calendar."

1129—Friscia-D D R R	963—Andelman-Int Ry
1705—Lathrop-Johnson	904—Lederer-Int Ry
796—Mallet-same	

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Seabury, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Cases to be sent from Part IV, for trial. Calendar clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes.

5206—Battista-Weingarten	5880—Fugendreich-L D Co
5614—Snedecor-Williamson	5311—Miller-Baruch
4538—State Bank-Kahn	5056—Dessar-Lipman
5132—Iba-Faerber	6025—Rogers - Crescent
5824—Mingey-Pierce	5239—Johnson-Johnson
5910—Peniston-Munroe	5780—Matschul-Goodstein
5914—Willett-Cohn	5061—Lyons Co-Lewis
5967—Cohn-Erdreich	5882—Brennecke-Brennecke
5890—Steuer-Michaelson	5881—Same-same
5707—Wallerstein-Shirt Co	5039—Royal Bk-Silverman
5587—Rodstein-Shirt Co	5718—Rudole-Wersba
5779—Garbarsky-Teeman	5721—Otis Elev Co-Gen Bldg, &c, Co
5759—Pitt & Scott-Archer	6024—Schlesinger-Boroughs Construction Co
2189—Fekete-Young	5094—Amster-Ceitlin
5471—Roman-Balsam	6901—Weller-Jackson
5371—Feldmeyer-Jacobson	5968—Smith-Meyers

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Delahanty, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Cases to be sent from Part IV. for trial. Calendar clear.

Highest number reached on regular call, 1441.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—McMahon, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Vandiver for the People.

1—Paul Cazaneve	2—Charles McCarthy
2—Edward Jones	3—William Cooper
3—James McDonald	4—John Markman
4—Constantine Costanzo	5—Thomas Mooney
5—Abraham Greenstein	6—Ruth Stern
6—Philip Shapiro	7—Patrick McCarthy
7—Matthew O'Brien	8—Frank Herman
8—James Stone, George Clark	9—George Campbell
9—John K Lucl *	10—Albert Lee
10—Albert De Fazso	11—Thomas Large
11—Alice O'Donnell	12—Clarence Rush
12—James Burns	13—Frank Preston
13—Abram Simsohn	14—Nunzio Gevaso
14—Gustav Dinser	15—Pincus Shapiro
15—Agnes Renoude Pleadings	16—Michael De Grotto
16—Jan Strecht	17—Tony Sabl
	18—John Crawley
	19—Adam Artes

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Garvan, O'Connor, and Hart for the People.

1—Archibald Robinson	7—Samuel Heinz
2—Giuseppe Cantino	8—Charles Williams
3—Philip De Nardo	9—John Barry
4—John Zocco	10—George Robinson
5—James E Smith	Fred. Wessler
6—Tony Fortuna	Richard Acker

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Rosalsky, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Train and Appleton for the People.

1—William Mooney	8—Austin Barton
2—Egbert F Kroyer	9—Abraham Jackson
3—William Masanta	10—Robert F Binniker, alias Leroy Binniker
4—John Reid	11—Jas C Munn, alias Harold Prescott
5—Ellen Anderson	12—William Dubin
6—Michael Lennon	
7—Thaddeus Wilkinson	

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department—Bartlett, P. J.; Woodward, Jenks, Hooker, and Miller, JJ.—Non-enumerated day calendar. Opens at 1 P. M.

Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Burr, J.; Part V., Sewell, J. Day calendar. Opens at 10 A. M.

2776—Hathaway-H R R R	1062—L I Loan & Trust Co-Langenau
2777—Hawkins-Milkman et al	2286—Smith-B H R R
2779—Leddy-City of N Y	2734—Berwin-Dietsch
2081—Laig-Canavello	1683—Saunders-Mills
2793—Deegan-Gutta Percha Co	2873—Goldstein-Bachrach
2795—Barton-Mahler	2898—Pihlman - City of New York
2908—Black-B H R R	2902—Goldman - Dry D & Bat R R
2818—Gleeson-same	2906—Graham-B H R R
2896, 2907—Rogers-same	2908—Young-same
2823—Tierney-same	2909—Corning-same
2828—Carroll-B H R R	2910—Fredericks-same
2840—Zulig-B H R R	2385—Cantin-Cantin
2842, 2843—Englandi-Whitman	2911—People ex rel Shepard-Oakley
2849—Viemeister-L I R R	2328—Pantaleone-Borough Construction Co
2830 to 2879—McVeigh-(and 25 cases)-City of New York	2353—McEvoy—Gillon

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day upon the call. Cases will not be set down for days upon the call.

7084—Cullinan - U S Guarantee Co	2919—Callahan-same
7163, 7545, 7235, 7251, 7252—Same-Fidel & Casualty Co	2920—Gildea-City of N Y
7334—Same-Fed Union Surety Co	2921—Cook-B H R R
7584, 7585, 7662, 7663 to 7667, 7744, 7733—Same-Empire State Surety Co	2922—Puckhaber-Weber
2494—Hines-Martin	2924—Henderson-B H R R
2831—Feld-Int S R R	2926—Schlamp-same
2800—Lawler-Luhrs	2127—Dominello-Wilson & Baillie Co
1679—People ex rel Flannelly-Hayes	2929—Cutler-B H R R
5907—Nekton-Met Life Ins Co	2930—Hollister-Cruger
5573—Olsen-Garrison	2832—Mason-Brevoort
1023—Heslin-Nat Foundry Co	2933—Building Co
2002—Fusfeld-B H R R	2935—Debus-Feldman
2912—Tucker-same	2937, 2938—Mulcrone-Am Ins Co of New York
2913—Margerf-City of New York	2940—Miller-Schwartz
2914—Hunt-Schratweiser-Fitzgerald Co	2941—Appel-Johnson
2915, 2916—Ravishaur-H R R	2943 to 2945—Kohlman-Cruger
2918—Yeaton-same	2946—Annunziato-B H R R
Highest number reached on regular call, 2950.	2947—Livingston-same
	2948—McCarty-N Y C R R
SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Marean J.—Day calendar. Opens at 10 A. M.	2740—Duffey-Farrell
2327—Neil-Klas	2950—Wright-N Y C R R
2304—Man Trust Co-Stand Rope & T Co	
2588—Hassard-Dole	
2598—Kennedy-Kennion	
2011—Kalmer-Levingston	
2913—Von Glahn-Fried man	
2618—Canter-Sacoder	
2619—Rosenberg-same	
2625—Osben-Weinberg	
2624—Goetz-Meserole	

2634—Lippe-James	2636—Finnaelin-Flanagan
2637—Fisher-Fisher	2426—Gray-Butler
2548—Steinhouse-Bruner	2205—Rosenbaum-Muller

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Criminal Calendar. Crane, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Arraignments.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Aspinall, J.—Opens at 10 A. M.

1485—Wildner-Appel and Am Steel Barrel Co

Westchester County.

Calendar for Monday, Oct. 30.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Platt, J.—Opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.

419—Lutius-City of Yonkers	490—Keon-Peckskill Lgt Co & R B Co
507—O'Connell-McGuinness	480—Live Oak Dist'g Co-Herschfield
320—Fogt-N Y C Ry	506—Carroll-Village of Mamaroneck
403—Cestone-Bell	478—Same-same
450—McCauley-N Y C Ry	246—Cullahan-Tarrytown, W P & M Ry
423—Likens-Tarrytown, W P & Mam Ry	422—Palmer-Herbert

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. (No cause will be set down for a day upon the call.)

402—Sulla-De Tullio	478—Same-same
486—Hunton, by gdn-Vil of Peekskill	473—Hermanspan-Henebry
5?—Coyle-City Yonkers	431—Lambert, Holsting Eng Co-Molloy
413—Hichey-Case	
451—Parker-Galbreth	

Nassau County.

Day Calendar for Friday, Oct. 27.

SUPREME COURT—Dickey, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Trial term cases.

34—Robbins-Southard	36—Chevelette-Moore
40—Morch-Smith	

The Special Term calendar for the October term of the Supreme Court, Dickey, J., will be called Monday, Oct. 30, 1905.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Stover, J.—In re Haight & Freese Company—Arthur D. Truax, John L. Wood vs. Merle J. Wightman—Charles A. Ogren, Ethel M. C. Pugh vs. Universal Building and Construction Company—Samuel Sanders, Elizabeth Hafner vs. William H. Flitner et al.—John J. Breen.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Orozio Patti vs. Rosalia Lanza et al.—James T. Brady.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Stover, J.—In re Haight & Freese Company—Edward Schenck, Autenreith vs. Wustrow—S. Li H. Ward, Pirk vs. Lainer—Walter R. Herrick, Cullinan vs. Leverant—Dana F. Ackerly. In re Stewart—Burt L. Rich. In re McArdle, (3)—Charles P. Robinson.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Wallin vs. Wallin—Ezekiel Fixman.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ERNEST MARTIN & Co.—Judge Holt of the United States District Court has appointed Eugene H. Pomeroy receiver in bankruptcy for the assets of Ernest Martin & Co., stock brokers of 60 Broadway and 101 East Fourteenth Street, and fixed his bond at $2,500.

LEONIDAS G. FAKE.—Leonidas G. Fake, dealer in dry goods at Poughkeepsie, has filed a petition in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $4,104 and assets of $2,000 in stock and fixtures. There are twelve creditors in this city, the largest being C. B. Rouss, $905. Mr. Fake made an assignment on Wednesday to Louis J. D'Auxy of 349 Broadway, this city. Judge Holt has appointed Edward Wilkinson of Poughkeepsie receiver.

LOUIS TREMMEL.—Louis Tremmel of 1,570 Bathgate Avenue, formerly a builder, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,313 and assets, consisting of two shares of stock of the Louis Tremmel Company, of which he is President, value unknown, and a half interest in $71 cash in bank to the account of Tremmel & Fuchs, in which firm he was a partner from 1804 to May 1, 1903. Of his liabilities, $19,000 are secured by mortgage on 133 Cannon Street.

LENA WULFERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Lena Wulfers, who kept a cafe at 448 East Fourteenth Street, by Charles F. Nahmmacher, a creditor for $1,222. It was alleged that in August she transferred all her interest in the cafe, covered all her real estate, the location of which is unknown to the petitioner, and transferred to L. L. Hart large sums of money. The place was started in 1898 by her husband, Henry Wulfers, who died in January, 1901, and she has since conducted the business. It is said there were chattel mortgages of $11,000 on the fixtures.

ULRICH SCHLAEPPI.—The petition in bankruptcy filed on Oct. 6 by Ulrich Schlaeppi, who formerly kept a restaurant and liquor business at 136 Bleecker Street, and was Vice President of the Huron Condensed Milk Company, has been dismissed by Judge Holt of the United States District Court. Mr. Schlaeppi has made a settlement with his creditors at 100 cents on the dollar, 64 cents payable in cash and 36 per cent in notes due on June 21, 1906. Mr. Schlaeppi's schedules showed liabilities $63,495 and nominal assets $20,177, of which $10,377 was cash.

UNIVERSAL BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Samuel Sanders has been appointed receiver of the Universal Building and Construction Company of this city by Justice Stover of the Supreme Court in a suit brought by Ethel M. C. Pugh on a judgment for $216 obtained on July 25 by James A. Noone, who assigned it to her. The company was incorporated in July, 1903, with a capital stock of $20,000 by East Side Hebrews for the purpose of building a synagogue at 58 and 60 Rivington Street. It was said that the assets of the company consist of a mortgage of $20,570 on the property given to the company by the synagogue for money advanced.

BERTHA LEVY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Bertha Levy, retail clothing dealer at 113 Stanton Street, by Cohen & Siegel, creditors for $550. It was alleged that she is insolvent, has made payments of $2,500 to certain creditors to prefer them, and has transferred merchandise and accounts amounting to $2,500. She was attached on Tuesday by J. Greenberg & Son for $500, and a City Marshal took possession of the stock, valued at $2,000. The liabilities are reported to be $10,000, and assets probably $1,500. She has been in business there over ten years. Judge Holt of the United States District Court has appointed Francis A. Griffin receiver of the assets.

J. ALDEN GAYLORD COMPANY.—Loren H. Mershon, President of the J. Alden Gaylord Company, dealer in investment securities at 35 Wall Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Oct. 18 by Yuditha E. Gaylord, Secretary and Treasurer, on a claim for $969 for salary, has filed an answer to the petition, denying that she is a creditor in any amount. He asserts that while Secretary and Teasurer she was not to receive any compensation for acting as such, no compensation by even voted to her. As a Board of Directors, she accepted the office without compensation, and never made any demand for salary until Oct. 4. He also asserts that the company is not indebted to any one except current accounts of a nominal amount.

EDWARD A. ABBOTT.—Edward A. Abbott, residing at the Hotel Endicott, Columbus Avenue and Eighty-first Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $149,956 and no available assets. The debts were contracted principally from 1895 to 1899. On Sept. 5, 1896, he conveyed to Robert L. Harrison, in trust, all his interest in stocks and bonds which were pledged for loans to pay certain claims and out of the balance to pay his creditors, the surplus to be paid back to him. He says that the Trustee has paid specially designated claims and has some stocks and cash on hand, the amount of which Mr. Abbott does not know. Among the creditors named by E. Abbott, $114,553, for loans; Nancy Thompson estate, $18,938; New York Transfer Company, $3,000; Major Thomas C. Treadwell, United States Army, $8,581; Phoenix Bridge Company, $2,377, and the Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn, $1,579.

Judgments.

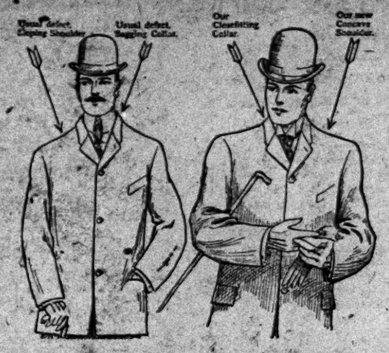
The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

ABRAHAMS, Paul M.—N. Y. Tel. Co.	$47
ARONSON, Morris—Charles B. McKay	534
ARCHER, Harry—N. Y. Edison Co.	181
ACKER, Isaac—Sigmund B. Hauser	5,147
ADLER, Christian—Annie A. Gridley and another, costs	105
BURNSIDE, John—Jacob Corday	41
BALLENTINE, George—Russell Bellamy	230
BAUR, Gustav—Wm. A. Spencer et al.	812
BROWN, Isidore—David Klauber et al.	2,148
CASLIN, Stephen—Levy & Rose	297
CROLIUS, Wm. H.—Austin E. Fletcher et al.	608
CONLAN, John M.—N. Y. Edison Co.	32
COGGSWELL, Wm. S.—A. J. Tower Co., costs	111
ENGERT, George—N. Y. Tel. Co.	53
EISENRUTH, John W.—N. Y. Tel. Co.	109
ESLER, Frederick R.—N. Y. Tel. Co.	114
EASTON, John T.—Edwin G. Gilmore	412
ERNST, Moritz and Carl—Sidonia Feltenstein	2,147
EARLY, Joseph M.—Thomas D. Greenley	141

M. MORGENTHAU, Jr., & CO.

of 135 Broadway, Real Estate and Insurance Brokers, have prepared a handsome map showing the Municipal Court Districts and location of Court Houses in Manhattan, which they are furnishing gratis to attorneys and others interested on application.

WM. VOGEL & SON.



Suits and Overcoats for Men, $20.

Infinite good taste and good style are expressed in our series of Suits and Overcoats at Twenty Dollars.

Every line and curve defines the newest thought of the master tailorman and the latest knack of fashion. You can measure their qualities only by comparing with the products of the better class of custom tailors—with such they are on the same level.

Incorporated in every garment is our "Concave Shoulder" and "Closefitting" Collar.

The suits take form in a series of single and double breasted models, fashioned of plain or fancy cheviots, cassimeres in exclusive designs, blue and black Thibets and smooth surface worsteds in a diversity of patterns.

The overcoats involve a series of models in medium length and extra long overcoats—the fabrics are smart cheviots, Kerseys, Meltons and velours, in black, gray, brown and fancy effects.

Other suits and overcoats $15 to $40.

WM. VOGEL & SON,

Broadway Houston St.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:24|Sun sets..5:04|Moon sets...5:21

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water.	Low Water.
	Hgt. P.M.	A.M. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:29 6:56	12:16 12:50
Governors Island	6:49 7:13	12:45 1:15
Hell Gate	8:42 9:06	2:17 2:47

Arrived—Thursday, Oct. 26.

SS Prinzess Irene, Naples, Oct. 13.	
SS Tagus, Kingston, Oct. 21.	1,000
SS El Dorado, New Orleans, Oct. 21.	
SS Caserta, Gibraltar, Oct. 18.	274
SS City of Macon, Savannah, Oct. 23.	
SS Nord America, Palermo, Oct. 13.	111
SS Moorish Prince, Barbados, Oct. 17.	
SS Verona, St. Marc Oct. 20.	193
	102

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail
*Amerika, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vigilancia, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rhein, Bremen		10:00 A.M.
Oceanic, Liverpool		5:00 P.M.
Cienfuegos, Santiago	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Charleston		3:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Brunswick		3:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

*St. Paul, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
*Astoria, Glasgow	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
*Finland, Antwerp	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Princess Irene, Naples	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
*Umbria, Liverpool	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Philadelphia, Curacoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Syracuse, Fernambuco	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Maraval, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sarnia, Jamaica	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Tagus, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Coronation, Argentina	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London		11:30 A.M.
Patricia, Hamburg		5:00 A.M.
El Dorado, New Orleans		3:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston		3:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville		3:00 P.M.
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.
El Sigio, Galveston		3:00 P.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Monroe, Norfolk	3:00 P.M.

*Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Fricka	Bordeaux	Oct. 12
Scotia	Bremen	Oct. 12
Pretoria	Hamburg	Oct. 21
La Lorraine	Havre	Oct. 21
Lucania	Liverpool	Oct. 21

DUE TO-MORROW.

New York	Southampton	Oct. 21
Pannonia	Mediterranean	Oct. 18
Seguranca	Havana	Oct. 24
El Norte	Galveston	Oct. 22
Finance	Bayo	Oct. 21
Finance	Colon	Oct. 21

DUE SUNDAY.

Bluecher	Hamburg	Oct. 19
Columbia	Glasgow	Oct. 21
La Gascogne	Havre	Oct. 21
Santiago	Nassau	Oct. 25

DUE MONDAY.

Minnehaha	London	Oct. 21
Vaderland	Antwerp	Oct. 21
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Oct. 21
Creflo	Naples	Oct. 17

Reported by Wireless.

SS Pannonia, incoming, was in wireless communication with the Marconi station at Sable Island, N. F., at 10 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier about noon to-morrow.

SS Pretoria, incoming, was reported by Marconi wireless passing Nantucket at 9 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier about 8 A. M. to-day.

SS Lucania, incoming, was in wireless communication with the Marconi station on Sable Island, N. F., at 7:30 A. M. yesterday when 724 miles east of Sandy Hook; due at her pier about 7 P. M. to-day.

SS Havana, outgoing, was reported by De Forest wireless 510 miles south of Cape Hatteras at 8 P. M. yesterday.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived.

SS Baltic, at Liverpool, Oct. 26.
SS La Savoie, at Havre, Oct. 26.
SS Deutschland, at Cherbourg, Oct. 26.
SS Koenigin Luise, at Naples, Oct. 26.
SS Brooklyn, at Fayal, Oct. 26.
SS Manuel, Calvo, at Barcelona, Oct. 21.
SS Gerty, at Naples, Oct. 21.
SS Main, at Bremen, Oct. 23.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk Oct. 25.
SS Cubana, Sagua Oct. 20.
SS Leander, Cardenas Oct. 17.
SS Pretoria, Hamburg Oct. 14.
SS Regina El

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Harlem Block Resold by Operators—Purchase of Large Plot on Edgecombe Avenue—Suit Begun Involving Broad Street Corner.

H. D. Baker & Brother have sold for Elsman & Lippmann to M. Weinstein the block bounded by Park and Lexington Avenues, 130th and 131st Streets, containing thirty-two lots. The property was bought by the present sellers from Lowenfeld & Prager, who acquired it a few days ago from Mrs. Elizabeth Lyon and the estate of William Remsen.

Edgecombe Avenue Plot Sold.

L. J. Phillips & Co. have sold for Bernard Loth to Herman Cohen and Abraham Ruth the plot, 259.10 by 100, on the west side of Edgecombe Avenue, 229.10 feet north of 145th Street. The rock on the property will be removed by the new owners upon taking title.

Broad Street Corner Figures in Suit.

An action for the specific performance of contract has been begun by the Broad and Beaver Street Company against the City Real Property Investing Company involving the properties at the southeast corner of Broad and Beaver Streets, known as 61 to 69 Broad Street, 34 to 46 Beaver Street, and 8 South William Street. These properties were secured under contract about three months ago by the City Investing Company, the Century Realty Company, and the United States Realty and Improvement Company, the Broad and Beaver Street Company being formed by the three corporations for the purpose of handling this particular operation.

Houses Sold Near Fifth Avenue.

The National Realty Company (John H. Parker, President,) has sold, through Henry D. Winans & May, to J. Howard Wright, for about $125,000, the new six-story American basement dwelling, 31 East Fifty-first Street, on lot 22 by 100.5. This completes the sale of a row of seven houses which the National Realty Company erected at 31 to 43 East Fifty-first Street.

The same brokers have also sold for Mrs. J. H. Sweetser, 37 West Fifty-eighth Street, a four-story brownstone-front dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.5.

Negotiations for the leasing of George Vanderbilt's residence at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street, to H. C. Frick were conducted through Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown & Co.

Boreel Building Improvement.

The Boreel Building site at 115 Broadway is to be improved practically in accordance with plans announced several months ago by the owners of the property, the United States Realty and Improvement Company. Recently there have been reports to the effect that some of the neighboring property owners had refused to give their consent to the closing of streets necessary to the carrying out of the scheme. The North American Trust Company and the Fidelity and Casualty Company objected to the closing of Temple Street, between Thames and Cedar Streets. These objections, it was learned yesterday, have been withdrawn.

An addition to the Trinity Building, about 25 feet wide, will be built along its northerly side, upon what is now the bed of Thames Street. Adjoining this on the north, and extending from Broadway to Trinity Place, a new Thames Street will be given to the city, and between this new street and Cedar Street will be erected a twenty-story building, which will be practically a duplicate of the enlarged Trinity Building. In return for the privilege of closing the block mentioned on Temple Street, the company has agreed to give a strip about three feet wide, which will be added to Cedar Street along its southerly side.

Many West Side Houses Sold.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for Carolin G. Hilliard to a client, for occupancy, the three-story brownstone dwelling 226 West Seventy-first Street, 16.8 by 58 by 100.5.

Julie M. Rhodes has sold 68 West Eighty-seventh Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, on lot 16 by 100.8.

James Carlew has sold 142 West Ninety-third Street, a four-story brownstone-front dwelling, on lot 20 by 100.8.

Caleb Chase of Brookline, Mass., has sold 316 West End Avenue, a three-story dwelling, adjoining the southeast corner of Seventy-fifth Street.

Lucy Page Whitehead has sold 72 West Ninety-first Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 21 by 100.8.

Offutt & Brothers are the buyers of 147 West Seventy-sixth Street, sold recently.

E. R. Thomas Gets Building Loan.

E. R. Thomas has secured a building loan of $100,000 from the City Investing Company on the property at the southeast corner of Broadway and Sixty-third Street, for the purpose of erecting a four-story garage.

Flats and Dwellings Sold on Heights.

Charles Griffith Moses & Brother have sold for M. & J. Falk the five-story flat 503 West 158th Street, 25 by 100.

B. B. Fisher & Co. have sold for Otto Kampfe 511 West 145th Street, a five-story apartment house, 33.4 by 100; also, resold for H. Howard to a client 515 West 145th Street, a five-story apartment house, 33 x 99 100; and 456 Willis Avenue, a five-story apartment house, with stores, to Mrs. A. Johns; also, for Barbara Strauss, 499 West 150th Street.

Thomas & Son have sold for Louis Kerr to Isaac Westerfeld, for occupancy, the three-story dwelling 1455 West 147th Street, on lot 18.9 by 99.11.

Myers & Aronson have bought from Myer Sichel and William Scully 748 and 750 St. Nicholas Avenue, a three-story brick dwelling, on plot 50 by 100, near 147th Street.

Goold Deal in Dyckman Tract.

Goold Weil negotiated the sale of the Jay Goold estate holdings in the Dyckman tract to Max Marx. The properties are the following: Three lots on Broadway, near Dyckman Street; 4 lots at the corner of Broadway and Isham Street; 2 lots adjoining on Isham Street; 4 lots at the corner of Vermilyea Avenue and Isham Street; 2 lots on Vermilyea Avenue, 250 feet south of Academy Street; 2 lots on Academy Street, 100 feet east of Sherman Avenue; 4 lots at the corner of Sherman Avenue and Isham Street; 3 lots adjoining on Sherman Avenue; 3 lots at Sherman Avenue and 211th Street, and 6 lots at Vermilyea Avenue and 211th Street.

Buyer for Seventh Avenue Parcel.

Harry Goodstein has sold to Beethoven Laundauer, through David Davis & Co., the five-story apartment house, with stores, 2,187 Seventh Avenue, 75 feet north of 129th Street, on lot 25 by 96.

Porter & Co. have sold for Alanson J. Prime the two five-story double flats, 132 and 134 West 129th Street, each 25 by 100.

Samuel E. Jacobs has bought the three-story dwellings, 7, 9, and 11 West 113th Street, from the various owners.

Quick Resale on Ninth Avenue.

P. T. Canavan has sold for H. McKeough to Frederick Patterson the five-story flat 123 Ninth Avenue and has resold the property for Mr. Patterson to A. Parshall.

The same broker has also sold for Lewis Quinn the four-story brick tenement, 425 West Thirty-sixth Street.

E. R. Thomas Gets Building Loan.

E. R. Thomas has secured a building loan of $100,000 from the City Investing Company on the property at the southeast corner of Broadway and Sixty-third Street, for the purpose of erecting a four-story garage.

West Side Flats Change Hands.

John R. Davidson has sold for Mrs. L. Ford the five-story double flat, 80 West 103d Street, on lot 25 by 100.

Edgar Lehman has sold the two new six-story apartment houses 231 to 235 West 107th Street, each on plot 50 by 100.11.

Julius Scott negotiated the sale of the five-story triple flat 503 Amsterdam Avenue to Theresa Proops.

Lichtenberg Brothers have sold for B. Biederman 169 West End Avenue, a five-story triple tenement with stores, 25 by 100.

East 123d Street Purchases.

Frederick Van Vliet Shaw has sold for Louis A. Solomon the two four-story buildings, on plot 50 by 100, at 414 and 416 East 123d Street.

Potsdam, Levin & Friedman have sold for M. Kinzler to Nowak & Siegel two three-story buildings, 411 and 413 East 123d Street, plot 37.6 by 100.11.

Joseph Mandelkern has sold to Maurice B. Ripen for Hyman Horowitz 88 to 92 East 111th Street, a six-story apartment house with stores on plot 48 by 100.

Max M. Pullman has resold to Max A. Kreielsheimer the five-story double flat 441 East Seventy-fifth Street, 25 by 51.2.

Philip Meyerowitz has sold for Simon Lefkowitz the property on the south side of Ninety-ninth Street, 50 feet west of Park Avenue, 35 by 100.

Property Sold on East 107th Street.

Steinman & Jackson have sold for the Empire Cornice Works the new six-story tenement, on plot 50 by 63, on the south side of 107th Street, 100 feet west of First Avenue.

John J. Cody has resold for George J. Humphreys 146 East Eighty-fourth Street, an old building, on lot 26.1 by 100.

William Lemberg & Co. have sold for Julius Shweitzer to L. Josep 204 East 126th Street, a five-story double flat, with stores, 27.6 by 99.11.

L. Minzie and Walter D. Starr have sold for S. H. Schwartz to H. Lippmann to the Rosehill Realty Corporation, the two four-story flats 552 and 554 Second Avenue, on plot 32.9 by 100.

Samuel Greenfield has bought the six-story flat 428 and 430 East Fifty-first Street, 36 by 100, from Hyman & Oppenheim.

Bronx Corners Find Buyers.

Barry & McLaughlin have sold for Louis Bauer to a builder the southeast corner of Wilkins Place and 170th Street, a plot 53 by 100.

Louis Schrag has sold for Annie Rehill the plot at the northeast corner of 172d Street and Walton Avenue.

The Ernst-Cahn Realty Company has sold for John and Carrie Wagner to Solomon M. Robinson the southeast corner of Webster Avenue and St. Paul's Place, a four-story triple flat, with stores, on plot 22.4 by 100; also, for a client to Rosie M. Zeller 2,047 Washington Avenue, a four-story triple flat on lot 25 by 142.

Isaac Haft has bought from Simon Morris and Max Sussman the six-story apartment house in course of construction on the south side of 153d Street, 70 feet east of Melrose Avenue.

Richard Dickson has sold for Mary E. Durrell the property 603 East 162d Street.

William Peters & Co. have sold for August Diener to J. Palle the three-family frame dwelling on the east side of Taylor Street, 325 feet south of Morris Park Avenue, Van Nest; also, for Minnie Gluck to Lizzie Schneider, the two-family dwelling on the west side of Jefferson Street, 100 feet north of Morris Park Avenue.

Sales of Brooklyn Properties.

Stokes & Knowles report the sales of the following Brooklyn properties: 277 Kingston Avenue, a two-story, two-family house, on lot 20 by 80, for K. C. & M. V. McDonald; also, two lots on East Fifty-sixth Street, between Grant and Vernon Avenues, for Alfred P. Smith, Jr. to an investor.

Buyer for Lots at Rockaway.

L. J. Phillips & Co. have sold for the West Rockaway Land Company to P. Quinn twelve lots at Belle Harbor on the east side of Pelham Avenue, 100 feet south of Bay View Drive.

Herbert A. Sherman has sold for Edward Weeks & Sons farm property, comprising about 150 acres, at New Castle, Westchester County.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Goldsticker.

65th St, 142 East, s s, 180 ft e of Lexington Av, 20x100.5, three-story dwelling; executors' sale, to D. B. Freedman $26,250

90th St, 67 East, n s, 123 ft w of Park Av, 18.6x100.8, three-story dwelling; sale to close partnership, to Paul Hellinger 21,100

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

105th St, n s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, for a six-story brick tenement, 40x87.11; H. Levine of 1,411 Madison Av, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein of 24 East 23d St, architects; cost, $40,000.

62d St, 10 East, for a six-story brick dwelling, 25x100.5; E. D. Wiles of 20 West 30th St, owner; Hoppin, Koen & Huntington of 244 5th Av, architects; cost, $45,000.

27th St, 306 to 312 East, for two six-story brick tenements, 37x35.9; Joseph Simple of 304 East 72d St, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $80,000.

86th St, 310 to 324 West, for a three-story brick stable, 64x100; Bradley, Broadway and 86th St, owner; M. V. B. Ferdon of 329 West 68th St, architect; cost, $25,000.

1st Av, s w corner of 100th St, for a six-story brick flat and store, 40.11x90; Kleinfeld & Rothfeld of 190 Bowery, owners; S. Sass of 229 Park Row, architect; cost, $65,000.

170th St, s s, 145 ft e of Audubon Av, for three one-story brick shops, 20x25; Laudin & Straum of 1,447 5th Av, owners; G. F. Pelham of 503 5th Av, architect; cost, $1,500.

1st Av, w s, 40.11 ft s of 100th St, for three six-story brick flats and stores, 40x87; Kleinfeld & Rothfeld, owners; S. Sass, architect; cost, $135,000.

Arthur Av, n e corner of Oak Tree Place, for a five-story brick tenement, 25x81; Charles Bjorkegren of 2,148 Mapes Av, owner; Franz Wolfgang of 787 East 177th St, architect; cost, $25,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

4th Av, s e corner of 25th St, to five and six story brick lofts; R. W. Goelet of 9 West 17th St, owner; D. M. Ach of 1 Madison Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Thursday, Oct. 26.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 150.2 ft n of 190th St, 281.2x226.6; Mitchell L. Erlanger, Sheriff, to Ludovic A. Domainville 18

B ST, s e corner of Dyckman St, 165x100.4; John Lever to Emma B. Lever, ½ part, (mtg $22,000) .....

BERGEN AV, 682, s e s, 17.1x131; 654 Bergen Av, s s, 16.11x123.1; Hugh McKeon to E. Frernig, (mtg $7,000) .....

BERGEN AV, s e s, 192.10 ft s w of Grove St, 17.1x131; Walter J. Schmidt and others to Hugh McKeon, (mtg $2,500) 2,615

BERGEN AV, s e s, 175.11 ft s w of 153d St, 16.11x123.1; Wilhelmina Betsig to Hugh McKeon, (mtg $2,500) .....

BIRCH ST, w s, 250 ft n of Boston Post Road, 50x100; R. A. Hofmann to Frederick E. Bauer ..... Nom.

BRADHURST AV, e s, 25 ft s of 148th St, 25x75; John Wendt to Simon H. Glassheit, (mtg $14,500) .....

BRIGGS AV, 2,670, e s, 22.2x77.8; William H. Wright to Kate Breen, (mtg $5,000) 57,000

BROADWAY, s w corner of 135th St, 149.11x100; James R. Hay to Chelsea Realty Company, (mtg $76,000) .....

BROADWAY, n w corner of 135th St, 199.10x100; John O. Baker to Chelsea Realty Company, (mtg $80,000) .....

BROADWAY, s w corner of 136th St, 199.10x99; John O. Baker to Chelsea Realty Company, (mtg $140,000) .....

BROADWAY, n w corner of 152d St, 199.10x125; John O. Baker to Chelsea Realty Company, (mtg $70,000) .....

BROADWAY, w s, at centre line between 60th and 61st Sts, runs n 250.10; w 125.4; s 253.4; to beg. Lot 2, Daniel F. Bradley to Ellen M. Hennessy, ¼ part. 21,250

BROOK AV, w s, 75 ft s of 144th St, 74.11x90; Hugh Colwell to Margaret Colwell, (mtg $19,100) .....

BROOK AV, e s, 200 ft n of 171st St, 25x100.11; Charles Schneider and others to Michael J. Duggan, (mtg $13,000) .....

BROWN PLACE, e s, 50 ft n of 134th St, 50x100; Charles S. Brown and others, executors, to Frank Liesmann .....

BOULEVARD, s e corner of 145th St, 90.11x100; John O. Baker to Chelsea Realty Company, (mtg $60,000) .....

CARTER AV, n e corner of 178th St, 150x64; Constance M. Andrews to Emily T. Wood .....

CAULDWELL AV, 911, w s, 18x100; Anna M. Decker to Harry Kinstler, (mtg $5,000) .....

CLAY AV, 1,343, w s, 16.8x80.2; Harry B. Linton to B. Fahrenwald, (mtg $2,000) .....

CHISHOLM ST, w s, 75 ft s of Freeman St, 25x90; Maiej Hampi to Adolph Lang .....

EAST ½ of Lot 825, map of Wakefield, 50x114; John Davidson to Perley S. Crosier .....

FRANKLIN AV, w s, 60.10 ft n of 170th St, 16.7x100; Clement Wyss to Mary R. Donahay .....

JACKSON AV, 1,049, w s, 17.5x87.6; Amelia Scholerman to George B. Middleton, (mtg $4,000) .....

JEFFERSON AV, s e corner of Murdock Av, 25x100; Michael Reynolds to Land Company C of Edenwald .....

LENOX AV, e s, 62.5 ft n of 137th St, 37.6x100; George Doctor to Rosa Gelb, (mtg $40,000) ..... Omitted

LEXINGTON AV, 375, e s, 15x100; Kate M. Conklin to Lewis A. Stimson 100

LEWIS ST, 186, e s, 24x100.5; Joseph Kreinik to Abraham J. Gottlieb, (mtg $30,500) 100

LOT 20, map of Highbridgeville; Anna S. Donges to Christian Donges, all title Nom.

LOTS 22 and 23, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Andrew Sullivan .....

LOTS 12 and 13, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Henry C. Quick 100

LOTS 8 to 11, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Robert N. Quinn. Nom.

LOTS 60, 61, 62, 63 to 65, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Gyula Armeny 100

LOTS 134 and 135, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to John Fevinane 100

LOTS 141 and 142, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Luke S. Van Zandt and another .....

LOT 173, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Emma P. Howell .....

LOT 175, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to M. Schmidt .....

LOT 177, map of 181 lots Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to J. B. Worpitzky .....

LOT 176, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to V. Wojooda .....

LOT 178, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Burghard Hank .....

MARION AV, n w s, 99 ft s w of 201st St, 55x220; Lawrence R. Berth and others to Andrew Gibbons .....

MACY PLACE, n s, 208.11 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x94.9; Percy T. D. Elphick to M. Dabrymple, (mtg $4,000) .....

MADISON AV, s s, 50 ft w of Gainsborg Av, 25x100; Bankers' Mortgage and Security Company to Edward H. Upton.....

NEW BOWERY, 17, s s s, —x—; George G. De Witt and others, trustees, to George R. Pond 10,000

NORTH MOORE ST, 97, n s, 20x50; Steffen Dieckmann to Marie Dieckmann .....

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 184, e s, 28.5x103.6; Domellille Dennison, trustee, to Mary J. Pell .....

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n s, 193 ft w of Brown Place, 25x100; William Zimmer to E. Patterson, (mtg $2,000) .. Nom.

TELLER AV, 1,322, e s, 25x80; Thornton Brothers Company to A. C. Thodl, (mtg $5,000) 100

VYSE AV, w s, 125 ft s of 181st St, 50x125; Chelsea Realty Company to William McVeigh .....

WALTON AV, 2,429, w s, 16.8x82; Leopold Schwarzkopf to Charles Wolanck, (mtg $2,500) .....

WASHINGTON ST, 368, w s, 25x75; Steffen Dieckmann to John Dieckmann .....

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 400 ft n of Clay Av, 50x100; Annie E. Walsh to Maria A. Reilly ..... Nom.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, ½ of Lot 113, map of Belmont, 50x100; Sarah J. Brownley to Maria A. Reilly .....

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of Warren St, 25x irregular; Worth Av, w s, 50 ft n of Warren St, runs e 25x n 100x w 25x s 100; Julia L. Gerding to Emily F. Wood ..... Nom.

WOODY CREST AV, 275 ft s of 164th St, 50x100; Ivy A. Root to Harriet A. Ver Planck, (mtg $8,500) 100

WORTH AV, n w corner of 175d St, 60x25; C. M. Andrews and another to Emily F. Wood ..... Nom.

WORTH AV, n w corner of Warren St, 50x85; Elizabeth J. Bennett to Emily F. Wood, all liens ..... Nom.

2D AV, e s, 108.8 ft s of 49th St, 16.8x100; Nathan Barber and another to Jacob Leyinstein, (mtg $11,000) .....

2D AV, 494 and 496, e s, 40.4x100; Samuel Robert to Dora Sokolski, (mtg $42,000) .....

5TH AV, s w corner of 138th St, 99.11x irreg; Max Lewine and others to Samuel Levine and another, (mtg $54,000) .....

4TH AV, s s, w 25 ft of e 50 ft of Lot 611, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Florence M. Constantian to William Fichter, (mtg $2,000) .....

5TH AV, 316 and 318, e s, 30.8x60; Abraham Samuels and others to Jacob Jacobs 50,000

9TH AV, s e corner of 15th St, 51.7x100; James R. Roosevelt and others, trustees, to Mary A. Tuttle 55,500

18TH ST, 123 West, 20x92; Catherine L. Foley to Jay W. Behan, all liens.....

26TH ST, 153 East, 20x80.11; Peter Costello to Margaret T. Johnson, (mtg $65,000) .....

30TH ST, 216 West, 21x98.9; Louise Jorgensen to Niels D. W. Jorgensen, all liens .....

33D ST, s s, 271.2 ft e of 3d Av, 17x100; Clara Rosenblatt to Benjamin Blumenthal, ½ part, (mtg $6,000) .....

97TH ST, n s, 163.8 ft e of Madison Av, 137.6x100.10; Herman Aaron to Simon Myers and another, (mtg $65,000) .....

98TH ST, s s, 95 ft e of Lexington Av, 100x100.11; John W. Marks and another to Mishkind-Feinberg Realty Company, (mtg $20,000) .....

99TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.11; Mary Foley to Hoarn J. Power, ½ part, (mtg $6,000) .....

99TH ST, n s, 325 ft e of Columbus Av, 50x400.11; Nathan Lamport to William Stolz, (mtg $45,000) .....

105TH ST, 160 West, 18.10x100.11; Clara Eakins to Alice W. Gleason .....

107TH ST, 210 and 212 East, 43.8x100.11; Samuel Adler and others to William Bachrach and another, (mtg $17,000) .....

113TH ST, 163 East, 20x100.10; Margaret O'Leary to Annie M. McKenna, (mtg $8,000) .....

117TH ST, n s, 98 ft e of Pleasant Av, 30x100.10; Abraham Halpin and others to David Levy and another, (mtg $6,000) .....

127TH ST, s s, 118 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11; Mary O'Brien, jr., referee, to Sarah Bernstein, (mtg $10,000) .....

134TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of Alexander Av, 18.10x100; Ellen McLaughlin to E. J. McLaughlin, (mtg $2,500) .....

134TH ST, n s, 400 ft w of Broadway, 50x99.11; John O. Baker to Chelsea Realty Company, (mtg $25,000) .....

134TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of Alexander Av, 18.10x100; Edward J. McLaughlin to Ellen McLaughlin, (mtg $2,500) .....

134TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 5th Av, 25x99.11; Vogel & Co. to Charles Diamond and another, (mtg $19,500) .....

138TH ST, s s, 669.10 ft e of Willis Av, 19.8x100; 138th St, s s, 703.11 ft e of Willis Av, 19.8x100; Violet Von Schalck to John D. Strahmann, all title.....

138TH ST, s s, 689.4 ft e of Willis Av, 19.6x100; Charles H. Revell to John D. Strahmann and another .....

146TH ST, 325 East, 25x100; German Real Estate Company to M. Meyer, (mtg $18,000) .....

141ST ST, s s, 170 ft e of Broadway, 55x99.11; Julius D. Tobias to Paul Block, ½ part, (mtg $76,000) .....

148TH ST, s s, 455.4 ft e of Terrace Place, 99.8x100; Joseph T. B. Jones to Garibaldi Realty and Construction Company, (mtg $15,000) .....

152D ST, 662 East, 25x114.6; George F. Campbell to Herman Brocker, (mtg $24,000) .....

152D ST, s s, 225 ft w of Broadway, 100x199.10; Max Levine and others to Max Keasler and another, (mtg $54,000) .....

157TH ST, 622 and 624 West, 50x99.11; Thomas E. Chatanian to Day Star Baptist Church, (mtg $1,100) .....

157TH ST, 522 and 524 West, 50x99.11; Watkins Brothers Company to Thomas F. Crawford, (mtg $11,000) ..... Nom.

178TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of Bronx Park Av, 25x100; Herman Birnbaum to Joseph Diamond and another, (mtg $3,400) .....

182D ST, s s, 65.9 ft w of Park Av, 16.8x82.5; Augusta Rieth to Charles Spitz, (mtg $3,425) 100

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

AARON, Herman, to American Mortgage Company; 97th St, n s, 162.6 ft e of Madison Av, due June 30, 1907, 5½ per cent. .....

AARON, Herman, to American Mortgage Company; 97th St, n s, 162.6 ft e of Madison Av, prior mtg $57,000, due June 30, 1907, 6 per cent. 57,000

ARMENT, Gyula, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 65 to 68, map of Varian estate, 1 year. 100

ARMENY, Gyulo, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 60 to 62, map of Varian estate, 1 year. 8,000

BAUER, Frederick E., to R. A. Hofman; Birch St, w s, 250 ft n of Old Boston Post Road, 50x100; 1 year. 3,200

BENDHEIM, Clothilde, to John Stich and others; 5 West 113th St, 3 years. 800

BINDER, Jacob, to another to the Metropolitan Savings Bank; 56th St, 310 and 312 East, 6 years. 8,000

BINDER, Jacob, and others to C. A. De La Vergne, and another, trustees; 56th St, s s, 190 ft e of 2d Av, 5 years. 38,000

BREEN, Kate, to William B. Wright; Briggs Av, e s, 283 ft n of 194th St, 3 years, 6 per cent. 18,000

CUBA, Isidore, to N. Glassheim; 179 East Broadway, Installments. .....

DALRYMPLE, Mayme, to Estelle Dalrymple; Macy Place, n s, 208.11 ft e of Prospect Av, prior mtg $4,000, 3 years, 4 per cent. 3,000

DIAMOND, Mary, to Dollar Savings Bank of Crotona Av, e s, 356.7 ft n of 181st St, due June 29, 1906, 5½ per cent. 8,000

DONAHAY, Mary A., to C. Wyss; Franklin Av, w s, 60.10 ft n of 170th St, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 6,400

FAHRENWALD, Bridget, to H. B. Linton; Clay Av, s s, 530.9 ft n of 169th St, prior mtg $2,000, 2 years, 6 per cent. 600

FROEHLICH, Paul, to H. Froehlich; 152d St, 580 East, prior mtg $3,000, 3 years. 3,000

FROEHLICH, Paul, to W. Haffen; 1522 St, 580 East, 3 years, 6 per cent. 3,000

FULLER, Fredrick J., to A. R. Fletcher; 145th St, s s, 142 ft w of Convent Av, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 12,000

GARIBALDI REALTY AND CONstruction Company, to H. O. Heuer; 148th St, s s, 455.4 ft e of Terrace Place, due Oct. 31, 1905 2,000

GELB, Rosa, to George Doctor; Lenox Av, e s, 62.5 ft n of 137th St, 3 years, 6 per cent. 9,350

GLASSCHEIB, Simon H., to J. Wendt and another; Bradhurst Av, e s, 25 ft s of 148th St, 1 year, 6 per cent. 1,000

LEXINGTON AV, 375, e s, 15x100; Kate M. Conklin to Lewis A. Stimson 100

GUTERMAN, Leah, to K. M. Hunsty; 53 118th St, 5 years. 11,000

HARLEM RIVER REALTY COMPANY to F. R. Robert; plot, begins at centre line of block between Woodycrest Av and Nelson Av, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 1,500

HASLUN, Joseph, to J. W. Brice; 165th St, s s, 200.7 ft e of Amsterdam Av, due Jan. 1, 1907, 6 per cent. .....

HAUK, Burghard, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lot 178, map of Varian estate, 3 years. 730

HEROLD, Adele K., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 88th St, n s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent. 12,000

JACOBS, Jacob, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 8th Av, e s, 18.8 ft s of 26th St, due June 30, 1908, 4½ per cent. 24,000

JORGENSON, Niels D. W., to H. S. James; 36th St, s s, 605 ft e of 8th Av, 1 year, 6 per cent. 1,000

KARP, Maier, to I. Beatty; plot, begins 840 ft e of White Plains Road and 250 ft n of Morris Park Av, 2 years, 6 per cent 500

KENNEDY, John J., to S. Smith; 77th St, 316 West, 5 years, 4½ per cent. 24,000

KINETTER, Harry, to A. M. Decker; Cauldwell Av, 911, 4 years, 6 per cent. 1,700

LANG, Adolph, to M. Hample; Chisholm St, w s, 75 ft s of Freeman St, due Jan. 1, 1908, 6 per cent. 1,000

LANG, Adolph, to M. Hample; Chisholm St, w s, 75 ft s of Freeman St, due Jan. 1, 1909, 5½ per cent. 2,500

LEAKE, Austin, to H. F. Kanembley; Sullivan St, 96 to 100, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 37,500

LEAKE, Austin, to H. F. Kanembley; Sullivan St, 96 to 100, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 37,500

LEHR, Annie, to N. Phelps; Lots 115 and 116, map of Dally estate, 1 year, 6 per cent. 500

LEVY, David, and another to A. Halprin and others; 117th St, n s, 98 ft e of Pleasant Av, 1 year, 6 per cent. 2,500

LIEBMAN, Frank, and another to City Real Estate Company; Brown Place, e s, 50 ft n of 134th St, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 4,875

LIONGO, Peter, and another to M. L. Seifert; Lots 175 and 176, map of Gleason property, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 1,500

MANHEIM, Louis, to Reid Ice Cream Company; 130th St, n s, 106.8 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 1 year, 5½ per cent. 11,000

McKEON, Hugh, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Bergen Av, 652, demand 7,000

McVEIGH, William, to Chelsea Realty Company; Vyse Av, w s, 125 ft s of 181st St, due June 30, 1908 4,000

MERWIN REALTY COMPANY to J. E. Carpenter; Summit Av, w s, 208 ft s of Cross St, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 8,500

MEERWIN REALTY COMPANY to J. E. Carpenter; Summit Av, 184 ft s of Cross St, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 8,000

MERWIN REALTY COMPANY to Joseph E. Carpenter; Summit Av, w s, 232.9 ft s of Cross St, 5 years. 9,000

MIDDLETON, George S., to B. Marcoso; Jackson Av, 1,049, per bond. 6,000

MISKIND-FEINBERG REALTY COMPANY to John J. Keegan and another; 98th St, s s, 95 ft e of Lexington Av, due May 1, 1907, 6 per cent 13,150

MOORE, Walter J., to M. J. Speyer; Rivington St, 312, 3 years, 5½ per cent 10,000

MUGLER'S IRON WORKS to Port Morris Land and Improvement Company; 136th St, n s, 175 ft w of Walnut Av, 5 years 9,000

MULHOLLAND, Catherine, to James J. Phelan, trustee; Marion Av, e s, 32 ft s of 183d St, 3 years, 6 per cent. 1,000

PICHETTO, Louis, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 37 and 38, map of Varian estate, 1 year. 500

POND, George R., to George G. De Witt and others, trustees; New Bowery, 17, 3 years. 7,000

POWER, Mary, and another to Ury Danenberg and others; 260 West 99th St, 8 years. 20,000

QUARRIER, Anita B., and another to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 1st Av, 1,088, due June 30, 1908. .....

QUICK, Henry C., to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 12 and 13, map of Varian estate, 3 years. 1,800

QUICK, Robert N., to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 8 to 11, map of Varian estate, 2 years. 3,980

REIMAN, Alice, to Equitable Life Assurance Society; 127th St, n s, 150.6 ft w of 7th Av, 3 years, gold 6,500

ROSENTHAL, Hyman, to J. E. Marsh and another, executors; Allen St, 196, 5 years, 5½ per cent. 18,000

ROSENTHAL, Hyman, to Alida M. Martin; Allen St, 196, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, 6 per cent. 4,000

ROTHMILLER, Clementine, to Amalia Wagner; 141st St, n s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 1 year, 6 per cent. 2,500

SAKOLSKI, Dora, to S. Robert; 2d Av, 436, prior mtg $24,000, 3 years, 6 per cent. 2,500

SAKOLSKI, Dora, to S. Robert; 2d Av, 434, prior mtg $18,000, 3 years, 6 per cent. 5,500

SALVATION ARMY to Acme Building Company; Cherry St, 92 and 94, due Nov. 25, 1905, 6 per cent. 18,000

SCHMIDT, Minnie, to Mosholu Parkway; Realty Company; Lot 175, map of Varian estate, 3 years. 700

SILVERSON, Joseph, and another to Germania Life Insurance Company; Amsterdam Av, s w corner of 139th St, per bond 75,000

SILVERSON, Joseph, and another to Germania Life Insurance Company; Amsterdam Av, w s, 49.11 ft s of 139th St, as per bond 55,000

STRAHMANN, John D., to Singleton Van Schaick; 138th St, s s, 659.4 ft e of Willis Av, 3 years 8,000

STRAHMANN, John D., to Singleton Van Schaick; 138th St, s s, 669.10 ft e of Willis Av, 3 years 8,000

STRAHMANN, John D., to Singleton Van Schaick; 138th St, s s, 708.11 ft e of Willis Av, 3 years 8,000

SULLIVAN, Andrew, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 22 and 23, map of Varian estate, 3 years. 1,200

TURNAINE, John, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 134 and 135, map of Varian estate, 3 years. 2,200

TOELBERG, John, to S. Williamson; Lot 1, map of Fox estate, prior mtg $17,000, demand, 6 per cent. 4,500

UPTON, Edward H., to Bankers' Realty and Security Company; Madison Av, s s, 50 ft w of Gainsburg Av, 3 years. 2,500

VEJVODA, Vaelav, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lot 170, map of Varian estate, 3 years. 400

WALANICK, Charles, to L. Schwarskopf; 2,439 Walton Av, due May 1, 1907, 6 per cent. 700

WARPITZKY, Julius B., to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lot 177, map of Varian estate, 3 years. 1,150

WEINSTEIN, Louis, to the Corporate Realty Association; 8th Av, s e corner of 49th St, prior mtg $58,000, demand, 6 per cent. 750

WOOD, Emily F., to William G. Wood and another; Carter Av, n e corner of 173d St, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 1,000

Mechanics' Liens.

119TH ST, 227 and 229 East; James Colletti against Carmine Altieri, owner; Peter Altieri, contractor. 450

HARLEM RIVER, e bank, 125 ft n of Jerome Av, 50x54; Willson, Adams & Co. against First Bohemian Boat Club, owner; Taylor & Jenkins, contractors. 1,938

AMSTERDAM AV, 685; John J. Lee against Anna N. Cooper, owner; Simon Feist, contractor 20

7TH ST, 121 East; Joseph F. Elliott against Hungarian Reformed Church, owner; Andrew Anderson, contractor. 117

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

BROOK AV, s e corner of 138th St; Antonio Cagliostro against Northwestern Realty Co. et al., Oct. 11, 1905, (by deposit) $161

113TH ST, 301 West; 8th Av, 2,097; August Mugler against Henry Marks et al., July 22, 1905, (by deposit) 494

SAME property; Wilson Plumbing Contracting Co. against John Marks et al., July 28, 1905, (by deposit) 135

27TH ST, 48 West; John W. Marks against H. E. Hartwell et al., Oct. 13, 1905, (by deposit) 160

55TH ST, 2 and 4 West; Heil Brothers against General Building and Construction Co., May 16, 1905 45

49TH ST, 37 East; Heil Brothers against General Building and Construction Co., May

AT AUCTION.

JAMES L. WELLS, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, N. Y.
TUESDAY, OCT. 31, NOON,

NO. 8 LISPENARD ST.,
MANHATTAN.
Six stories, brick, stone and iron building with elevator. Building covers entire lot 23.8x99.4½.
LIBERAL TERMS.
Maps and full particulars with H. H. Cammann & Co., 31 Liberty Street. James L. Wells, Auctioneer, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

JAMES L. WELLS, Auctioneer.
SUPREME COURT PARTITION SALE,
Michael J. Tierney, referee, at 14 and 16 Vesey Street, the Exchange Salesroom, on Thursday, Nov. 2, noon.
CHOICE PLOT 70.9x46 FEET.
CONCORD AVE.
W. S., 70.9 South of Kelley (152d) St. and about one block East of Jackson Av. Station of Subway Rapid Transit.
Maps and particulars with Michael J. Tierney, Esq., referee, New Rochelle, N. Y. Smith Williamson, Esq., plaintiff's attorney, 364 Alexander Av., or James L. Wells, Auctioneer, No. 141 Broadway.

BRONX. FOR SALE.

I Guarantee to Sell
New or Old Apartments inside of 24 hours
Exceptional Bargains
Have a number of 5 and 6 story New-Law Houses (4 and 5 room apartments.) In vicinity of Rapid Transit Station. Also several in course of construction which will be sold cheap from the plans.
Attention, Builders!
I have for sale good plots on the line of Rapid Transit with building loans.
For Sale or Exchange
Improved and Unimproved Property IN THE BRONX.
Chas. Jungman
Westchester Av. cor. Dawson St.
Telephone, 1930 Melrose.

Rare Chance
to purchase direct from builders
EAST SIDE OF MORRIS AV., between 166th and 166th Sts. Three-story and cellar 2 and 3 family houses; 15 rooms; steam and hot water apparatus; high-class plumbing and gas fixtures; hard-wood trim throughout; porcelain tiled bathrooms. CASH REQUIRED $1,500. Middleboro Realty Co., 20 East 12th St.

151TH ST. Brick 2-story, basement, cellar, high-stoop; 9 rooms and bath; furnace; $7,500.
CRESTON AV., Near 184th St.—2-family, 14 rooms and baths; furnace; hardwood trim; 25x85; price, $8,000.
183D ST., West of 3d Av.—New single flat, 20 rooms, baths; hot water heat and supply; oak trim; 25x100; price, $12,000.
136TH ST.,—5-story triple; price, $22,000; rent, $2,500.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.—Corner; 28x79x90; price, $5,500.
ULLMAN, 502 WILLIS AV.

IT'S MY BUSINESS TO LET THE PEOPLE KNOW "YOUR BUSINESS."
SIGNS
JUNGMAN, (McKINLEY BUILDING,) BOSTON ROAD & 169TH ST.

Speculators & Investors
Two four-story and basement, 18-family flats, on a plot 50x100, for $37,000; mortgages to suit; rents $3,650.
LOSERE,
871 Brook Av.

Bargain in a four-story flat in a restricted section; we have just completed four four-story eight-family apartment houses, (one already sold,) built in best manner by day's work; well rented to high-class tenants at fair rents and show splendid return on your investment; bring your expert and examine them. Joseph Harris Jones, Ogden Av. and 162d St.

$2,500 cash buys 4-story double flat in good order, on prominent avenue; 8 rooms, bath; rents, $1,700; price, $16,750.
MARKS & GLAUBER
149th Street, Cor. Brook Av.

Have about 15 acres at Riverdale for sale; price only $150,000; the property is elegantly located, near Van Cortlandt Park, trolley running in front of it; the property will make up 186 lots. For maps and particulars call on Matthies, 741 Tremont Av.

Woodycrest Av., 53x200 ft. through to Anderson Av., between 164th and 165th Sts., $16,000; unrestricted; might trade for cheap tenement. Jesse C. Bennett & Co., 2,220 Broadway.

$3,000 cash buys five-story double flat, two stores; price $21,000.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
149TH ST. AND 3D AV.

STRICTLY BARGAIN
Sedgewick Av., four lots, two fronts, $7,500; three-family house, $8,500; rent $64 monthly. E. Osborne Smith, Jerome Av., 161st St.

Well located (Bronx) 3d Av. corner, just the spot grocery, drug, candy, liquor store. Apply Barnett & Co., 11 East 125th St.

Lincoln Av.—Five-story 12-room tenement, $26,800; $3,000 cash. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Lots near White Plains Av. and 233d St. (not in Yonkers) $500 upward; easy terms; maps mailed. Rose, 31 West 42d St.

For Sale—3d Av., S. E. cor. 185th St.; also 2 lots adjoining. Address Executor, 6 Dock St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Bedford Park!—Two elegant 10-room dwellings. Cor. Southern Boulevard and Valentine Av., Bronx.

Wanted—Lots in Van Nest and Unionport; have quick buyers. Dunn, West Farms Square.

Cash paid for William's Bridge and Wakefield lots. Shatskin, corner 175th St. and 3d Av.

Corner brick house, 2 blocks to "L"; $7,500; reasonable. Polak, 3d Av., cor. 174th.

$400.—$5.00 monthly; Bronx lot, near elevated. Shatskin, corner 175th St. and 3d Av.

$120 buys 2 Bronx lots, 50x100, good section; $980. Friend, 175th St. and 3d Av.

QUEENS. FOR SALE.

$125,000,000 FOR IMPROVEMENTS INSURES FORTUNES TO INVESTORS IN
ELMHURST SQUARE
Lots Paved, Sewered and Restricted.
$300 to $3,000 Each.
Four Transportation Lines Pass Property.
FARE 5 CENTS.
Schools, Churches, Stores adjacent and convenient. Agent always on property. Write or call for beautiful Booklet and Maps.
PARIS & MACDOUGAL,
Tel. 4813 Madison Sq. 1123 Broadway.

THE QUEEN
of Queens Borough,
BAYSIDE
Houses, Lots and Plots,
Long Island Acreage.
TAYLOR STORM REALTY CO.,
11 East 42d St.
Branch, Bayside, L. I.

NEW YORK STATE. FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THIRTY YEARS SELLING COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY | INTENDING BUYERS SHOULD GET OUR FREE CATALOGUE. OWNERS WISHING TO SELL CALL OR WRITE
Phillips & Wells, 96X Tribune Bldg., N. Y.

LONG ISLAND. FOR SALE.

LAST CALL
—FOR THE—
Great Opening Sale of Homes, Building Sites, Villa Plots and Boat House Lots
—AT—
LYNBROOK, L. I.
Few minutes from Long Beach—the new Atlantic City
All express trains stop at Lynbrook

TO-MORROW A. M. and P. M. — AND — **SUNDAY** A. M. and P. M.

Let it BE KNOWN and REMEMBERED that Lynbrook is not an inland town overheated in the Summer by sand blasts and made uncomfortably disagreeable in the Winter by exceptional snowdrifts and flurries. Strange to say that Lynbrook is ten degrees warmer in the Winter than either Kings or Manhattan, and yet that is a fact. It is cooled by the Southerly breezes of the Ocean and is three miles beyond the City line and "Rosedale Square." It has two public schools, church s, stores, water, gas, electric lights, good harbors and dotted all over with pretty cottages, dwellings and fine mansions.

ALSO LET IT BE REMEMBERED that the property we offer for sale to-morrow, Saturday and on Sunday, is no "wild cat" proposition. It is not miles from the depot or trolley. It is not away from a busy habitation. It is not peopled by "dead ones." On the contrary, it is surrounded by attractive homes, and wherever you turn houses are building. If "Lynbrook Court" is not an ideal investment and home centre then there is not a location fit to own or live in on the face of the Globe. Buy all you can carry, and make money faster than you ever calculated to make in your entire lifetime.

HOUSES ready to move in, $300 to $750 down; balance same as rent.

HOUSES 6, 7, 8 and 9 rooms BUILT TO ORDER.

Boat Houses on boat house lots BUILT TO ORDER.

ATTEND THESE SALES To-morrow and Sunday — **BARGAINS** — ATTEND THESE SALES To-morrow and Sunday

Building Sites $95 Up (or Net Cash $75 Up) $5 Up Monthly
MILITARY BAND CONCERTS. REFRESHMENTS.
WRITE, CALL OR 'PHONE FOR FREE TICKETS,
Or, free tickets may be obtained on Saturday, or Sunday, from agents wearing "Blue Star" ticket in hat at either of the following depots:

Foot of East 34th Street at 10.40 A. M. or 1.40 P. M.
Long Island City at 10.50 A. M. or 1.50 P. M.
Flatbush Avenue Station, Brooklyn, 10.40 A. M. or 1.40 P. M.
Manhattan Crossing, East New York, 10.50 A. M. or 1.50 P. M.

Sunday Trains at 11.10 A. M. and 1.10 P. M.
Trolley direct to Lynbrook from terminus of Kings County "L."

Great Eastern Building Corporation, 299 Broadway, New York.
Suites 522 and 523. 'Phone 1399 Franklin.
Office will be open this week until 7 P. M.
THE BROOKS & BROOKS CORPORATION, Managers.
Highest Bank References and the Commercial Agencies.
Brooklyn Office, 601 Broadway, Brooklyn. Open Evenings.

WESTCHESTER. FOR SALE.

Ready to Move In.
$200.00 Down. $15 a Month.
6 ROOM HOUSE
With 2 lots, fine stone foundation, concreted cellar, with all modern improvements, open plumbing, in growing Westchester County. Must be seen to be appreciated. For further particulars apply to
"The Original Home Builders of Westchester County,"
The HALLEY LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.,
104-106 EAST 125TH ST.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Wed. and Sat. Evenings to 9 P. M.

WESTCHESTER PARK
At Yonkers Park Station, 24 minutes from 125th St., on Harlem Railroad; cheap lots, city improvements, title insured; monthly payments. Offenbach, 97 East 116th St. Evenings.

SCARSDALE.—Large house, with all improvements; four acres, outbuildings, fruit; shade; half mile to station; for rent from Nov. 1. For permit address Angell, 289 4th Av.

$40 PER MONTH
will rent 9-room house, within 5 minutes' walk of station; all modern improvements. Cooley & West, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Mamaroneck.
MAMARONECK LOTS, $125.
Easy Payments. No Assessments. Titles Guaranteed. Gas, water, trolley; near station and Sound.
Houses Sold on Monthly Payments.
WARRANTY REALTY CO., Times Building, Broadway and 42d St., New York.

BELLE HARBOR

Greater New York. (Rockaway Coast.) BETWEEN OCEAN & BAY.
LOTS
$400 & UPWARD
Titles Guaranteed. All Improvements. No Assessments. Highly Restricted. Terms to Suit. Trolley through property. For further particulars Apply to WALTER SHULZE, 1,170 Broadway, New York City. Telephone 3879 Madison.

Have a few choice building lots in Greater New York, overlooking Bay and Sound, with water front privileges; highly restricted and within forty minutes of Herald Square; prices reasonable and terms easy. A Box 305 Times, Times Square.

WESTCHESTER. FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE BEAUTIFUL
of Westchester Co.; two years built; charming grounds; stable, auto and tool houses; 14 miles from city on main road.
A BARGAIN.
WM. ADAMS, 489 5th Av.

Artistic cottages, 7 rooms, all improvements, $3,750; easy terms; bargains in houses and lots; (small cash.) Sherwood Park Realty Company, Post Office Building, East Yonkers, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.
Nothing promised; all improvements on the ground; restricted building plots, near Mount Vernon Station. Maps and particulars
FRANK W. WOLFE,
STATION A, YONKERS, N. Y.

Mount Vernon plot, prominent location; A No. 1 condition; rented $2,400; price $24,000. Wm. S. Anderson, Mount Vernon Busy Corner.

New nine-room houses at Mount Vernon on easy terms; steam heat, electric light. Wm. S. Anderson, Mount Vernon Busy Corner.

New Rochelle.
New Rochelle.—New shingled cottage, 7 rooms and bath, all improvements; restricted neighborhood; convenient to station, trolley, and school; $4,600, terms to suit. Downey, 20 North Av.
New Rochelle.—Several business plots for sale in vicinity of railroad station; big opportunity for investment. Downey, 20 North Av.

LONG ISLAND. FOR SALE.

$48 A LOT — **$98 A LOT**

GRASPING THE OPPORTUNITY
What Has Made Men Rich

Trace down the pages of the biographical history of the wealthy men of our country and you will find at least 75 per cent. of them who began life as a poor boy, but industry, economy, and energy have made their names household ones in the business and professional world. You will say that luck makes men wealthy. It is not so; though there are cases—a small percentage—where a windfall dropped into the lap of some man by his predecessor or his relationship or in the game of chance. But where there is one thus fortunate there are ten others who started on life's highway with strong arm and a clear mind, without friends, without money, and without influence, to battle against the whole world and mold for themselves by energy and endurance a fortune honorably made.

My dear wage-earner, if you desire the proof and convincing evidence of the headline of this advertisement, how men became wealthy, go out and ask the first successful man you know what made him rich—how did he start on nothing and become wealthy. He will repeat what we have said: GRASPING THE OPPORTUNITY.

The poor man, or the young man to-day without means, has greater chances and finer opportunities of getting rich than the boy or man twenty years ago.

Dame Fortune Knocks To-day at Your Door and Shouts, "Invest Now in the Suburbs! Grasp the Opportunity!"

Land Has Increased in Price Since 1900 in Westchester 500 Per Cent. Land Has Increased in Kings Since 1900 300 Per Cent. Land Has Increased in Queens Since 1900 500 Per Cent. Let Us Picture Now for You the Next Five Years and the Locality Where You Can Get Rich if You Will Grasp This Opportunity.

The great activity for investment and for homes will in the next five years be just outside of Greater New York on Long Island—just where the wage-earner can reach inside of 30 minutes for a 5 or 10 cent fare; where the line of travel by steam or electricity will be frequent day and night.

The Star of Prosperity Is Now Rising in the East, Coming Over the Fertile Fields of Long Island, and To-day It Reveals a Tale of Prophecy and Makes Known the Future Outside of Greater New York.

TO-DAY.	1910.
60 Trains a Day. One Every 20 Minutes. 10 Minutes from Jamaica. 30 Minutes from New York. 5 and 10 Cent Fare.	120 Trains a Day. Everything Electricity. 6 Minutes to Jamaica. 20 Minutes to Herald Square. Only 5 Cent Fare.
Finest Roads. Cheapest Land. Best Railroad Service Outside of Greater New York. Population 5,000.	Beautiful Parks. Beautiful Homes. Largest Municipality on Long Island. With a Population of 30,000. Great Industrial Centre.

Lots and plots of land at Mineola will increase in value 500 per cent. in 5 years. Why not? Star of New York destiny says so. Lots at the Bronx have increased from $500 to $5,000 in the past 2 years.

MINEOLA.

It lies just three miles outside of Greater New York—just twelve minutes' ride from Jamaica by steam cars, where three lines of the Long Island Railroad centre—all trains from the North Line, from Oyster Bay and Roslyn, all trains from the east on the Main Line, from Greenport west; all trains from the south, Hempstead and Garden City; and, in addition to all, the connection with New York by the Queens County electric car line. No such railroad facilities or transportation anywhere outside of Jamaica. WHERE CAN YOU GET SUCH SERVICE? WHERE CAN YOU GET SUCH AN ACCESSIBLE PLACE FOR A HOME?

WE HAVE BOUGHT $150,000 WORTH OF THE MOST CENTRALLY LOCATED LAND IN MINEOLA.

We have bought it close to schools, churches, stores, and within a few blocks of the depot, where every choice residence lot we have ought to be business property in ten years. And the announcement of this sale will pass through this city into the homes of hundreds of thousands of investors and homeseekers to-day. AND WE BELIEVE EVERY LOT WE HAVE WILL BE SOLD IN TEN DAYS. Such things have happened to us before. Therefore, we want you to be there at the

Grand Opening Sale of 1,200 Building Lots

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY,
Oct. 24th. Oct. 25th. Oct. 26th. Oct. 27th. Oct. 28th. Oct. 29th.

Six Special Free Excursion Trains Leaving Long Island City and Brooklyn Each Day, 11 A. M., 1:30 P. M.
EVERY WAGE-EARNING PERSON IN THIS GREAT CITY WILL BE INTERESTED.

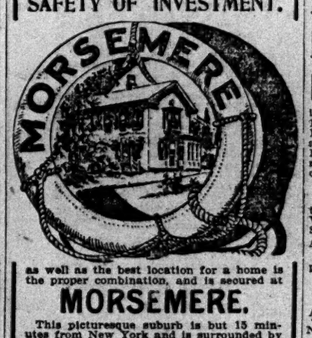
☞ $48 A Lot. $2 Down, $4 Cash. Monthly ☞ $98 A Lot. $3 Down, $90 Cash. Monthly ☞ $158 A Lot. $4 Down, $143 Cash. Monthly
☞ $208 A Lot. $5 Down, $180 Cash. Monthly ☞ $268 A Lot. $6 Down, $242 Cash. Monthly

Grasp the opportunity. It means a great profit to you. It means a home near your work.
When you read this, sit down and write for maps and tickets. A postal card costs but a cent.
Our Titles are guaranteed by the Title Guarantee Company of New York. Our Titles are always perfect.
We have provided for 10,000 people during the six days at Mineola. Lunch will be served under our spacious tent, and accommodations with horses and carriages to see all our properties there. There is not a lot but what is a high, dry, level piece. Prices only govern lots by the accessibility to depot and cars. Excellent building sites on three broad macadamized roadways.
All Applications by Mail for Tickets and Maps. Write Immediately to Main Offices.

WM. H. MOFFITT REALTY COMPANY,
155-157 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE. Out of City.

SAFETY OF INVESTMENT.



as well as the best location for a home is the proper combination, and is secured at
MORSEMERE.
This picturesque suburb is but 15 minutes from New York and is surrounded by the greatest building activity produced by an unprecedented demand for homes by New Yorkers. Increasing values are thus assured and the company's *liberal selling terms* are attracting many people to this charming home site.
Houses from $5,000 to $15,000.
Take 130th St. ferry and trolley or N. B. R., (12 trains daily,) via 23d St. or Chambers St.
Booklet and Transportation FREE.
Columbia Investment & Real Estate Co., Times Building, 42d St. & Broadway.

UP-TO-DATE DWELLINGS.—Latest improvements; handsomely decorated; steam; oak and parquet floors; double shades; ample piazzas; 5 minutes from station; 25 minutes to Herald Square; easy payments if desired. Particulars on request. Realty Trust, 60 Liberty St., New York.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.
SEND DESCRIPTIONS OF LOTS, FOUR AND FIVE STORY FLATS. Have Ready Purchasers.
L. Reiter, Cor. Westchester and Jackson Avs.

Owners having flats or tenements for sale will find their time well spent by sending us particulars; we have numerous quick buyers. T. E. Hayman, 217 West 125th St.

Advertiser, experienced and recommended, wants care of property; personal attention given renting, collections and repairs. A., Box 101 Times Downtown.

WANTED—THREE-FAMILY HOUSES, MANHATTAN AND BRONX. BATHGATE REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, 1,730 BATHGATE AV.

Will buy vacant lots on Southern Boulevard, 149th St., and Longwood Av. if prices are reasonable. Send particulars M. Berman, 320 Broadway.

Owners having cold-water flats and tenements for sale send full particulars and lowest prices. James R. Thomas, 247 6th Av.

Estates and Owners!—Send me what you have for sale; have cash buyers. C. A. Heifer, 141 Broadway.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

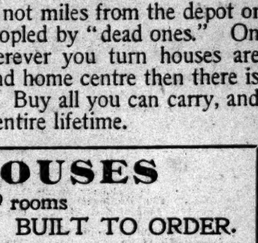
FLORENCE HOUSE
4TH AV. & 12TH ST., SUBWAY CORNER.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
House thoroughly renovated and refurnished. New bathrooms added. Rooms single or en suite of 2 to 6 rooms.
N. B. BARRY.

APARTMENTS TO LET. FURNISHED.

A.—Elegantly furnished apartment, private bath; with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

LONG ISLAND. FOR SALE.

BELLCOURT



Located at Bayside, L. I. One block from station. Only 34 minutes from Herald Square. Ten minutes from the Sound and 75 feet above tidewater.
October Sales in Bellcourt Have Broken All Records In Queens Borough!
Every careful investor should have maps and information contained in our new booklet. A postal brings it, with free tickets to the property. Write to-day.
BELLCOURT LAND CO.,
1 West 34th St.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY
first-class property for the least money. Elegant Queen Anne cottages, eight rooms, bath, attic, concrete cellar, spacious verandas, porte cochere, open plumbing, perfect heating system, all-year-round ideal home, 100x125; small amount down, remainder as rental; cottages and bungalows built to order $1,600 and upward, according to size; restricted location, near station and bay; 45 minutes out South Shore, express service; property exactly as advertised. Carrollton Realty Company, Inc., 85 World Building, N. Y.

FOR SALE (Long Island)
At Springfield, 26 acres, immediately adjoining Dean Alvord's great development, which will double the value of this property. Price $1,500 per acre. Easy contract.
GEORGE H. HIGBIE,
Springfield, Long Island.

NEW JERSEY. FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ONLY A FEW MORE DAYS AT AUCTION PRICES TILL NOV. 1.
Palisades Park
Lots $225 Upward, $10 Monthly.
in a delightful locality, on easy terms; within 15 minutes of Harlem; only 40 minutes from New York City Hall via Chambers St. ferry and only 45 minutes from Madison Square, N. Y., via West 22d St. ferry and Erie Railroad; steam road and trolley; commutation, 9 cents, including ferriage.
GUIDE TO VISITORS.
Cross West 130th St. ferry by 2:15 boat and take "ENGLEWOOD" car to property, or cross West 23d St. Erie ferry at 1:10, or Chambers St. ferry at 1:20, to Erie depot.
All Tickets Hitherto Issued Are Still Good.
Free descriptive maps and tickets to view the property daily by addressing
Palisades Realty Company,
49 8TH AV., NEW YORK.
Also office on the property at Palisades Park.

Nine-room house, all modern improvements, newly decorated, open plumbing, screens, &c.; plot 37x126 feet; situate on the widest street in town; price $5,600, $800 cash, balance mortgage. A. W. Van Winkle & Co., Rutherford, N. J.

For Rent—House on Greenwood Lake Division Erie; commutation $6.35; all improvements; four minutes from station. Address Reasonable, Box 339 Times, Times Square.

Desirable one and two family houses, $4,500 to $8,000, close to ferry and trolleys. Eastwood, 129 4th St., Weehawken, N. J.

Two-family house, 11 rooms, all improvements; $4,000; easy terms. Kenny, 2,243 Boulevard, Jersey City.

Ocean Coast—City of the Living God, Pines, lots $100 upward, near Belmar, N. J. L. B. Heller.

TO LET—BUSINESS PURPOSES.

SEVERAL more COTTAGES
IDEALLY PICTURESQUE
Are Now Being Completed
At BAYSIDE PARK
THE NEW 20TH CENTURY SUBURB
on the North Shore of Long Island Sound, 20 minutes from 34th Street Ferry.
If none of the houses suit you we will build one for you.
Lots for $250 and upward.
A year hence these lots will cost $350. The tremendous increase in values that will follow the completion of the Pennsylvania R. R. tunnel makes an investment in Bayside Park property the best real estate proposition in the market.
Come out to see the place. We'll pay your fare if you will call at our office. A booklet sent on request.
North Shore Realty Co., 202 E. 23d Street, New York.

TO LET—BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT
SOUTHWEST CORNER
Broadway & 96th St.
STORES, OFFICES & BASEMENT
Apply on Premises or your own Broker.

NEW BUILDING
114 to 118 West 17th St. Entire, or store and lofts separate; 75x92; all modern improvements; six stories. H. J. SACHS & CO., 8 West 22d St., or your own broker.

DESIRABLE LOFT IN MODERN FACTORY BUILDING, NORTHEAST CORNER 31ST ST. AND FIRST AVENUE; EXCEPTIONALLY WELL LIGHTED WITH WINDOWS ON THREE SIDES; ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER, STEAM HEAT, AND ELEVATOR SERVICE; LOW INSURANCE RATE; MODERATE RENTAL. APPLY TO OWNER OR R. H. MEYROWITZ, 104 EAST 23D ST. TEL., 5054—GRAMERCY.

STORES: FLOORS: OFFICES
28, 30 & 32 WEST 22D STREET.
NEW BUILDINGS, OPP. STERN BROS.
H. J. SACHS & CO., 8 West 22d St., or your own broker.

Offices, studios, 105 East 17th.—Heat, light, attendance, $12 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Brooklyn.
Five large brick buildings to let, 4 and 5 stories high; good location for manufacturing; will let cheap in lofts and altered to suit tenant; corner Throop and Lafayette Avs.; inquire at premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET. UNFURNISHED.

West Side.

HARVARD APARTMENTS
2089-2091 Amsterdam Ave.
Bet. 163d and 164th Sts.
A few choice suites remaining.
5 Rooms and bath
exquisitely appointed; steam heat, hot water, tiled refrigerators, medicine cabinets, combination bookcases and mantelpieces; Dutch dining rooms, handsome fixtures and decorations.
Rents $25 to $30
Apply to Supt. on premises.

THE HOLYOKE,
753 WEST END AV.
S. E. CORNER 97TH ST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
7 Rooms and Bath.
VERY LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
Sixth floor corner, $1,300.
Sixth floor, centre, $1,000.
Superintendent on premises, or EDWARD C. WILLIAMS, 135 Broadway.

THE GREYSTONE,
304 WEST 99TH ST.,
Near Riverside Drive.
MODERN ELEVATOR HOUSE.
One 8-room apartment, 4th floor, $1,100.
Both outside apartments.
Superintendent on premises, or EDWARD C. WILLIAMS, 135 Broadway.

NIGHT AND DAY
WE REPAIR ANY ELEVATOR.
NATIONAL ELEVATOR COMPANY
REPAIR DEPT.
400 W. 23d St. Phone, 3886 Chelsea.
NIGHT 'PHONE, 2142 L Morning.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS

CENTRAL LOCATION.
OAKDALE, 36-38 West 33th St.
Elegant apartments, two rooms and bath, unfurnished; splendid service; every modern improvement; rental, $400 to $800. Particulars from Superintendent, on premises.

WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON.
213-223 West 51st St.—Suites of 4, 6, and 7 rooms, bath, with every improvement; rent reasonable. Janitor, or Alexander Wilson, 150 5th Av. Telephone 2918 18th.

48th St., 155-161 West.—"The Sherman."—Eight rooms and bath; heat, hot water, elevator, and telephone; rent $1,000-$1,200. Superintendent on premises, or N. Brigham Hall & Son, 631 Broadway.

104th St., 60 West.—7 rooms and bath; open plumbing; private halls; very desirable; all improvements; convenient location; $40 and $44.

TO LET—BUSINESS PURPOSES

TO LET, DOWNTOWN AND UPTOWN.
A LARGE NUMBER
of Stores, Lofts, Offices & Buildings.
RULAND & WHITING CO.,
3 Beekman St.

To Let.—Store, basement, and sub-basement at 537-539 Broadway, New York; rent $9,000, including steam heat and power for elevator; premises extend through to Mercer St. Apply to William N. Dykman, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y., or your own broker.

STORE AND LOFT BUILDING
on 3d Av., in the Forties, can be leased for term of years; 40x80.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 19 West 42d St.

BROADWAY CORNER
near Duane, 5 years' lease.
M. JACOBS, Room 202, 280 Broadway.

CORTLANDT STREET STORE
south side, east of Greenwich.
M. JACOBS, Room 202, 280 Broadway.

Very fine light studios, offices, steam heated, on first and second floors, 796 6th Av., above 45th St., $20 and $25.
Cyrille Carreau, 796 6th Av.

Stock broker's offices, furnished; elevator, heat, light; great location; reasonable. Martin, 1,947 Broadway, 66th.

Desk Room—Every convenience; finest location in Manhattan. Call mornings. James Gaffney, No. 115 East 34th St.

A—Store, lofts, buildings, offices, exceptionally fine list; desirable locations. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Studio, furnished or unfurnished, $40; three and bath, elevators, heat. Martin, 1,947 Broadway, 66th.

Skylight studios, offices, 131 East 34th; elevator, heat; $7 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Stores and lofts; best locations; all sizes; lowest prices. Charles Durose, 155 West 14th St.

ISLAND.
OR SALE.

98 A LOT

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WHERE CAN YOU GET

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choice residence lots we
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BE SOLD IN TEN DAYS.

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Oct. 29th.
A. M., 1:30 P. M.
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A $4 Down
Monthly
Lot. $143 Cash

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Offices.
PANY,
York.

SINESS PURPOSES.

RENT

THWEST CORNER
y & 96th St.

FFICES & BASEMENT
on Premises or
own Broker.

BUILDING
Entire, or store and lofts
separate 75x102; all modern
improvements; six stories.
H. J. SACHS & CO.,
West 22d St., or your own
broker.

T IN MODERN FACTORY
RTHEAST CORNER 81ST
AVENUE; EXCEPTIONAL-
TED WITH WINDOWS ON
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND
HE; GOOD ELEVATOR
INSURANCE RATE; MODE-
APPLY TO OWN BROK-
EROWITZ, 104 EAST 23D
RAMEROY.

FLOORS: OFFICES
WEST 22D STREET.
NGS, 10TH AVE. AND 125TH ST. BROS.
& CO., 8 West 22d St.,
our own broker.

95 East 17th.—Heat, light,
up. Folsom Brothers, 833

Brooklyn.

buildings to let, 4 and 6
location for manufactur-
up in lots and altered to
fireproof and Lafayette
premises.

ENTS TO LET.
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D APARTMENTS
Amsterdam Ave.
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Supt. on premises.

HOLYOKE,
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VATOR APARTMENT.
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C. WILLIAMS,
Broadway.

REYSTONE,
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LEVATOR HOUSE.
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C. WILLIAMS,
Broadway.

T AND DAY
ANY ELEVATOR.
VATOR COMPANY
PAIR DEPT.
Phone, 2580 Chelsea.
NE, 2142 L Morning.

R APARTMENTS
LOCATION.
6-38 West 35th St.
s, two rooms and bath, un-
service; every modern im-
$480 to $840. Particulars
on premises.

N and JEFFERSON.
St.—Suites of 4, 6, and
every improvement; rent
r, or Alexander Wilson,
ene 2918 38th.

West, "The Sherman."—
bath, heat, hot water, ele-
rent $1,000-$1,200. Super-
es, or N. Brigham Hall &

—7 rooms and bath; open
halls; very desirable; all
nient location; $40 and $44.

APARTMENTS TO LET. UNFURNISHED. West Side.

The Palisade Court

Broadway, N. W. Cor. 139th St.
Two Blocks from Subway Station.

A beautiful, high-class building, commanding magnificent and extensive views of the Hudson and the Palisades. Highest point in the city and the healthiest situation.

Apartments of 6 and 7 Unusually Large Rooms

Appointments, conveniences, and general finish of the most up-to-date description and of a superior quality. Parlors and dining rooms with bay windows. Separate toilet and washstand in the servants' bedrooms. General laundry with steam dryers. Long distance telephone in every apartment. Handsome entrance hall and reception room. Day and night elevator service. Uniformed attendance.

Apartments are now ready for occupancy.

Booklet with floor plans on application.

SPENCER ARMS

Broadway at 69th St.
Housekeeping Apartments

A magnificent, high-class, strictly fireproof structure, the most complete and elegant building of its class so far erected in this city.
10, 11 & 12 rooms & 3 baths, $3,000 to $4,000.
FREE—Electric light, heat, and refrigeration.
Spencer Realty Co., Owner.
F. R. WOOD & CO., Agents, 80th St., B'way.
Superintendent on Premises.
TELEPHONE, 3996—COLUMBUS.
Write for Booklet.

APARTMENTS TO LET. UNFURNISHED. West Side.

STAMFORD AND ARLINGTON

502 to 508 West 113th Street,
Bet. Broadway & Amsterdam Ave.

Elegant new 5 and 6 room apartments, elevator, telephone and hall service. Rents, $50 to $60. Superintendent.

THE SCHUYLER,

57 TO 63 WEST 45TH ST.

Unfurnished apartments, consisting of two or three rooms, with bath, for refined and select people.

COMPLETE HOTEL SERVICE.
SPACIOUS DINING ROOM.
MEALS A LA CARTE.

Rentals $900 to $1,500, with electric light, heat, telephone, elevator, and hotel service included.

$32.50 to $55.00

WITH
Elevator
AT
PINKNEY and WATTS COURT,
151-59-161-69 West 140th St.
5, 6, and 7 rooms and bath.
Electric light, telephone, etc.
LIGHT EQUAL TO CORNER.
STABLER & SMITH COMPANY,
Tel. 79 River. 674 Columbus.

NEW APARTMENTS.

5 and 6 rooms, all light, first-class finish, all modern improvements; low rent from $25 to $33. Inquire janitor, No. 2,087 Amsterdam Av., near 164th St.

Single apartment, seven large rooms, tiled bath, all improvements, $40, $45. 131 West 103d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET. UNFURNISHED. East Side.

ARTHUR HALL,

N. E. Cor. 96th St. & Madison Av.

A NEWLY CONSTRUCTED, MODERN FIRE-PROOF APARTMENT HOUSE, LOCATED IN THE VERY CHOICEST RESIDENTIAL PART OF THE CITY

(CARNEGIE HILL,)
OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.

We cannot convey, in type, an adequate idea of the grandeur, taste, spaciousness, and conveniences of the apartments. A personal visit and inspection only can supply that.

Apartments consist of 8 & 9 rooms and 3 baths.

SOMETHING DECIDEDLY NEW & NOVEL. A BALLROOM FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF GUESTS.
Rent, $1,300 to $1,800.
Supt. on Premises. Tel. 1752—79.
ARTHUR E. SILVERMAN, Owner.

CAMBRIDGE,

MADISON AV.,
COR. 124TH ST.

One eight room Apartment, facing Mount Morris Park, all large, light rooms.

The building is new and all appointments modern; location unexcelled. Apply to Superintendent, on premises, or telephone Owner, 5547—John.

THE AMBASSADOR,

S. E. COR. 97TH & MADISON AV.
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE JUST COMPLETED,
7, 8, AND 9 ROOMS, WITH 2 BATHS.
Parquet floors, mail chute, telephone, and every modern improvement. Apartments will be leased now from Oct. 1. Rents $1,000 to $1,500.
C. M. SILVERMAN & SON, OWNERS.
Office, 1,448 Madison Av., or on premises.

Corner Apartment,

ONLY ONE REMAINING,
in the HETHERINGTON, southeast corner 63d St. and Park Av., bedrooms average 14 feet square; eight rooms; elevator telephone, hall service, &c.; rental $1,500.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 19 West 42d St.

CLEMENT COURT,

25 EAST 99TH ST., Cor. Madison Av.
NEW 7-STORY ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Elegant Rooms and Baths,
With every modern improvement.
Inquire office, 1,448 Madison Av.

BARSTOW,

17-19 E. 27th St.

Elegant fireproof apartment hotel; 1-2-3-4-5 rooms; every room having a bath; centrally located; excellent cuisine.

120 EAST 34TH ST.

The handsomest 9-room Apartment in the city; elegantly appointed, possessing every desirable feature that appeals to the very select; electricity and fuel furnished; rent $1,500.

Bannockburn, 2,049 FIFTH AV., NEAR 125th St.
Apartments of six, seven rooms, elevator, electric light, mail chute, telephone.
Desirable apartment on ground floor, suitable for doctor or dentist. Rents moderate.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
115 East 34th St., near Park Av.
Two rooms and bath; rents $42.50 to $45; bath, heat, hot water, and attendance.
Joseph P. Day, 115 East 34th St.

171 East 81st St.—6 rooms and bath; elevator service; up-to-date; rents very reasonable; rents $35.00 and $37.50; superintendent on premises.

The Mildred, 140 East 92d St.—Elegant apartments, 7 rooms, bath, elevator service; up-to-date; rents reasonable; superintendent on premises.

An elegantly furnished apartment, private bath, with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

Elegant apartments, four and five rooms, hot-water supply, bath, and hall heated, and all latest improvements. 305 East 137th St.

25 and 27 East 104th St.—Six rooms and bath; hot-water supply, all light; rents $24 to $28. Janitor on premises.

Lexington Av., cor. 48th St.—Elevator apartments, all improvements, 6 rooms, $50-$60.

98th St., 7 East; Central Park East.—Six light, airy rooms, bath; improvements; $30.

Washington Heights.

ELSINORE,

504 WEST 151ST ST., Washington Heights.
Six, seven very large, light rooms, $45-$55. Elevator, Telephone, Electricity, Modern.

Bronx.

1214 to 1218 Boston Road

at 168th Street.
7 large, light rooms & bath.
New house; all up-to-date improvements.
Rents $40 to $45.
Apply on premises or
Sharroff & Thom,
2,796 THIRD AV., NEAR 148TH ST.

High-class apartments, 5 and 6 rooms, on Longwood Av., east of Prospect Av., adjacent to Prospect Av. Station, Bronx Park Branch of Subway.
Rents, $30 to $36.
George C. Edgar's Sons, on premises.

Prospect Av., 1,386; convenient Subway, elevated, trolleys; fine wide avenue; elegant, modern, all-light 7 large room apartment; $35.00, $38.00.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

LINCOLN, JANE K.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JANE K. LINCOLN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Warner, Wells & Korb, No. 60 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan and City of New York, on or before the 7th day of May next.—Dated New York City, 26th day of October, 1905. CALVIN TOMKINS, Administrator, (C. T. A.) WARNER, WELLS & KORB, Attorneys for Administrator, (C. T. A.,) 60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

CITY HOUSES TO LET. UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT

NEW AMERICAN BASEMENT DWELLINGS

Absolutely Fireproof
SOUTH SIDE OF 74TH STREET
Between Central Park West and Columbus Av.

No residences have ever been offered for rental in New York City comparing with these in construction, equipment, appointments, and detail.

They have been designed and built with the careful attention to details of construction given only to the highest class houses built for private ownership.

Booklet sent on application.

Size 25x85x102.2
FIVE STORIES IN HEIGHT

These houses are ready for inspection. Caretaker at No. 36 West 74th St. For articulars inquire of

CLARK ESTATE
Corner of 37th St. No. 2,381 Broadway

TO LET.

One house, 10 rooms	$50.00
One house, 7 rooms	45.00
One house, 9 rooms	35.00
One house, 7 rooms	30.00
One house, 8 rooms	18.00
One house, 6 rooms	18.00

A. O. Whaley, King's Bridge Station, N. Y. City.

Manhattan Av., 103 and 113, between 104th and 105th Sts., three-story, 18-ft. dwellings; exposed plumbing, newly renovated; $1,000. Chas. S. Kohler, 906 Columbus Av.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished; desirable locations; rents, $1,200 to $12,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Bronx.

FOR RENT.—Private house at Woodlawn Heights; 9 rooms and bath; all improvements. E. M. Tessler, 2,427 Morris Av.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BICKES, JACOB.—The People of the State of New York.—By the grace of God free and independent.—To Babette Jetter, as executrix of the last will and testament of Helena Bickes, deceased; Anna Katharina Port, Katharina Wiedner, Celestine Bartel, Charlotte Stoll, Helena Weiss, Heinrich Griemann, Anna Kallermann, George J. Jetter, Helena Raether Gradinger, Helena Gradinger, Margaretha Oriemann, George J. Jetter as surety on bond of the petitioner herein; Jacob Weinheimer, as surety on the bond of the petitioner herein; Frank L. Weinheimer as one of the administrators with the will annexed of the goods, chattels, and credits left unadministered of Jacob Bickes, deceased.

To George Weinheimer, Jr., Babette Jetter, Helgrith Weinheimer, Paul Praxlen, Paulina Traulsen Schaefer, Josephine Haag Toerge, Emma Haag Schaefer, Evangelical Church of Worms, Netta Woerner, Jacob Weinheimer, Sr., Helena Weinheimer, Jacob Weinheimer, Jr., George Jacob Jetter, George Bernhard Weinheimer, Frank L. Weinheimer, Wartburg Orphan Farm School, German Hospital of Pfeddersheim, German Hospital and Dispensary of New York, the Isabella Heimath, individually and as legatees under the will of Helena Bickes, deceased.

To Anna Helena Scherff, Norma Spencer Scherff, and Mary C. Scherff, individually and as heirs at law and next of kin of John P. Scherff, deceased.

To Catharine Dehos Johannes, Konrad Johannes, Marie Johannes, Jacob Johannes, Margaret Johannes, Barbara Johannes, Catharine Dehos Johannes as guardian of Marie Johannes and Konrad Johannes, and Catharine Johannes Rau, individually and as heirs at law and next of kin of Konrad Johannes, deceased.

To Mary C. Scherff as executrix of the last will and testament of John P. Scherff, deceased, and to all persons interested in the estate of JACOB BICKES, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 15th day of December, 1905, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Babette Jetter as one of the administrators with the will annexed of the goods, chattels, and credits left unadministered of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as an heir at law or next of kin of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said [Seal.] fixed. Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 17th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and five.

JAMES A. DONNELLY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

C. MONTEITH GILPIN, Attorney for Administratrix, 68 William Street, New York City.

HOYT, JESSE.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Mary Irene Hoyt, Henry R. Hoyt, Alfred W. Hoyt, John S. Hoyt, Florence H. Otis, Rosina S. Hoyt, Frank H. Hoyt, Reuben M. Hoyt, Isabel Hoyt Bangs, Cornelia Waring Hoyt, Jesse Hoyt, Jesse Hoyt, and Alice C. Pettit, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 21st day of November, 1905, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the final judicial settlement of the annual accounts of Samuel H. Hoyt and James W. Jackson, as surviving trustees for Mary Irene Hoyt under the last will and testament of JESSE HOYT, deceased, from the 14th day of August, 1904, to the 14th day of August, 1905, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said [L. S.] County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 3d day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and five.

JAMES A. DONNELLY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

BARRETT, MARIE M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARIE M. BARRETT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Fletcher, McCutchen & Brown, No. 76 William Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 15th day of March next.—Dated New York, the 7th day of September, 1905. ALFRED LOCKWOOD BROWN, CHARLES BARRETT, Executors. FLETCHER, McCUTCHEN & BROWN, Attorneys for Executors, 76 William Street, New York City.

BLESSING, Bernard.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Bernard Blessing, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Messrs. Kurzman & Frankenheimer, No. 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 12th day of March, 1906.

Dated New York, September 8th, 1905.
CATHERINE T. BLESSING,
Administratrix.
KURZMAN & FRANKENHEIMER, Attorneys for Administratrix, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CLARA C. THAYER, plaintiff, against MYRON C. MERRIMAN, Arthur B. Merriman, Rapley P. Merriman, Lelia C. Merriman, Francis A. Thayer, Edward B. Judson, as administrator of the goods, chattels, and credits of Myron C. Merriman, deceased, and as general guardian of the property of Myron C. Merriman, Arthur B. Merriman, Rapley P. Merriman, and Leila C. Merriman, infants, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 30th day of September, 1904, and duly entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 4th day of October, 1904, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, now located at Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of November, 1905, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, County and State of New York, which by reference to a certain map entitled "Map of property of Abraham R. Van Nest situated at Inwood in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York," made by Hamilton Ewen, City Surveyor, N. Y., May, 1870, and which map is filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York and numbered 888, are described as follows: All those parts of lots sixty-four a, (64 a,) sixty-four e, (64 e,) sixty-four f, (64 f,) sixty-four g, (64 g,) sixty-four h, (64 h,) sixty-four i, (64 i,) sixty-four j, (64 j,) sixty-four k, (64 k,) sixty-four l, (64 l,) sixty-four m, (64 m,) sixty-four n, (64 n,) sixty-four o, (64 o,) lying between Inwood Street (formerly Hudson Avenue) and New Street, as shown on said map, fronting together one hundred fifty feet (150) on said Inwood Street, and being marked in blue as lot or parcel 5 (five) on said map. Together with all the right, title, and interest of the parties hereto in said streets lying adjacent to and in front of said lots, up to the centre of said streets.

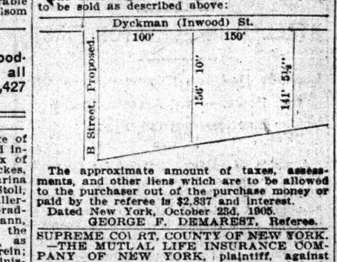
Dated New York, October 23d, 1905.
GEORGE F. DEMAREST, Referee.
JOHN H. JUDGE, Attorney for Plaintiff, 29 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ALBERT P. FOWLER, guardian ad litem of infant defendants, 504 Dillaye Memorial Building, Syracuse, N. Y.

LEONARD C. CROUCH, Attorney for Edward B. Judson, as administrator and as general guardian of infant defendants, 504 Dillaye Memorial Building, Syracuse, N. Y.

HENRY J. WEHLE, Attorney for defendant, Francis A. Thayer, 29 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above:



The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $2,837 and interest.

Dated New York, October 23d, 1905.
GEORGE F. DEMAREST, Referee.

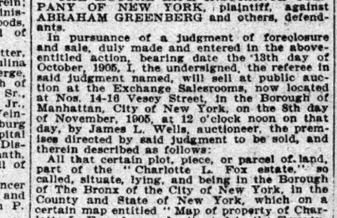
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, plaintiff, against ABRAHAM GREENBERG and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 13th day of October, 1905, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesrooms, now located at Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of November, 1905, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, part of the "Charlotte L. Fox estate," so called, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of The Bronx, in the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, which on a certain map entitled "Map of property of Charlotte L. Fox, deceased, situated in the Twenty-third Ward, Borough of The Bronx, N. Y. City," dated May first, A. D. 1899, made by John G. Van Horne, civil engineer and city surveyor, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York, by the number Three hundred and six, on the ninth day of May, A. D. 1900, is shown as being contained in Block Number 2,734, and is distinguished by the color brown and designated by the number Four, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the point or corner formed by the intersection of the southeasterly side of West Farms Road, with the northerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Street; running thence northeasterly and along said southeasterly side of West Farms Road, one hundred and eighteen feet and ninety one-hundredths of a foot; thence southeasterly and parallel with the said northerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Street, sixty-three feet and seven one-hundredths of a foot; thence southerly, and parallel with Bryant Place, one hundred feet to said northerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Street; and thence westerly, and along said northerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Street, one hundred and thirty-five feet and eight one-hundredths of a foot to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, October 16th, 1905.
CHARLES S. GUGGENHEIMER, Referee.
RUSSELL & PERCY, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 32 Nassau St., New York City.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is twenty thousand seven hundred and thirty-six and 11-100 ($20,736.11) dollars, with interest thereon from the 13th day of October, 1905, together with costs and allowances amounting to three hundred thirty-one and 28-100 ($331.23) dollars, with interest from October 15th, 1905, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is sixty-nine and 83-100 ($69.83) dollars and interest.

Dated New York, October 16th, 1905.
CHARLES S. GUGGENHEIMER, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—FERDINAND N. MONJO and another, plaintiffs, against GEORGE A. WIDMAYER and others, defendants:

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 3d day of October, 1905, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 14th day of November, 1905, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the real property directed by the said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-second Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of West Sixty-first Street, distant three hundred and seventy-one (371) feet (10) ten inches westerly from the northwest corner of Columbus (formerly Ninth) Avenue and West Sixty-first Street, and running thence northerly and parallel with Columbus Avenue one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly and parallel with West Sixty-first Street and along the centre line of the block twenty-four (24) feet; thence southerly and parallel with Columbus Avenue one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the northerly side of West Sixty-first Street, and thence easterly along the northerly line or side of West Sixty-first Street twenty-four (24) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, October 20, 1905.
SAMUEL H. ORDWAY, Referee.
EUGENE L. BUSHE, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 150 Broadway, New York City.
JAY & CANDLER, CARDOZO & NATHAN, ROBERT B. HONEYMAN, T. M. TYNG, E. S. CALDWELL, Attorneys for Defendants.

The following is a diagram of the said parcel of land:

Dated New York, October 21, 1905.
SAMUEL H. ORDWAY, Referee.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

ESELGROTH, ELIZA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZA ESELGROTH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Fred. V. Mayforth, No. 90 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the fifth day of March, 1906.—Dated New York, the 20th day of August, 1905. THEODORE HAAS, Executor. FRED. V. MAYFORTH, Attorney for Executor, 90 Nassau, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

WISE, MORRIS S.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MORRIS S. WISE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Wise & Lichtenstein, No. 40 Exchange Place, in the City of New York, on or before the 24 day of March next.—Dated New York, the first day of September, 1905. KATIE WISE, Executrix. WISE & LICHTENSTEIN, Attorneys for Executrix, 40 Exchange Place, N. Y. City.

AUTUMN RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY.
Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY,

The famous Fall, Winter and Spring Resort.

LAUREL HOUSE

D. P. Simpson, Asst. Manager. A. J. Murphy, Manager.

BARTLETT INN,

LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Thoroughly modern; quiet, refined, homelike. Terms moderate. Write for illustrated booklet.

Atlantic City.

CHALFONTE

On the Beach. Fireproof.
Always Open.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

HOTEL TRAYMORE,

Overlooking the ocean. Open all year.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.,
Chas. O. Marquette, Manager. D. S. White, President.

SEASIDE HOUSE.

Best location on the ocean front. Complete. Modern.
F. P. COOK & SON.

HOTEL RUDOLF. Open all year. Ocean front. Central. Hot and cold sea and fresh water baths. Special Fall and Winter rates. N. Y. office 289 4th Av. Tele. 6246 Gramercy. C. R. MYERS.

Brown's Mills.

THE INN.

BROWN'S MILLS IN-THE-PINES, N. J.
Driest Climate in the East.
Four through trains daily between New York and Brown's Mills. Write for booklet.

Plainfield.

Plainfield Sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J. Located Watchung Mountains. Chronic and nervous cases. No insane. Open all the year. Booklet. Telephone 84.

VIRGINIA.

THE VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS CO.

Have opened an office at
NO. 243 FIFTH AVE.
FOR THE
HOMESTEAD HOTEL
and the sale of
HEALING SPRINGS WATER.
Telephone—2214 Madison Square.

MEDITERRANEAN TOURS

Special Fall Tours to ITALY, the RIVIERA, PARIS and LONDON leave New York Oct. 14, Nov. 11, 30, Dec. 7.

$395 FARES INCLUDING ALL EXPENSES $475

Descriptive Programmes on application.

THOS. COOK & SON,
261 AND 1185 BROADWAY, 649 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK.
125 Offices Abroad. Established 1841.

ANCHOR LINE.

Glasgow via Londonderry.

Astoria...Oct. 28, 3 P.M. Furnessia..Nov.11, noon
Columbia..Nov. 4, 1 P.M. Caledonia..Nov. 18, noon
Cabin $50, $60 and $75. Steerage $27.50 and upward, according to accommodation and steamship. For Tours and information apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 & 19 Broadway.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line

Sailing from Pier 64, North River, ft. of 34th St., for Naples and Genoa.
Nord America...Oct. 29 Citta di Torino...Nov. 15
Cabin $55 up. Excursion $100 on promenade Deck.
Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 29 Wall St.

CLARK'S CRUISE TO THE ORIENT

and Mediterranean, including Spain, by specially chartered S.S. Arabic, 16,000 tons, starts Feb. 8th. A cruise of 70 days, spending 19 days in Palestine and Egypt, costing only $400 and up, including shore excursions, hotels, drives, fees and all necessary expenses. For illustrated Descriptive Booklet address FRANK C. CLARK, 96 Broadway, New York. Round the World parties start Nov. 8th and Dec. 7th.

OLD DOMINION LINE

DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinners Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West.
Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26, N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M.
R. B. Walker, Vice Pres. & Traffic Mgr.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., TOURS & TICKETS, 25 UNION SQUARE N.Y.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, STATE OF NEW YORK, County of New York.—MARY CLARKE AHEARN, plaintiff, against THOMAS SANDERS and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 9th day of October, 1905, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 10th day of October, 1905, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of November, 1905, at twelve o'clock on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Esq., auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situate, lying, and being on the northerly side of East Sixtieth Street, in the Nineteenth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Sixtieth Street, distant one hundred and fifty (150) feet easterly from the northeasterly corner of Second Avenue and Sixtieth Street; running thence northerly, parallel with Second Avenue, one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the northerly side of Sixtieth Street, and thence easterly, along said northerly side of Sixtieth Street, twenty-five (25) feet to the place of beginning.

Dated New York, October 17th, 1905.
HENRY W. BOOKSTAVER, Referee.
WASHINGTON BRAUNS, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 99 Nassau Street, New York City.
LACHMAN & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Defendant, Juliet M. Hotchkiss, No. 35 Nassau Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the premises referred to in the foregoing notice of sale:

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, or other liens or rates is $1,186.19, with interest, such amount to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee.

Dated New York, October 17th, 1905.
HENRY W. BOOKSTAVER, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—EDUARD LEISSNER, plaintiff, against CHARLES E. TURNER and Mabel C. Turner, his wife, Frank M. Wright and Mary Wright, his wife, the name Mary being fictitious, her real name being unknown to plaintiff; Homer E. Coundouris and Katherine Coundouris, his wife, the name Katherine being fictitious, her real name being unknown to plaintiff; Anna I. Magher, William L. Rathbun, Otto A. Wegener, Henry Schuls, Otto Becker, Bendrich Masanek, Carrie T. Berger, Joseph K. Jank, Thomas Goldberg, Thomas S. Schuster, and Bohm Pearl Button Works, defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New York, August 24th, 1905.

CHARLES FORSTER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Post Office address and office No. 29 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Mary Wright, wife of Franklin H. Wright, the name Mary being fictitious, her real name being unknown to plaintiff, one of the defendants.

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Charles H. Truax, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 26th day of September, 1905, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York.—Dated September 21st, 1905.

CHAS. FORSTER,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 29 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

"America's Greatest Railroad."

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE SIX-TRACK TRUNK LINE OF AMERICA.

MAIN STEM OF THE

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Operating more than twelve thousand miles of railway east of Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati.

This is the Direct Line from New York & Boston to Niagara Falls

and to the West, the Northwest and the Southwest by way of the great cataract and Chicago, St. Louis or Cincinnati.

Trains depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:

North and west-bound trains, except those leaving at 8.30 A. M., 1.57, 3.30, 3.40, 11.30 P. M., will stop at 125th Street to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

12.10 A. M.—†MIDNIGHT EXPRESS.
8.30 A. M.—†EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world.
8.45 A. M.—*24 HOURS to Chicago.
10.20 A. M.—*DAY EXPRESS.
12.50 P. M.—*MAIL.
1.57 P. M.—†THE SECOND EMPIRE.
2.04 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED.
3.04 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED.
3.30 P. M.—*THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED. To Chicago in 18 hours, via New York Central and Lake Shore.
3.40 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER.
4.00 P. M.—*HUDSON RIVER SPECIAL.
4.30 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS, BAY CITY, AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5.20 P. M.—*FAST MAIL. For Albany.
5.30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED—23½ hour train to Chicago

THE NEW YORK TIMES invites information from its readers in aid of its efforts to exclude from its columns fraudulent and objectionable advertisements. All information will be treated confidentially.

Advertisements for THE NEW YORK TIMES may be left at or telephoned to the following offices: Main, Times Square, (Subway Station in building.) (1368-38th); Morlem, (96 Morningside.) 125 West 125th Street; Downtown, (2095 John.) 8 Spruce Street, near Nassau Street; Wall Street, (611 Broad.) 39 Broad Street, or any advertising office.

LOST AND FOUND.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—A diamond crescent pin, Saturday, Oct. 21, in the Academy of Music or between there and 103d St. and Amsterdam Av.; Subway and cars used; liberal reward for same or pawn ticket; no questions asked. G. H. Boyce, 154 West 93d St.

LOST—On Wednesday, Oct. 18, between Herald Square and 5th Av. and 40th St., gold chain, with lorgnette attached; finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same or pawn ticket to Room 70, Astor Court, 20 West 34th St.

LOST.—Roll of manuscript, typewritten on printed letterhead, in going from Staten Island to New York via ferry and Subway. Suitable reward for prompt return to Coe-Mortimer Co., 132 Front St.

LOST.—12:25 noon train Lackawanna South Orange local, fob, plain gold buckle and bell-shaped gold and cameo seal. If returned Room 705, 18 Broadway, New York, reward paid.

LOST.—Between 91st Subway and 294 West 93d, a pear-shaped turquois pin with diamond setting; liberal reward; no questions asked. Write J. E. Taylor, 50 Broadway, N. Y.

LOST.—Black hand bag, containing papers, gilt mirror and powder box, handkerchiefs, &c.; lost either in Erie Railroad car or in hansom. Reward of $20 if returned to 9 East 12th St.

LOST. — Bankbook No. 469,695, Seaman's Bank for Savings, 74 and 76 Wall St., New York; payment stopped and cancellation applied for; please return to bank.

LOST.—Russian wolf hound puppy, with collar and leash attached; black and white. Return private stable, 169 West 89th; suitable reward.

LOST.—$25 reward for return of fox terrier, white body, brown head; 1904 license No. 4,944. Derricks, 402 West 158d St. 'Phone 3407 Morningside.

LOST.—Gold ring with three pearls and two diamonds; reward for same or pawn ticket; no questions asked. Van Liew, 102 West 94th St.

LOST—Bowknot diamond pin Saturday night on Columbus Av., near 59th St.; liberal reward if returned to Lambert, 403 West 57th St.

LOST.—Gentleman's diamond scarf pin; single stone; about 1½ karat; liberal reward. N., Box 104 Times Downtown.

LOST.—On Oct. 24, 1905, about 8:15 P. M., a package of papers; reward. George W. Weill, 320 Broadway.

LOST—Bank book No. 92,392, the New York Savings Bank; payment stopped; finder please return to bank.

LOST.—A silver purse; finder is welcome to the money if purse is returned to 129 West 93d St.

$10 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of golden skye female, six months old; disappeared Oct. 6 from 150 West 97th St.

BOARDERS WANTED.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

13TH ST., 135 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, $5 to $6; excellent table; bath, hot water.

14TH ST., 213 WEST.—Large and small rooms; very clean; excellent table board; terms moderate.

14TH ST., 324 WEST.—Elegant rooms, suitable for two or more; excellent board; reasonable.

21ST ST., 17, 19, 21 WEST, The Savage, Near 5th Av.—Desirable rooms for gentlemen and families; parlor dining room; separate tables; table guests; transients accommodated; telephone; references.

21D ST., 39 EAST.—Desirable large rooms and hall rooms, with board; references.

24TH ST., 45 EAST, Near Madison Av.—Fine second floor suite, with board; private bath and dining room; steam heated; rooms for gentlemen; table guests accommodated; references.

41D, 41 WEST.—Rooms, opposite Bryant Park, with or without board; gentlemen; references.

44TH ST., 117 WEST.—Handsomely furnished small rooms; private bath; superior board; references.

45TH, 93 WEST.—Permanent guests desired; attractive rooms; superior table; near park, L. and Subway.

46TH ST., 50 EAST.—Attractive large room; dressing room, second floor; also sunny fourth floor room; parlor dining; permanent only; reference.

49TH, 173 EAST.—Room, excellent table; suitable gentlemen or couple; also table board; references.

51D ST., 58 WEST.—Desirable floor, large sunny communicating rooms, with private bath; rooms for gentlemen; table board; references exchanged.

51D, 171 EAST.—Nicely furnished front hall room; excellent board; home comforts; Jewish family.

56TH ST. 114 WEST.—Boarders wanted in handsomely furnished private house; high class in every respect; gentlemen preferred; references.

61D ST., 163 WEST.—Medium-size room, sunny, for young couple, gentlemen; select home; reasonable.

62D ST., 165 WEST.—Desirable sunny room, suitable for two; all improvements; homelike table; references.

64TH, 14 WEST.—Double room, with board, to two business persons, $12; table guests.

101 WAVERLEY PLACE, corner Washington Square North.—Beautiful furnished steam heated rooms, single or en suite; superior table; homelike surroundings; references.

111TH, 161 WEST.—Large front room, with or without board; private family. Neiman.

182D ST., 265 WEST.—Large room in private house; suitable two; hot and cold running water, closets; excellent table; telephone.

A.—Elegantly furnished apartment, private bath; with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

MADISON AV., 187, Near 84th St.—Clean rooms; perfect cooking; dainty service.

MADISON AV., 118, Near 30th St.—Large and small rooms; first-class table; telephone.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696, (61st St.)—Double and single rooms; high-class board.

Brooklyn.

REMSEN ST., 151, Brooklyn.—Two large sunny rooms; small room; first-class board; gentlemen only.

SOUTH ELLIOTT PLACE, 50.—Large sunny room, all conveniences; also hall room; excellent table.

New Jersey.

85 FREMONT ST., BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Pleasant rooms, with board; good location; convenient and reasonable for permanent. Tel. 1210.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

19TH, 14 WEST.—Pleasant sunny furnished rooms; hot and cold water; every convenience.

24TH ST., 119 EAST.—Clean house, attractive room; tiled bathroom, shower bath; gentlemen; references.

35TH ST., 11 WEST.—Two well furnished single rooms; best of service; telephone.

37TH ST., 29 WEST.—Very desirable large and small rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; references.

37TH ST., 36 WEST.—For gentlemen, desirable rooms, southern exposure, in refined, well-kept house.

39TH, 43 WEST.—Single, double rooms, with baths; bachelor apartments; physician's office; breakfast; telephone; references.

41ST, 4 EAST.—Desirable large room, private bath; small room bath adjoining; exclusively bachelors.

43D, 125 WEST.—Double and single rooms; fine surroundings; caterer on premises; very accessible for Subway; elevated or surface roads.

43D ST., 13 EAST, Opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Very desirable front room, with private bath; telephone.

45TH ST., 130 EAST.—Private, high-class house; will let hall bedroom; southern exposure; scrupulously clean; gentleman only; references

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Attractive parlor and bedroom, with private bath; high-class house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

46TH, 132 WEST.—Parlor floor to let, three rooms deep; running water; small rooms.

46TH ST., 41 WEST.—Two nicely furnished rooms and bath; will divide; gentlemen only; reference.

46TH, 49 WEST.—Hall room, light and airy, $2.50 per week.

47TH, 113 WEST.—Furnished, a large alcove room; private house; reference.

48TH, 327 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms to let in private house; references.

51ST ST., 351 WEST.—Back parlor, hall room; nicely furnished and well heated; select neighborhood.

63D ST., 108 WEST.—Large, small, for couple or two gentlemen; also large front parlor.

64TH, 148 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; quiet house; superior table; homelike; telephone; references exchanged.

65TH ST., 40 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished front room; also hall room. Moore.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

70TH ST., 33 WEST. (near Central Park West.)—Large room, newly and handsomely furnished; southern exposure; all conveniences; references.

70TH, 319 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with first-class board; homelike surroundings; private house.

75TH ST., 101 WEST.—Attractive, cheerful rooms; homelike surroundings; elevator apartment; moderate.

75TH, 250 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, facing Broadway; board; home cooking; reasonable. Venable.

81D ST., 45 WEST.—Sunny room, adjoining bath, for gentlemen; reasonable.

83D ST., 35 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; baths adjoining; private house; references.

83D ST., 41 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second-story front room, with alcove; strictly private family.

84TH ST., 44 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; all conveniences; private house; telephone; reasonable.

86TH, 308 WEST, near Riverside Drive.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single and en suite; telephone, porcelain baths, and modern in appointment; also rear parlor, suitable for doctor's office; gentlemen only.

86TH ST., 243 EAST.—Nice room, well heated, in private house, for gentleman; reference.

87D ST., 75 WEST.—Sunny parlor and bedroom; handsomely furnished; piano; bath adjoining; reasonable. Jewett.

94TH ST., 173 WEST.—Desirable furnished room, with bath; ample closet room; moderate; private family.

103D ST., 11 WEST.—To party gentlemen; adjoining rooms; parlor, alcove; telephone; piano; steam. Blair.

103D ST., 132 WEST.—Front, back room; closets; housekeeping; running water, private house; all trains.

104TH ST., 216 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, heated rooms; single or en suite; moderate; private. Bennett.

105TH ST., 76 WEST.—Large front room, suitable two; all conveniences; private house; L station.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; delightful air; view Hudson; steam heat; elevator; Subway. Haynes.

143D ST., 216 WEST.—Comfortably heated room reasonable to refined gentleman. Caswell.

A.—Elegantly furnished apartment, private bath; with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

GRAMERCY PARK, 22-23.—Parlors, conveniences; large room; private bath; the latter gentleman only.

LEXINGTON AV., 689.—Large and small newly furnished rooms, running water, bath, heated.

MADISON AV., 1,004.—Suite of two handsome sunny rooms and bath, comprising entire floor; furnished, $900 yearly; unfurnished, $540; references exchanged.

UPPER WEST SIDE.—One or two well furnished rooms; strictly private house; gentlemen only; references exchanged. A. B., Box 314 Times, Times Square.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 161.—Exceptional opportunity for gentlemen; suite of two bedrooms and Turkish sitting room; river view; convenient to ferries; 15 minutes to City Hall, N. Y.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—One block from Wall St. Ferry; elegantly furnished large and small rooms for gentlemen; convenient to New York.

REMSEN ST., 166, (Brooklyn.)—Single room and a large double sunny room.

ST. JAMES PLACE, 258, Brooklyn.—Large sunny room; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

GENTLEMAN desires room and bath, west side, near Subway station; breakfast and dinner; state price. West, Box 313 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG LADY desires furnished or unfurnished room with private family. Kindergarten, Box 315 Times, Times Square.

WANTED, by three ladies, two pleasant rooms with refined private family, without board. Box 1,068 Times, Harlem.

HELP WANTED.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

Females.

COOKS and LAUNDRESSES, chambermaids and waitresses, nurses, laundresses and chambermaids, kitchenmaids, cooks, general housework, couples, 35. St. Bartholomew's Bureau, 211 East 42d St.

WANTED — A smart, capable, Protestant young lady, age 20 to 25, experienced cashier; positively unnecessary to apply unless experienced and capable; call 9 o'clock. Cyphers Incubator Co., 23 Barclay St.

WANTED—Competent Irish or English cook, also an excellent laundress, for Washington; both must thoroughly understand their work; references required. Wild's Employment Bureau, 28 West 33d St.

WANTED—A young lady for addressing department; pleasant work and good salary to person with recommendations as to experience, ability, and character. S., P. O. Box 1,130 New York.

WANTED—Sales ladies for men's furnishing goods department; also boys' clothing department. Baldwin the Clothier, 380 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Domestics for all departments household work for out-of-town families. Miss Curry's Bureau, 27 East 22d St. Tel. 5346 Gramercy.

WANTED—An elderly lady desires a companion. Address, with references, W., Box 313 Times, Times Square.

Males.

BRADLEY & SMITH, BRUSH MANUFACTURERS, 251 PEARL ST., WANT EXPERIENCED PAN HANDS; HIGHEST PRICES PAID; TRADE UNION FACTORY.

COMPOSITORS WANTED. — Linotype operators, Monotype keyboard and caster operators, job compositors, make-up and stone hands, and proofreaders to work nine hours per day in open shops in Philadelphia; guaranteed permanent positions at scale to competent men. Apply W 219 Times Downtown.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity for men who can sell New York building lots in any part of the country, cash or installments, on admittedly best plots on market; agents making from $3,500 to $25,000 yearly; only first-class men with references. A. R., Box 165 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Compositors, Stone Hands, and Make-up Men; "Open Shop"; Highest Salary; Permanent Position; Additional Bonus for Faithful Services; New York Vicinity and Western Points. Call or Address Room 1,320, 320 Broadway.

WANTED—DESIGNER AND PATTERN CUTTER; OUT OF TOWN; LARGE CONCERN; WHOLESALE. C. D., BOX 318 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

WANTED—Advertising solicitors; two more first-class men capable of producing results can find an unusually good opening on The New York Realty Journal by applying from 9 to 10 or 4 to 5, 220 Broadway, seventh floor, Room K.

WANTED—Men and boys to earn $5 day, after two months' instruction; position guaranteed; special tuition half price, few days only. Coyne Bros. Co. Plumbing Schools, 239 10th Av., New York; Cincinnati, Ohio; St. Louis, Mo.; Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—For an established business, a representative to visit manufacturers in New York and nearby towns on money-making proposition. The Manufacturers' Red Book Publishing Co., 225 4th Av., New York City.

WANTED—Experienced men's and children's clothing salesman; salary no object to the right man. Baldwin the Clothier, 380 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WANTED — Experienced stenographer; one capable and accurate. Address, giving salary expected. R. L., Box 324 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Boys to do general office work; must be neat and industrious; chance for advancement. A. S., Box 850 Times, Times Sq.

WANTED — Gentlemen's furnishing goods salesman, experienced. Baldwin the Clothier, 380 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Boy in Wall St. law office; $3 weekly to commence. Blackstone, Box 165 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Boys 16 to 18 to learn good trade in the arts and crafts. J. A. Whaley & Co., 316 6th Av.

WANTED—Boys. Baldwin the Clothier, 380 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
5c. a line each insertion; 7 words to line.

Females.

CHAMBERMAID or WAITRESS.—By young girl as chambermaid or waitress in private family; best city references. 246 East 55th.

COOK.—Swedish; for Florida, private family; $30. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,417.

DRESSMAKER.—By artistic French dressmaker, designer, engagments by day in private families; specialty, evening gowns. Mlle. Marguerite, 36 West 61st St.

GOVERNESS. — German, English; music and kindergarten work. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,418.

GOVERNESS.—Young Swiss; speaks French, German, and has diploma for kindergarten. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,419.

SUE LAWSON'S OLD FIRM.

Executors of Edward Cooper Want $171,206 from Bay State Gas.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, signed an order yesterday granting permission to Edith D. Bryce, Lloyd S. Bryce, John E. Parsons, and E. T. Bedell, as executors of Edward Cooper, to bring an action, in conjunction with United States Marshal Henkel, against the former firm of Lawson, Weidenfeld & Co., composed of Thomas W. Lawson and Camille Weidenfeld, to recover $171,206, alleged to be due to the complainants from the Bay State Gas Company of Delaware.

According to the bill of complaint, filed yesterday, in 1899 Edward Cooper and Abram S. Hewitt sold to the Bay State Gas Company the capital stock of the Trenton Water Power Company, receiving $25,000 in cash, the remaining $135,000 of the purchase price to be paid within ninety days. This latter sum, it is alleged, has never been paid. The suit is to recover that amount, with interest.

When the Lawson firm dissolved and Weidenfeld became the liquidating partner, the firm refused to turn over the securities until a lien for money advanced for the gas company had been settled. The total value of the securities far exceeds the amount of both the Weidenfeld and Cooper claims.

MAY UPSET THE RUSSIAN LOAN

Revolutionaries Warn Foreign Bankers Against Lending Money.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—The great strike promises to delay and possibly to interrupt the negotiations for a new Russian loan.

The foreign bankers who are here do not seem to be greatly disturbed by the situation, although they are constantly in receipt of letters from the revolutionists warning them that if they arrange a loan without the consent of the National Assembly it will be repudiated. Nevertheless they are not disposed to close with the Government until the situation has cleared up.

The fact that the strike may jeopardize the success of the loan is one of the most potent weapons in the hands of the opponents of the Government, and makes the foreign bankers the unconscious allies of the advocates of far-reaching reforms.

WOMAN PHYSICIAN BANKRUPT.

Owes $4,999, and Possesses $2.60 Cash —Servant Girls Creditors.

Mary J. McCleery, a physician, of 148 West Thirty-fourth Street, has filed, a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,999 and assets of $2.60 cash in bank. The debts are for goods of every description, rent, gas, telephone, work, &c. She owes $712 to four servant girls for wages. Among the creditors are the Bibliophile Society, $200; Athenaeum Society, $250; Groller Society, $120; Cambridge Society, $40, and the National Alumnae Society, $100.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
5c. a line each insertion; 7 words to line.

Females.

GOVERNESS, &c.—German nursery governess, or nurse and maid to half-grown children. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,424.

INFANT'S NURSE.—Young; English; long and excellent reference. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,426.

INFANT'S NURSE.—Thoroughly experienced; Swedish. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,387.

INFANT'S NURSE.—Thoroughly experienced; Scotch. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,404.

LADY'S MAID.—Experienced; Swedish; good seamstress. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,847.

LAUNDRESS.—Irish; head laundress; $35. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,425.

LAUNDRESS.—Swedish; $30. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,282.

NURSE.—Young Swiss; can speak French. Protective Service Club, 150 5th Av. File 11,307.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.—A young lady who has spent years in the study of scientific physical culture, and who has the indorsement of the best physicians of New York, desires a few ladies as clients. Physical Culture, Box 313 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; office assistant; expert penman; rapid figurer; experienced publishing and insurance; lives with parents; no agency; willing; reliable; $9. Miss Hellbrunn, Box 170 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Experienced in publishing, law; refined appearance; good penman; excellent speller; will go on trial; $7-$8. Miss Levy, Box 100 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — One year's experience; neat; accurate; rapid; American parentage; reference; $7-$8. Accuracy, 180 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A thoroughly experienced and capable business woman; rapid, accurate, conscientious; references; $15. Thorough, Box 144 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, OFFICE assistant; beginner; want $6 if I can earn it; neat appearance; no agency. Miss Wilson, Box 190 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, OFFICE Assistant.—Accurate and rapid on machine; good penman; age 19; $6. Miss S., Box 165 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Five years' experience; rapid, accurate, conscientious; best references; $12. Responsible, Box 155 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Three years' experience; rapid, accurate; general office assistant; best references; $10. Neatness, Box 138 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, neat, accurate; office experience; salary $7; highest references. A., Box 169 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years with one firm; educated, refined, personnally, competent. Helen Seymour, Central Delivery.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Experience; $8. J. S. S., Box 139 Times Downtown.

Males.

A YOUNG MAN, (19,) of good family, education, and address, able to furnish excellent references, desires a position with responsible firm in any line of business; has had two years' newspaper and legal experience, and is anxious to obtain position which will put him in the way of earning a fair living and holding out chances of advancement; capable, energetic, and reliable, one who stays with his work until it is finished. W Box 314 Times, Times Square.

A GENTLEMAN, 36, having 18 years' commercial and banking experience, acquired in responsible positions with largest houses here and abroad, is desirous of suitably connecting himself with strong concern; over seven years in present situation. For further details address A., Box 102 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT desires work anywhere at moderate terms; books written up, statements prepared, systems devised, special and periodical audits, cursory or thorough examinations, organization of corporations, partnership settlements, bankruptcy accounting; advice in business practice and commercial law free. Artemas R. Hopkins, One Madison Av., New York.

ACCOUNTANT solicits work anywhere at lowest consistent terms; special and periodical audits and investigations made, books written up, tatements prepared, systems devised, and complications adjusted; fres consultation. W. E. Walter, 160 Nassau St., New York.

ACCOUNTANT wishes work evenings and Sundays; monthly audits, statements, systems devised, &c.; excellent references; terms moderate. Accountant, 74 Hicks St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Corporation accounting, examinations, audits, statements, systems devised, &c.; references; terms moderate. R., Box 115 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Accountant, 29; opening, closing, systematizing accounts; moderate rate. Accountant," 148 East 58th St.

CLERK, &c.—Young man, (24,) as clerk or office assistant; good references. Chas. Kessler, 182 Willis Av.

HEAD BOOKKEEPER.—Confidential man in large house desires change; highest credentials for strict integrity, ability; 29; married; temperate. Box 1,022 Times, Harlem.

HOUSEMAN.—Married; strictly sober, reliable, competent, general useful man in private family; attend to furnaces; highest recommendations. Kennedy, 49 East 112th St.

REAL ESTATE.—Young man 25, energetic, courteous, good appearance, wants to get in the business. F. A. R., 305 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—A gentleman, (single,) of 15 years' business experience, desires to represent reliable business house, as salesman; position giving promise of advancement considered more than salary received at start; excellent references. C. R. Box 314 Times, Times Sq.

SALESMAN.—Fertilizer salesman, with five years' experience, desires connection with some reliable fertilizer concern; can give first-class references and bond if necessary. Fertilizer, Box 166 Times Downtown.

SECOND MAN.—English; 24; height 6 feet; 18 months' excellent American reference. J. S., Chelsea Square Hotel, 10th Av. and 21st St.

VALET, &c.—As valet or servant to gentleman; Englishman, aged 25; good references. J. Childs, 25 East 60th st.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Most healthful leavener in the world. Goes farther.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MOSS'S RAIDERS HACK INTO BIG POOLROOM

And Catch 351 Panic-stricken Men in Great Loft.

STALLED IN ELEVATOR FIRST

Lookout Had the Engineer Turn Off the Power—Ten Arrests in Injunction-Guarded Place.

A score of raiders, headed by Counsel Frank Moss and Supt. McClintock of the Society for the Prevention of Crime, hacked and smashed into a poolroom in a large loft on the third floor of a factory building in Marion Street, between Spring and Prince, late yesterday afternoon, and surprised 351 men in the elaborately fitted up place. The crowd made frantic efforts to get out, but failed to until the raiders had arrested ten men, for seven of whom warrants were granted by Magistrate Wahle in the Tombs Court earlier in the afternoon.

A crowd gathered outside and blocked traffic until the Mulberry Street police reserves came out.

The place has been protected by a temporary injunction granted by Justice Marean in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn on May 16. This restrained Acting Capt. Eggers and Capt. Martens of the Mulberry Street Station from interfering with it. According to Mr. Moss and Supt. McClintock, Detectives Shortell and Hartman have visited the place every day for the last three weeks, and have made bets on the races.

The raiders drove up to a corner near the building in a big covered truck, aboard which were three eighteen-pound sledges, twelve five-pound hammers, and four axes. Then McClintock called up Police Headquarters and informed Acting Capt. Costigan of McAdoo's Vice Squad of the intended raid. Costigan, accompanied by Detectives Hamilton, Murray, Johnson, and Sussillo, hurried to the corner, held a hurried council of war, and then started with the raiders in the truck for the building.

The "lookout" in front of the place was taken unawares. He was puffing on his pipe and unconscious of impending danger, when he was seized. He tried to cry out, but a hand quickly covered his mouth. Everything had run so smoothly that the raiders decided to ride to the third floor in the elevator, but preparations were taken to leave a couple of detectives down stairs. Word somehow reached another "lookout" that detectives were ascending in the elevator. He rushed to the engineer in the basement and told him to shut off the elevator power. The engineer, led to believe that some accident had occurred, quickly obeyed instructions. Frank Moss, McClintock, and the detectives in the elevator were chagrined when the elevator suddenly stopped between the second and third floors.

"Somethin' wrong," said the elevator runner, when the car would not respond to the lever. "Guess she's broke down." Then he impressively cursed the elevator. It took the stalled raiding party several minutes to realize that they had been fooled, but a detective down stairs caught on, rushed to the engine room, and made the engineer turn on the power. Then up the elevator went.

The great loft was a fortress. The main door was backed with heavy sheets of iron and with steel bars, and the detectives had to work hard and fast before the door yielded to the sledges, hammers, and crowbars. Meanwhile there was a lot of excitement inside. The 351 men were making frantic efforts to escape, and scores tried to get out of the windows at once. When the heavily barricaded door at last went in with a crash a hundred or more men made a rush to get through it. Moss told his men to draw their revolvers, and they did, flourishing them and threatening to shoot.

Before the ratio had subsided Hartman and Shortwell went through the crowd and picked out the men they wanted. The names of the rest were taken. The elevator man, Joseph Burck, was arrested later.

The loft was partitioned off, and in one corner were hundreds of boxes of goods. The detectives say these were put there for a ruse. At one end of the loft was a spacious office, where ten men were kept busy recording bets, "writing sheet," and chalking up the names of winning horses. On the walls, clear around the loft, were racing sheets, charts, and pictures, while an immense blackboard bore the names of the entries. The detectives confiscated all this stuff, along with a Morse telegraph instrument and other racing paraphernalia. The place was fitted up in elaborate style.

The place was raided several times by Eggers, when he was in command of the Vice Squad, and by Capt. Martens, but in every instance the prisoners were discharged for lack of evidence. Then an injunction was granted by Justice Marean.

QUIZ ABOUT MORTGAGE TAX.

Realty Organization Trying to Learn Attitude of Assembly Candidates.

The Allied Real Estate Interests recently organized for the protection of property owners, and the present aim of which is to obtain the repeal or modification of the mortgage tax law, has sent an inquiry to each of the candidates for the Assembly to ascertain his attitude toward the law. Several replies already received by Allan Robinson, Secretary of the organization, favor its repeal.

VINCENT says

MY Clothes aren't wonder workers—they won't make a hobnailed hostler look like the descendant of a long line of dukes.

But they do lend an air of breeding, of good form, of familiarity with the social graces. For proof, see my English Walking Suits.

$20 to $50.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes.

Broadway 22d Street | Sixth Avenue 12th Street

ANT-I-WET
TRADE MARK REG'D. — ANTI WET — IN GOOD CLOTHES ONLY

Suits at Fifteen Dollars.

THERE is the rub—as Hamlet would say and as all the best retailers have been soliloquizing ever since the rise in woolens. It is easy to manufacture cheap clothing, for shoddy mixtures are cheaper if anything than heretofore.

It is no great effort, even with the advance, to make up nice suits to sell at $20, $25 or $30; but "$15" is the stumbling-block.

Do not take this statement of ours as positive evidence, but look for yourself—go to any good clothier in New York City and see what he has to offer at $15!

You will find few styles. YOU WILL NOT FIND nice and desirable fabrics, nor will you find sizes to fit every proportion. The salesman will show you a suit at $15 if you ask for it, but he will immediately tell you that at $20 or $25 he can show you just about what you want.

This Is Where We Score.

As you come in at the Broadway entrance you will find stack upon stack, comprising three solid sections of Fall and Winter suits made of the most select, and in many instances exclusive, fabrics: Smooth finish cassimirs, fine mixtures, bright Cheviots, Tweeds and last, but most important, Worsteds in a great range of the newest effects and of course blacks in all textures.

Linings of imported serges; other trimmings and accessories of the highest type; workmanship of the "Hope" standard, including handwork in every vital part, not merely on the collars and button holes.

When WE say sizes to fit every form it means this, whether your weight is 150 or 300 lbs., whether you are 5'5" or 6'4," whether you are thin or stout, the suits are here for your selection and you will be fitted without the usual chalking and pinning, delays and disappointments—from this great line at

Fifteen Dollars.

Makers & Sellers.

HOPE — NEW YORK — BROADWAY & CHAMBERS ST. — City Hall Park—North.

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

Stunning Autumn Vests at 2.98

Regular Price 4.00

Custom made Single or Double Breasted.

In plain or fancy flannels, solid Browns—Grey Mauve Silk—White Pique—and fancy woolens with bound edges and flap pockets.

Perrin's 2.00 Gloves, 1.25

Light or heavy weights, spear or silk stitched backs. In light and dark Tans.

1.50 Walking Gloves, 98c.

American made imported skins.

Underwear Bargains a-plenty.

To Our Mutual Interest

ANY MERCHANDISE purchased that is not satisfactory will be exchanged, or your money refunded.

We ask you to assist us in our endeavor to make our establishment a perfect place for you and your friends to trade with implicit confidence.

The above is a reprint from the receipt we give you with your purchase. Ours is surely a sincere guarantee.

Moe Levy & Co.,
119 to 123 Walker St.
Branch at 1457 Broadway.

Gloves, a fine assortment.

New kid gloves imported weekly from our factory, Grenoble, France.

31 years on Broadway.

$1.00, $1.50 the pair.

CENTEMERI

211 Broadway, just above 20th St. Telephone, 1132 Gramercy.

Jules Verne Havana Cigars, better than most imported. 79 Chambers St., upstairs.

LECTURES.

A MEETING WILL BE HELD IN THE interest of the Lebanon Hospital for the Insane of Syria, at Friends' Meeting House, 144 East 20th Street, New York, on sixth day (Friday,) 10th month, 27th, 1905, at 8 P. M. The founder of the hospital, Theophilus Waldmeier, and his wife, will give an account of the work of the institution. All cordially invited. On behalf of the American Committee.

HENRY W. JESSUP.

When a man looks into Fall overcoats he can choose between—

Paddocks, $26 to $45.

Knee lengths in soft worsteds and cheviots, $16 to $32.

Tan coverts, $15 to $32.

Rain coats, $18 to $35.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores.

258	842	1260
at	at	at
Warren st.	13th st.	32nd st.

When a boy peeps in, he finds most boys wearing Fall covert coats, for when covert is good it's about the best wearing as well as the smartest coat for a boy.

Boys' Fall weight covert coats, $9 50 to $12.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores.

258	842	1259
opposite	near	opposite
City Hall.	Union Square.	Greeley Square.

BASS' OCTOBER ALE

The Finest Product of All the Celebrated Bass Brew

Now on Draught at First-Class Hotels, Clubs, Cafes and Restaurants

AMUSEMENTS

KNICKERBOCKER B'way and 38th St. Evgs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. CHARLES FROHMAN presents E. H. SOTHERN and JULIA MARLOWE. LAST 2 NIGHTS and SAT. MAT. The Taming of the Shrew. NEXT WEEK MERCHANT OF VENICE. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

EMPIRE THEATRE, B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. JOHN DREW in Augustus Thomas's Daily Mats. 25c. DE LANCEY. MON., NOV. 6 Seat Sale Thursday, Nov. 2. CHARLES FROHMAN presents MAUDE ADAMS—PETER PAN

HERALD SQ. THEATRE, B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. JOSEPH CAWTHORN in FRITZ IN TAMMANY HALL

LYCEUM THEATRE, 45th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. Just Cut of College. GEORGE ADE'S COMEDY, JOS. WHEELOCK, JR.

DALY'S THEATRE, B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. EDNA MAY The Catch of the Season.

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. MISS MAXINE ELLIOTT in Clyde Fitch's HER GREAT MATCH.

HUDSON THEATRE, 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Robert Loraine in Bernard Shaw's Man & Superman.

SAVOY THEATRE, B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. JAMES K. HACKETT in Alfred Sutro's MARY MANNERING. Walls of Jericho.

PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. Amelia Bingham, Chas. Richman, Isabelle Evesson & All-Star Co. in "School for Scandal." $1, 75c. & 50c. DAILY MATS. 25 & 50c. MATINEE EVERY DAY. 58TH ST. ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE. RICE & COHEN, HARRY TATE'S MOTORING, Emma Carus, Seabrooke & Lowrie. 125TH ST. Messrs. Kelley, McAllister, Misses Morton & Elmore in "THE HOLLOWAYS." 23D ST. Lillian Russell and All-Star Vaudeville. Joseph Hart & Carrie de Mar, 3 Yoscarys, Marcel's Art Studies. Daily Mats. 25 and 50c.

NEW YORK Hippodrome THOMPSON & DUNDY. TRIUMPHANT SENSATION. "THE ROMANCE OF A HINDOO PRINCESS." WITH PLUNGING ELEPHANTS, and AVALANCHE CHUTES ON MARS," including Claire Heliot and Lions and other unrivaled specialists. DAILY MATINEES. SOUSA Sunday, Oct. 29 Seats Now.

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE.
TOBACCO INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION.
POLK MILLER'S MINSTRELS. NAVAL RESERVE BAND. OCTOBER 23D TO 28TH. ADMISSION, 50c.

COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Daily Mats. 25c. Josephine Cohan, Fred Niblo, Pat Rooney & Marion Bent, Chesea Comedy 4, & others.

ALHAMBRA 7th Av. & 126th St. Bargain Matinee Daily. All Seats 25c. Mysterious Mr. Raffles, Miss M. Soga (Jiu Jitsu Expert), Emmett Corrigan & Co., others

MADISON SQ. THEATRE. 24 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. "Good acting & plenty of it."—Alan Dale. Henry E. Dixey in The Man on the Box

JOE WEBER'S THEATRE. B'way, 29th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats